

FIRST SERBIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

*100th Anniversary
Celebration*



SERBIAN & MONTENEGRIN
LITERARY & BENEVOLENT
SOCIETY



FIRST SERBIAN
BENEVOLENT SOCIETY
SAN FRANCISCO

1880-1980

Author
Nicholas V. Vucinich

San Francisco 1980



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***This Book is
Dedicated to the Honor of***

Antonije Vukasovich

Mihail Raskovich

Jovan Jovovich

George S. Martinovich

Jovan Pavkovich

Vladimir Jovovich

Rade Begovich

Krsto Gopceovich

**Founders of
The First Serbian
Benevolent Society**



Lovchen

Inspiration of Freedom

Blago tome Ko dovijek živi imao se rašta i roditi

- Petar Petrovich Njegosh

God Bless America



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Foreward

Give me your tired, your poor, your
huddled masses yearning to breathe
free, the wretched refuse of your
teeming shore. Send these, the home-
less, the tempest-tossed to me. I lift
my lamp beside the Golden Door.

(Inscription on the Statue of Liberty)

Much of the fabric of America's destiny down through the years has been woven by its courageous immigrants, many of whom left their homeland with only pennies in their pockets and a dream in their hearts, men and women who asked for nothing more than the opportunity to share in the building of a great nation in the New World, where an individual could rise to the height of achievement according to his own ability and perseverance and freely hold moral ideals and religious convictions.

Yes, our Nation is unique in the history of mankind, it is a single masterpiece land made mosaic built by many nationalities, religions, cultures ... a land built by immigrants and descendents of immigrants united in their efforts to achieve a better way of life, and united in their desire to share these benefits with people from all parts of the earth.

Should we not be proud that we American Serbs contributed toward this great achievement . From the early Serbian pioneers working in the mines, restaurants and fields, through their descendents who are holding high positions in government, industry, business, religious or social institutions, we left a unique and indelible imprint upon the mosaic of which this Nation is made of. Within it the First Serbian Benevolent Society has a particular

spot, since it modeled a road for other Serbian organizations in America, the most important trail of unifying Serbian communities, preserving heritage, and building the character of the pioneer's brotherhood where exists the recognition of the worth and dignity of each of their fellows.

The founders of the First Serbian Benevolent Society are of course long gone, but the mark of the ideas they bore is still upon the members and those who continue to remember and not overlook the men of great importance whose influence has helped shape our wonderful country.

By celebrating the 100th Anniversary, keeping the memory of those men, and for real understanding and appreciation of their work and efforts, it is our purpose to review some of the conditions and events of early history made by the American Serbs. It was our obligation and duty to collect and preserve as much as possible documentations from our past, living the present to be judged by the future generations.

We were very fortunate to have among third generation of society members, our young Stanford graduated historian, Nicholas Vucinich. It is very seldom to find an American born Serb so well informed and dedicated to the history of the Serbian life in America. Through his knowledge and research work it was possible to publish this book and his pen brings back memories when the cornerstones of the Serbian activities were placed. Our young author accepted this task and completed the book to be ready for the Centennial celebration.

In the name of myself, as President, and all the members of the Centennial committee, we express our appreciation to Nicholas Vucinich and his book

co-chairman, Chedo Ristich, who spent hundreds of hours in collecting, translating and accumulating the membership list.

Within the last decade FSBS made a strong move to regain leadership position and reinstate some of the functions, junior order, scholarship fund, celebration of Krsna Slava, contributions, bulletins, memorial services etc. This was possible only through sound, strong, active and consistent leadership, which is the secret to success in reaching goals of any "people oriented" group, which the full Board of FSBS provided. My special thanks to three people who were of inestimable value to me. My vice-president Lazar J. Krzich, always alive with new ideas for improvement and with whom I shared many happy and sad moments within the Society, but together resolved many obstacles and brought closer the real meaning of Serbian brotherhood. Michael Djordjevich, serving as vice-president treasurer of Firemans' Fund, always finds time to be a constant supporter and as Society treasurer, continually kept us abreast of our financial situation, a tremendous undertaking, yet handled in stride by this excellent businessman in the field of finances. And to Society past president and one of the most active Serbs in any organization Svetozar J. Sherovich. In addition, I express my appreciation to the every member of the Board of Directors; who carries the obligations and duties toward Society beyond expectation: Bob Konevich, Petar Lucich, Miro Medan, Jefto Davidovich, George Alexich, John Girish, Dragan Milojkovich, Deyan Bunjevich and Nick Milicevich.

I am very honored and proud to be a part of this hard working group and the First Serbian Bene-

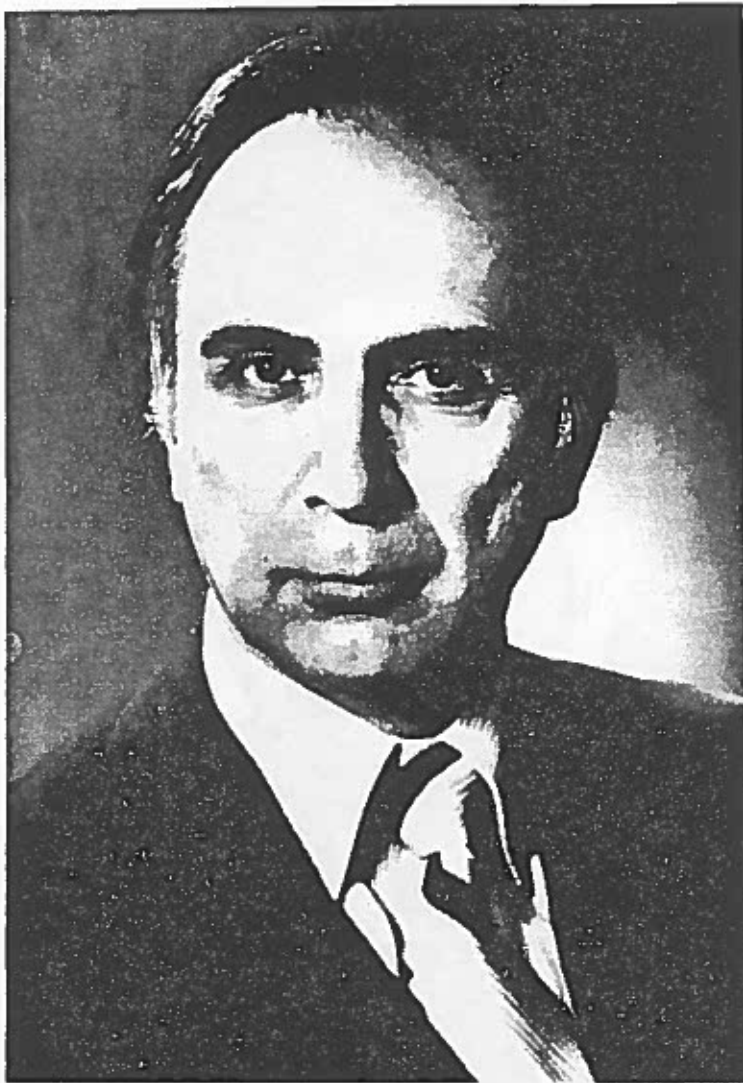
volent Society and all our membership.

The survival of the nation or an organization depends upon the continued renewal of and strengthening the qualities of character that made American Serbs great for over the past hundred years. The world is full of Serbian enemies, individuals who take delight in "tearing down" by spreading gossip, repeating half-truths and rank fabrications. They spread uncertainty and doubt among those who are constantly trying to keep the of freedom and our American - Serbian heritage burning brightly. We hope that this book will be a small candle light to guide those who reject false statements and who respect our great past history, dedication and efforts of the Serbian pioneers, and to stimulate a new awareness of the American-Serbian Heritage.

Let's keep reminding ourselves that the purpose of the First Serbian Benevolent Society is to unite good men of Serbian origin and to continue to build and contribute to a deeper appreciation of what made our country so great, and to renewed vigor in making most effective our basic principles and ideals. One day we all will be gone, but the torch of American Serbs must continue brightly to shine. Remember we build not alone for ourselves, but learning from the past, we build for the generations who will follow us.

May 3, 1980

Milorad V. Golubovich
President FSBS



Milorad V. Golubovich
President



Lazar J. Krzich
Vice President



Michael Djordjevich
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Miroslav Medan
Financial Secretary



Jerome Davidovich
Recording Secretary



Dejan Bunjevich
Sergeant at Arms



Dragan Milojkovich
Conductor



High Degree Dusan Silni
Elected officers for 1980
Petar J. Lucich, President



Nick Milicevich
Recording Secretary



Lazar J. Krzich,
Vice President



Nick Milicevich
Cemetary Secretary



Robert (Bob) Konevich
Trustee



Petar Lucich
Trustee



John S. Girish, Jr.
Trustee



George Alexich
Trustee

Junior Order
of the
First Serbian Benevolent Society



Paul Bunjevich
Secretary



Paul M. Golubovich
President



Dusan Medan
Vice President



Robert Medan



John Krzich Jr.
Fourth Generation
Member of FSBS



John Medan

Organized 1925
Board of Directors
1980



Dejan Bunjevich



Mark Milicevich



William Davidovich

Advisors of Junior Order

FIRST SERBIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY



Nicholas V. Vucinich
Author

Preface

When in November of 1979 I was asked by the President and Vice President of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, Milorad Golubovich and Lazar Krzich to assist in the preparation of a commemorative history for the occasion of the Society's Centennial in May of 1980, I felt honored to be considered for such a task, and excited by the prospect of doing research and writing on a topic that has been of longstanding interest to me. I was also pleased that the oldest Serbian society in America would be the first to publish a historical study on American Serbs.

Within the limited time available it was not possible to produce a complete and comprehensive history of the Serbs in California or of the activities of the First Serbian Benevolent Society. Therefore, many of the worthy accomplishments of the society and its individual members have not been documented. It is hoped, however, that this study provides a perspective of the contributions of the Society and its members to Serbian institutions throughout American and particularly the western United States. Hopefully the publication of this volume will stimulate further research in these areas.

Serbian immigrants and their descendents have been living in California for the past 130 years. It is my hope that by publication of this book we not only honor the worthy founders, officers and members of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, but that this book may contribute in a small way to a better understanding of the history of Serbs in America, and to the history of California and the West.

The primary sources of information for the study have been the minutes, correspondence, and other records of the First Serbian Benevolent society. A number of Serbian language newspapers that were published in the Bay Area were helpful, although none of these papers (*Sloboda*, *Srbin Amerikanac*, *Draskova Sloga*, *Mjera*, *Silni Dusan*, *Srpska Nezavisnost* or the *Srpski and Jugoslovenski Glasnik*) are available in their complete runs. I also used the principal San Francisco dailies dating back to the Society's founding.

A major source of material on the Society's history has been a booklet written by Vladimir P. Popovich, in Serbian-cyrillic, entitled *Zivot i Rad Srpsko-Crnogorskog Literarnog i Dobrotvornog Drustva u San Francisku* (The Life and Work of the Serbian Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society in San Francisco), Oakland, 1905, which was published for the occasion of the Society's 25th anniversary. This book is a compilation of material extracted from the first 25 years of the Society's minutes.

Sections of this book were extracted and added to for a special supplement in the "Srpski Glasnik" (Serbian Herald) for the Society's 50th anniversary, and this article was translated to English and brought up to date for the Society's 75th anniversary, and again published in the then "Jugoslav American Herald" of San Francisco. Due to the relative inaccessability of these articles and Vladimir Popovich's book, and in keeping with the Society's tradition, I have used them with some additions and editing for the basis of chapter four.

As the principal author of this book, I extend my gratitude to Milorad Golubovich and Lazar Krzich who entrusted me with this endeavor, and have

assisted and supported me to its completion. It is due to their efforts and the Society's support that publication of this book was made possible.

My special and most heartfelt appreciation is extended to Ched Ristich who, as a member of the Centennial Book Committee, graciously and unselfishly offered his assistance throughout the project. Without the countless hours he spent extracting and translating information from the Society's records and other sources, and in assisting in the collection of materials, it would have been virtually impossible to complete so much research in such a short period of time. I would also like to thank his daughter Melissa Ristich for typing the manuscript, and for working under extremely short notice.

I also extend my gratitude to V. Rev. Dusan Bunjevich, who allowed us the use of many materials from the library of St. John the Baptist Serbian Orthodox Church in San Francisco; to Adam S. Eterovich, an authority on the history of South Slavs in the western United States, who made available many excellent photographs, and other historical documents relating to Serbs in California; and to all the individuals who donated photographs for the book: Amelia Bojanich, Mike Brdar, Jerome Davidovich, Bob Konevich, Milton Lepetich, Mr. and Mrs. Nikola Mandich, Larry Mialovich, Phyllis Mead, Petar and Vera Pavlovich, Vera Vucinich, and Dan and Mary Zlokovich.

***Origins of the Serbian Community
in the San Francisco Bay Area,
and the First Serbian Societies
in America***

The formation of the San Francisco Bay Area Serbian Community dates from the discovery of gold at Sutter's Mill in 1848. Serbs were to be found among the State's pioneers, and a Serbian-American community has continuously existed in California from its entrance into statehood to the present day.

Among the Serbian settlements of the United States, the San Francisco Bay Area has played a major role. In the early period of immigration, lasting to about 1900, the Bay Area contained one of the larger Serbian communities in America. San Francisco was also the center for all the Serbian settlements in the surrounding mining and agricultural districts of California and neighboring states.

In the Bay Area and Northern California, were established the first Serbian institutions in America; the first Serbian society, the first Serbian Orthodox Church, the first Serbian language newspapers, the first Serbian women's society, and the first Serbian school. The first significant generation of American-born Serbs was to be found in California. The earliest known Americans of Serbian parentage were born in California at least 120 years ago, among them the first American-born Serbian Orthodox priest, Archimandrite Sebastian Dabovich.¹

The earliest Serbian immigrants to settle in California were natives of the southern part of the

Adriatic coast of present day Yugoslavia, from the region of Boka Kotorska (Bay of Kotor) and Pastrovich. They originated from such picturesque coastal towns as Herceg Novi, Risan, Kotor, Budva, and Petrovac, famed for their experienced seamen. They were among the first South Slavs to reach the New World, serving as sailors and officers on ships that traded with various ports of the emerging American Republic.

Little more than one month after John Marshall first discovered the glittering yellow flakes of gold in the American River, an article was published in the Belgrade journal *Podunavka* of March 5, 1848 entitled "Srbli u Americi" (Serbs in America). The author was S. Popovich, and may have been Spiro Popovich, a prominent Dalmatian Serb leader of the Illyrian movement. He describes the communities of Serbs residing in the United States at this time and estimates their numbers, stating that most of them were natives of Dalmatia and Boka Kotorska. The city with the largest number was New Orleans with 300. It is difficult to assess the accuracy of Popovich's figures, and it is probable that he included both Orthodox Serbs and Roman Catholic Croats in his estimate, nevertheless, the article indicates the existence of a substantial Serbian settlement in America at the outset of the California Gold Rush.²

Many of the earliest Serbian pioneers to settle in California came by way of New Orleans and other southern ports. When John Tadich, a prominent San Franciscan of Yugoslav origin arrived here in 1871, he asked his uncle why New Orleans was such a frequent topic of conversation among South Slavs in San Francisco. Tadich was told that most of the earliest pioneers had come from New Orleans.³

The name of one of the early Presidents of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, Lazar Jovovich, is found on the rolls of the Confederate Army from Louisiana. He served as a Lieutenant in the Cognevich (Konjevich) company, Fourth Regiment, European Brigade of the Louisiana Militia.⁴

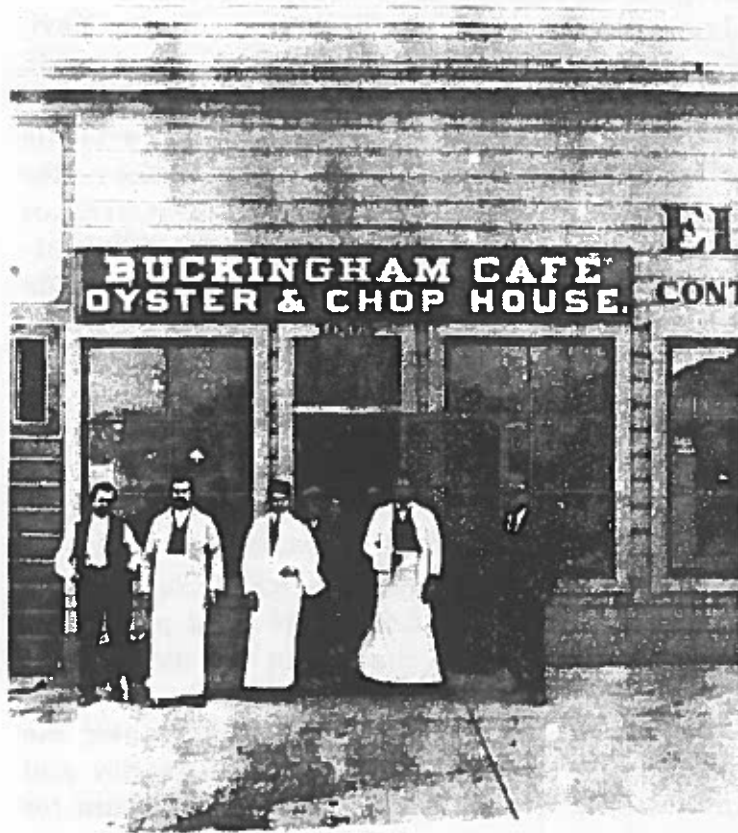
Lazar Jovovich was born in Kameno, Herceg Novi, Boka Kotorska. He arrived in San Francisco in 1865 at the conclusion of the American Civil War. He was a prominent merchant, and was like many of the early pioneers in that he was involved in the coffee trade. He served as President of the First Serbian Benevolent Society for six terms, 1886-1889-1891-1892-1893 and 1896. He was also a member of the Serbian Literary Club, and was one of the earliest members of the Orthodox Church and Benevolent Society, joining on the date of that organization's incorporation, in 1867.

When Lazar Jovovich died in 1899, at the age of 63, the local San Francisco paper the *Call* carried an article along with a photograph of Lazar Jovovich entitled "Serbians Lose a Faithful Friend." He was described as "one of the most prominent members of the local Slavonian colony ..." The article went on to state that:

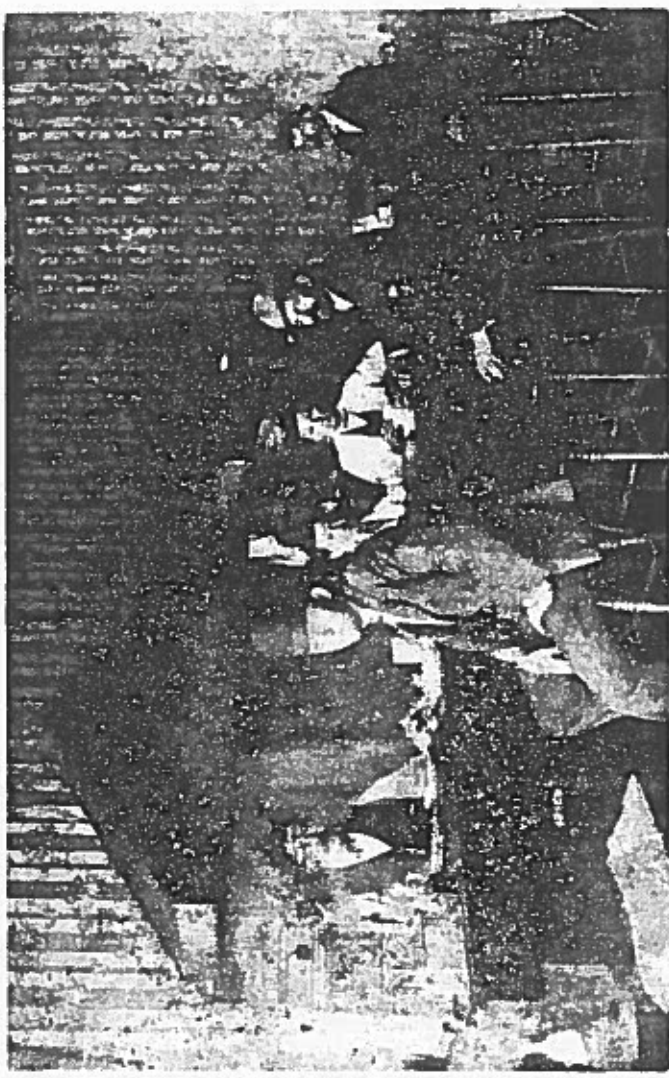
"Among his countrymen he was known over the entire United States for his deeds of charity and kindness. No Slavonian ever appealed to him for assistance and went away with his appeal unanswered; and in many cases he had been known to have established his countrymen in business ..."⁵

The Serbian pioneers of San Francisco and Northern California, were found in various occupations. Many were engaged in business as fruit brokers and packers, importers and exporters, liquor

merchants, restaurateurs, saloon keepers, and coffee house proprietors.⁶



A Typical Early Serbian Owned
San Francisco Restaurant.



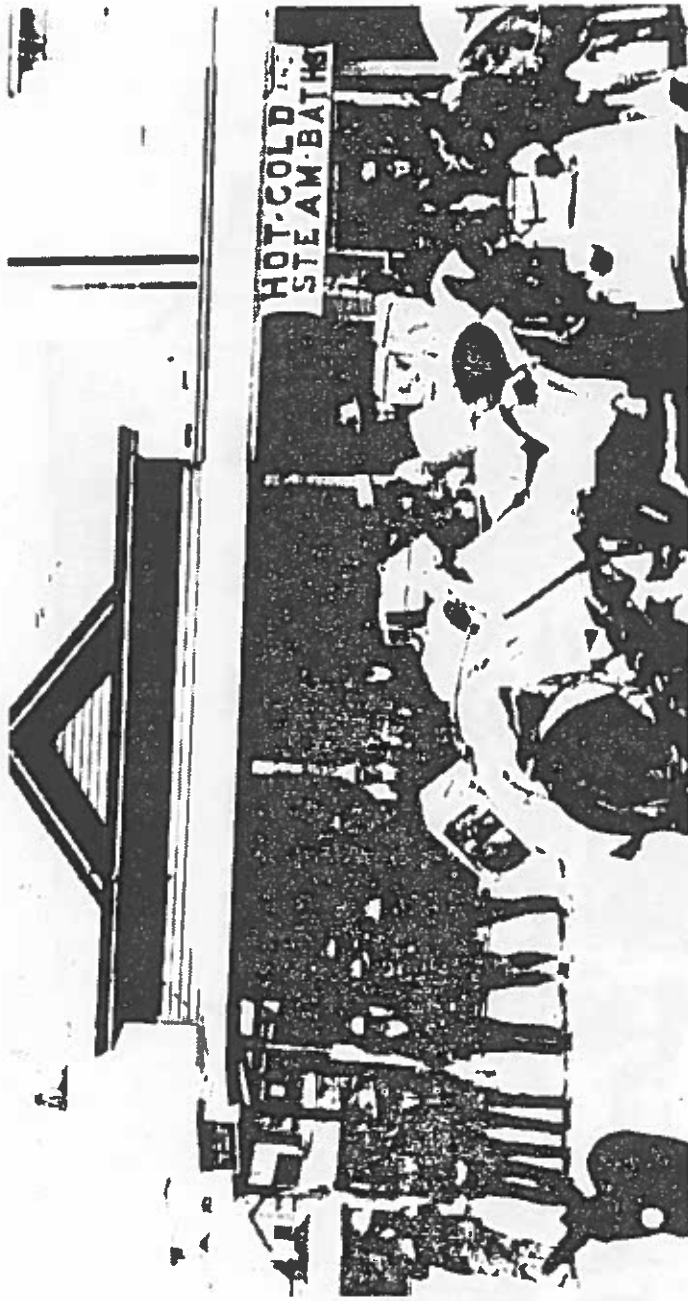
Early Serbian Restaurant in San Francisco. Bob Konevich is behind the counter.

Attracted by the fabulous mineral wealth of the western United States, the Serbian pioneers were scattered throughout the mining districts of California, Nevada, and other states, as miners, prospectors, and merchants.

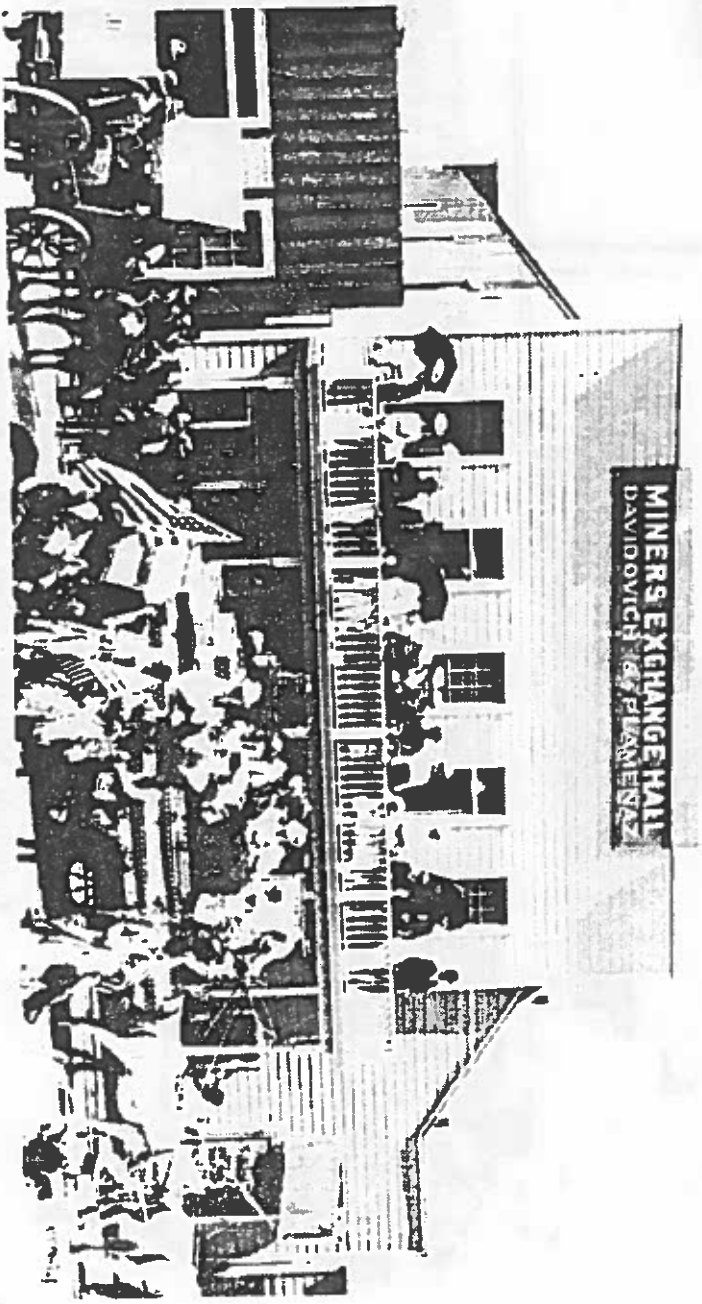
Serbian miners and merchants could be found in virtually every important mineral discovery in the West from the California Gold Rush and the Nevada Comstock lode in the 1850's and 1860's to the Alaskan and Yukon Gold Rushes, and Tonopah and Goldfield strikes in Nevada around the turn of the century. A number of Serbian owned mining companies were formed, bearing such names as "The Servia and Slavonia Mining Company."⁷ Serbian Orthodox Churches were established in the Mother Lode gold mining towns of Jackson and Angels Camp, California and western copper mining camps Butte, Montana and Bisbee, Arizona.

In 1897 at the outset of Alaska's famous Gold Rush, a society of Serbian goldminers was organized in San Francisco, for the purpose of traveling to Alaska to mine for gold. It was called the Serbian Gold Miners Union, and consisted of 100 Serbian miners.⁸ Shortly after the turn of the century, the Alaska Serbs, with the aid of Father Sebastian Dabovich, built a small Serbian Orthodox Church, and dedicated it to St. Sava.⁹

Serbs were prominent business and civic leaders in a number of western communities. A Nevada newspaper of the 1890's reported on the visit of San Francisco wine merchant, and distinguished member of the Serbian Society, Ilija Chelovich and his wife, to the ranch of John Chiatovich of Silver Peak. The paper described Chiatovich as "a cattleman, rancher, and capitalist, the kind of man Nevada needs more of."¹⁰



Tonopah, Nevada; Turn of the Century



Early Serbian owned Hotel, Tonopah, Nevada 4th of July Celebration

The Serbian pioneers of the West became American citizens and took an active role in the political life of their adopted country. The 1892 polling places for Esmeralda County, Nevada were listed as: Chiatovich's office, inspectors C.L. Vucanovich and John Chiatovich, and Vucovich's store, inspectors M. Vucovich and A. Bacoeh."¹¹

John Gregovich, a pioneer Nevada citizen and honorary member of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, served as a State Senator in the Nevada legislature during the 1890's.¹² An early member of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, Jovo A. Ljubibratic was elected Vice-Mayor of Butte, Montana in 1900.¹³



John Gregovich

Originating from the Adriatic coastal regions where the cultivation of grapes and other Mediterranean crops were well established, California Serbs played an important role in the development of the state's rich agriculture. Serbs established numerous ranches in California's San Joaquin and Santa Clara Valleys. The "Fresno Beauty" grape variety was originally named the "Serbian Beauty", and was introduced into California by a Serb named Stevan Todorovich. Stevan N. Mitrovich, a native of Sveti Stefan, Boka Kotorska, a participant in the Montenegrin-Turkish War in 1877, and a Balkan War volunteer from America in 1912, introduced to California the "Adriatic Fig", winner of the Gold Medal at the Columbian Exposition in Chicago in 1893.

Until 1880, the early Serbian immigrants, mostly from Boka Kotorska and Pastrovich, banded together with other South Slavs, predominantly Dalmatian Croats, to form Slavonic Benevolent Societies. This occurred in California and Louisiana. The first of these societies was the Slavonic Illyric Mutual and Benevolent Society organized in San Francisco on November 17, 1857. It is still in existence today as the Slavonic Mutual and Benevolent Society.

Coming from the same Adriatic coastal areas, the early Serb and Croat immigrants to America were influenced by Illyrian and Pan-Slavonic movements that dominated literature and political thought in Dalmatia, at the time. An excellent description of the relations between the early Serbs and Croat pioneers is found in the reminiscences of John Tadich, the prominent San Francisco restaurateur, and a native of Dalmatia.

In 1872, while a young boy, I was working for John Milovich, a pioneer member of the Slavonic Mutual Benevolent Society and an old miner, an American citizen of strong and independent American patriotism who was born in Montenegro, that country from which so many great warriors have come. In fact, John Milovich was known among his friends as 'od Grahova Jovo, valjan junak bio' (John of Grahovo, a real hero). I learned to my surprise that John Milovich belonged to the Orthodox Church and that he was assumed erroneously to be a Greek. But how in the world could he have been a Greek when he came from Montenegro from whence came so many good Yugoslavs?...

While I was working for John Milovich, I came in contact with all the Orthodox Yugoslavs (Pravoslavni) in San Francisco, at the time, young and old. They spoke the same Slavic language as I spoke. I saw them and talked with them daily. I heard them converse on different subjects, principally on politics. I heard them sing of their national heroes. They sang of Kraljevic Marko, Milos Obilic and others...

I often heard these Pravoslavni speak with sadness of the great loss of the Serbian Empire 'na Kosovo Polje' on the Plain of Kosovo... ¹⁴

John Milovich was one of the earliest members of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, joining in December of 1880.

From the 1850's to the time of the Austro-Hungarian occupation of the provinces of Bosnia and Hercegovina, in 1878, the early South Slavic immigrants remained together in Slavonic Benevolent societies, also organizing Slavonic libraries and reading rooms. The Serbs were also major factors in the organization of the essentially Pan-Orthodox Russian and Greek Orthodox Church parishes in San Francisco and New Orleans during the 1860's.

At the time of the Hercegovinian insurrection and Montenegrin and Serbian Wars against the Turks, 1875-1878, Pan Slavic committees were formed in San Francisco to collect and send aid and volunteers to the Balkan battlefields.¹⁵

The organization of the first distinctly Serbian society in America, then known as the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society of San Francisco, in 1880, came about at the same time as a number of important historical developments.

In 1878, the Austro-Hungarian military authorities occupied the South Slavic provinces of Bosnia and Hercegovina, instituting policies of "Divide and Rule", and compulsory military service, particularly resented by the Serbs. In Dalmatia the Serbs organized separate political parties and newspapers in 1878 and 1880.

Serbian immigration to the United States increased substantially beginning in the 1880's. A significant portion of the newer immigration originated in the newly occupied districts of Hercegovina, where emigration began immediately after

the occupation.

Of the eight founding members of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, six were from Boka Kotorska: Antonije Vukasovich, Krsto Gopchevich, Jovo Pavkovich, Rade Begovich, Jovan and Vladimir Jovovich. Djuro S. Martinovich was from Montenegro, and Mihail Rashkovich from Vojvodina, a rarity in a colony overwhelmingly by origin from Boka Kotorska, Hercegovina and Montenegro.

Immigration from Hercegovina increased steadily after 1880 (some Hercegovinians had come as early as the 1860's, but most began arriving after 1878), and to this day Serbs from Montenegro, Hercegovina and Boka Kotorska and their American-born descendants have comprised the greatest number of the First Serbian Benevolent Society's members.

This is not to say that the First Serbian Benevolent Society has ever been a regionally based organization, nor is it an exclusively Serbian organization. The By-Laws of the Society provide for admission to membership of not only Serbs, but other individuals of Slavic descent. The membership of the First Serbian Benevolent Society has been drawn from every Serbian region and has included non-Serbs, among them Russians and Roman Catholic Croats.

A significant proportion of the Society's membership has been made up of Dalmatian Croats from Central Dalmatia and the Adriatic Island of Brac, men who formed the major element of the Slavonic Society. The First Serbian Benevolent Society has also had a number of Roman Catholic presidents.

Still, as much as 90 percent of the membership of the First Serbian Benevolent Society came from, or are descendants of people who came from

the same area on and inland from the southern part of the Adriatic coast of present day Yugoslavia. They come from the small coastal towns and villages that surround the beautiful Boka Kotorska (Bay of Kotor) with its fjord-like bays and majestic mountains. They come from small mountain villages, just inland from the coast, from the south-eastern Hercegovinian districts of Trebinje, Bileca, and Ljubinje, and from the environs of the former capital of small, yet heroic Montenegro, Cetinje.

This entire area was an integral part of the Medieval Serbian Empire, ruled by the Nemanjich dynasty. The area had previously comprised the early Serbian principalities of Zeta and Travunija.

From the breakup of the Medieval Serbian Empire in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries to the emergence of the modern south Slavic state, Yugoslavia, in 1918 (then known as the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes) most of this area was controlled by a variety of foreign powers. The exception was Montenegro, whose tribes were able to maintain a degree of autonomy that brought about the development of Montenegro into an independent state, ruled by Bishops of the Serbian Orthodox Church and eventually secular princes and kings descended from the Petrovich-Njegosh family.

The coastal region of Boka Kotorska, which includes Pastrovich, was long ruled by the Venetians who were later replaced by the Austrians. Although a number of other powers, most notably Spain, France and Russia, became involved in this region from time to time.

The region of Boka Kotorska has been inhabited by Serbs for centuries, and played an important

cultural and commercial role in the medieval Serbian state under the Nemanjich dynasty. Approximately 80 percent of the populace is Serbian Orthodox, and of the remaining 20 percent who are mostly Roman Catholic there are many individuals who considered themselves Serbs of the Catholic faith, and who celebrated the traditional Serbian practice of the family Patron Saint Day (Krsna Slava).

The majority of Boka's present inhabitants are descendants of Montenegrin and Hercegovinian Serbs who moved from the mountains down to the coastland. Among the founders of the First Serbian Benevolent Society were a number of men: Jovovich, Begovich, Gophevich, who trace their ancestry to proud Montenegrin clans.

Jovan Pavkovich was descended from one of the most prominent families in the district of Herceg Novi. From this family was the famous sea captain and mayor of Herceg Novi, Leso Pavkovich.

Jovan Pavkovich donated 80,000 gold crowns to his native village in 1904 (see Nakicenovic, Pop Sava, *Boka*, Srpski Etnografski/Zbornik, 1913 p. 493). The Pavkovich family settled in the village Podi in 1720. By origin they were from Popovo Polje, Hercegovina.

The family of Antonije Vukasovich, another of the Society's founders and its first president, was an old and prominent family in the Herceg Novi district of Boka Kotorska.

The history of the Boka Kotorska region is closely connected with the history of Montenegro and Hercegovina, and frequent attempts were made to unite the Bokelian Serbs with their Montenegrin brothers. Today Boka Kotorska is a part of the Yugoslav Republic of Montenegro and this sunny

coastline is one of the Republic's major tourist attractions.

The history of Hercegovina, which was ruled by the Ottoman Turks to 1878, was marked by frequent revolts against Ottoman and later Hapsburg rule. The Serbs of Hercegovina were closely tied with Montenegrins and often declared their allegiance to the Montenegrin rulers.

Most of Hercegovina was occupied by the Austro-Hungarian Army in 1878. A portion was annexed to Montenegro. In 1882, the Serbs of Eastern Hercegovina revolted against the Austro-Hungarian policy of compulsory military service. Many Hercegovinian Serbs, in fact, emigrated to escape conscription into the Austro-Hungarian Army.¹⁶

Other reasons for emigration from these areas were the scarcity of good soil, crop failures, in particular the destruction of the vineyards by the grape insect "phylloxera" in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, and the decline in importance of many of the coastal towns during the nineteenth century.¹⁷

When the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society was organized in San Francisco, in 1880, it was the first and only Serbian society in the United States. Less than a year later, in 1881, a Serbian-Montenegrin Benevolent Society was organized in Chicago, which was to become one of the most important Serbian centers in the United States. The minutes of the San Francisco Society note this, and describe how the Chicago Society was to be sent a copy of the Society's By-Laws.

The Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society in San Francisco and the Serbian-Montenegrin Benevolent Society in Chicago were

the only Serbian societies in existence in America prior to the 1890's. The two societies corresponded a number of times over the years, and it appears that the makeup of their membership and the nature of their activities were quite similar.¹⁸ The Chicago Society was reorganized in 1894, and exists today as the Serbian Benevolent Society "Jedinstvo" (Unity) in Chicago.

On August 1, 1893, Serbs living in California's Mother Lode Country organized a Serbian Benevolent Society in Angels Camp, drawing its membership primarily from Serbs living in Calaveras, Amador, and Tuolumne Counties. At the same time, the St. Sava Serbian Orthodox Church was organized in Jackson, Amador County.

The lodge in Angels Camp was to join a short lived federation with the Chicago Society in the early 1900's, Prvi Srpski Bratski Dobrotvorni Savez (The First Serbian Fraternal Benevolent Federation). The Angels Camp Society, for a time, had branches in Jackson, San Francisco, and Quartz Mountain, California, and Douglas, Alaska, altogether with 300 members, natives of Boka Kotorska, Hercegovina, Montenegro and Serbia.¹⁹

When the Prvi Srpski Bratski Dobrotvorni Savez went out of existence in 1909, the Angels Camp Society centered its activities in Calaveras, Amador and Tuolumne Counties, as an independent Serbian Benevolent Society. In 1930, the 39 remaining members of this society were accepted into the membership of the First Serbian Benevolent Society of San Francisco.

The Serbian Societies in San Francisco, Chicago and Angels Camp were the first in America, and all cooperated with and recognized each other. St.

Sava's Day celebrations of the San Francisco Society, in the 1890's, were characterized by toasts to the brotherly Serbian-Montenegrin Benevolent Society in Chicago and Serbian Benevolent Society in Angels Camp.²⁰

Footnotes

1. Tadich, John V., "The Yugoslav Colony of San Francisco on my arrival in 1871," Vjekoslav Meler (ed.) *The Slavonic Pioneers of California*, San Francisco, 1932, second edition, San Francisco, 1968, 49. Slovinka Dabovich Simrak, born in San Francisco, 1860.
2. Popovic, S. "Srbli u Americi," *Podunavka*, Beograd, March 5, 1848, 10.
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8. Brankovo Kolo, November 13, 1897.
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- Small Forgotten Church ... Douglas, Alaska!"
Serb World, August-September, 1979, 12.
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 11. Chloride Belt, September 10, 1892.
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 17. Lukovic, Niko, *Postanak I Razvitak Trgovacke Mornarice U Boki Kotorskoj*, Beograd, 1930.
 18. Slepcevic, Pero, *Srbi U Americi*, Geneva, 1917, 41-44.
 19. *Sloboda*, October 1, 1903.
 20. *Sloboda*, February 1, 1894.

Pioneer Serbian Literary Activities in San Francisco

As with most other Serbian institutions in America, so too with literary and journalistic activities, the beginnings can be traced to the San Francisco Bay Area.

The first known reference to the publication of a Serbian language book in America is found in the *Alaska Herald* of San Francisco in 1869. In it we find the announcement of a book entitled *Sloboda* (Freedom), written by the Slavonians of San Francisco and dedicated to Prince Nicholas I of Montenegro.²¹

It is possible that the publication of this book was connected with the uprising of the Serbs in the Krivosije Region of Boka Kotorska (Bay of Kotor), which began earlier that year. The uprising had grown out of the policy of military conscription instituted by the Austrian authorities. The struggles of these Bokelian Serbs aroused a good deal of patriotic sentiment in surrounding areas and most especially in neighboring Montenegro. The majority of Serbs living in the San Francisco Bay Area in 1869 were natives of Boka Kotorska.

The Serbs and other South Slavs of San Francisco, following the practice that was common in Dalmatia at the time, banded together in December 22, 1869 to form the "Slavenska Citaonica" in San Francisco with the object: "To establish a library and reading room for the use of persons belonging to the Slavonic

race and others who may be permitted to enjoy the benefits of the same. Number of members twenty. Rooms, 619 Montgomery Street, San Francisco."²²

This was the first South Slavic library in America. In 1893, on the initiative of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, a Serbian reading room and library were established.

Another very early Serbian language publication appeared in Chicago in December of 1876. Published at the time of the Hercegovinian (Nevesinje) uprising and Montenegrin-Turkish War, it was entitled *Ustasi, Ili Borba Krsta Protivu Polumeseca*, (Insurgents, or the Struggle of the Cross Versus the Crescent.) This small booklet was in the form of a poem written in honor of the Serbs from Hercegovina and Montenegro who were fighting the Turks in 1876. In this poem were mentioned a number of the most prominent Montenegrin and Hercegovinian leaders, including Peko Pavlovich and Stojan Kovacevich. The term Ustasi, was used here in its original meaning, insurgent, rather than its more common present usage, relating to a 20th century Croatian, anti-Yugoslav and anti-Serb separatist political movement. It is worthy of mention here because the principal author was Mihail A. Rashkovich, one of the founders in 1880 of the First Serbian Benevolent Society of San Francisco.

The first newspaper published by a Serb in America was in Italian rather than Serbian. Velimir Chelovich was born in Risan, Boka Kotorska and educated in Trieste. He arrived in San Francisco in 1857 and soon afterward became an Italian language newspaper editor, one of the pioneers of Italian journalism in America.²³

A newspaper named *Slavjanin* (The Slavonian)

appeared in San Francisco in May of 1870. It seems as though the paper was sponsored by the Russian Orthodox parish in San Francisco, and its lifespan was very short. Still, this is the first example we have of a newspaper printed in the Serbian language in America. While not exclusively Serbian, it was published in three languages; Russian, English, and Slavonian (Serbian.) Its appearance was noted by newspapers in Serbia.²⁴

While these early examples of literary activity are very interesting and deserving of further research, the true start of Serbian-American journalism begins with the appearance of two papers. *Srbin Amerikanac* (Serb-American), and *Sloboda* (Freedom) in San Francisco in 1893.

Prior to the appearance of *Srbin Amerikanac* and *Sloboda*, there had been a number of other short-lived journalistic attempts. In San Francisco for a time were published three newspapers with the word *sloga* (unity) in their headings; *Nasa or Narodna Sloga* (Our Unity), *Draskova Sloga* (Drasko's Unity) and *Slavjanska Sloga* (Slavonic Unity). All three appeared to be written in a Pan-Slavic or Dalmatian-Croat vein.

Srbin Amerikanac made its appearance in May of 1893. After its first year of publication it tended to appear sporadically, and went out of existence sometime in the nineties.

The editor of the *Srbin Amerikanac* was Bozo Gopceovich, an early member of the Serbian Society, and a brother of one of the Society's founders, Krsto Gopceovich, who was also involved with this paper. The Gopceovich (also written, Gopchevich and Gobchevich) brothers were natives of Orahovac, Boka Kotorska. Bozo came to relatives in New

Orleans as a young man, settling in San Francisco in the 1870's, with some time spent as a silver miner in Virginia City and Esmeralda County, Nevada. He was reputed to be one of San Francisco's wealthiest Serbs. Although, well up in years at the time, he returned to his homeland as a volunteer for the Serbian army during the Balkan Wars.

СРБИН-АМЕРИКАНАЦ



Овај лист издаје се сваког четвртка у Сан Франциску, Калифорнија, у Сједињеним Државама. Цена је 10 центи годишња 1.00 долара. Издаје се од 1880. године. Уредник: Ј. М. С. С. Издаје се од 1880. године. Уредник: Ј. М. С. С.

Уредник: Ј. М. С. С. Издаје се од 1880. године. Уредник: Ј. М. С. С.



Vukobrat Stojanovic

СРБИН-АМЕРИКАНАЦ
 ПИТАЊА СТРАШНОГ
 ПУТЕЖА
 НА ПУТЕЖИМА
 СТАВЉАЊА
 НЕОПРЕДЈЕЉИВОСТИ
 У АМЕРИЦИ

Уредник: Ј. М. С. С. Издаје се од 1880. године. Уредник: Ј. М. С. С.

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Krsto Gopceovich also served as editor of the *Srbina Amerikanac*, and for a brief time published a satirical journal entitled *Mjera* (The Measure). He later moved to Chicago, where he became one of the founders of the Serbian Society *Balkan* of South Chicago in 1899, and finally to Pueblo, Colorado, where he died in 1903.²⁵

The exploits of the Gopceovich brothers, which included brothers Petar and Milos in San Francisco, and Andrija in Boka, frequently drew the attention of the major San Francisco papers.²⁶ Their activities, and the editorial content of their newspaper, were characterized by a good deal of controversy, and they were frequently at odds with the leadership of the Serbian Society and the editors of San Francisco's other Serbian language newspaper *Sloboda*.

Sloboda made its appearance in August of 1893. From then until the 1906 earthquake and fire put a temporary stop to Serbian journalism in San Francisco, it remained one of the most important Serbian publications in America. As the newspaper's heading stated, it was "the organ of the Serbian colony in America and the largest circulation of any Slavonic paper west of the Mississippi."

The publication of *Sloboda* grew out of the activities of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, and the organization of a Serbian library and reading room in San Francisco. Among the editors of *Sloboda* were some of the most prominent members and officers of the Serbian Society, Lazar S. Churich, Vladimir P. Popovich, Veljko Radojevich, and Spiro and Krsto Radulovich.²⁷ It was also edited for a time by Spiro Srzentich, a student at the University of California at Berkeley and an officer in the American Army at the time of the Spanish-

American War.²⁸

Of all these individuals, the one most closely associated with the publication of *Sloboda* was Spiro Radulovich, its longtime owner and editor. Radulovich was born in 1860 in the village of Mojdez near Herceg Novi, Boka Kotorska. Becoming a seaman in his youth, he arrived in San Francisco, in 1876, later establishing a business with his brothers, Krsto, Lazar, and Marko.

At his home at Pacific and Polk Streets in San Francisco were located both his business and printing shop. It was one of the major meeting places for Serbs in the San Francisco community.

Spiro was a longtime member of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, the Serbian Society *Zmaj* which later was accepted into the First Serbian Benevolent Society, and the Masonic Order. He was one of the true pioneers of Serbian journalism in America.²⁹

Sloboda had direct contact with the leading Serbian publications in the homeland: *Glas Crnogoraca* (Montenegrin Voice) in Cetinje, *Srbobran* (Serb Defender) in Zagreb, *Zastava* (The Flag) in Novi Sad, the organ of the Dalmatian Serbs, *Srpski Glas* (Serbian Voice), and all the major Belgrade papers. In the United States it had agents located all over the country, in New York City, Chicago, New Orleans, Galveston, and throughout the West, in California, Montana, and Alaska. It was the most influential pioneer Serbian publication in America.



PROCESO DE CONDEMNACION DE JESUS MARIA.

El 11 de mayo de 1859, el Sr. Jefe de la Prision de San Francisco, Sr. J. M. ...

El Sr. Jefe de la Prision de San Francisco, Sr. J. M. ...

El Sr. Jefe de la Prision de San Francisco, Sr. J. M. ...

MANA CONDOMINA

El Sr. Jefe de la Prision de San Francisco, Sr. J. M. ...

STARK HAGARE

El Sr. Jefe de la Prision de San Francisco, Sr. J. M. ...

ALABAMA

El Sr. Jefe de la Prision de San Francisco, Sr. J. M. ...

ALABAMA

El Sr. Jefe de la Prision de San Francisco, Sr. J. M. ...

ALABAMA

El Sr. Jefe de la Prision de San Francisco, Sr. J. M. ...

Veljko Radojevich who became editor of *Sloboda* after his arrival from Europe in 1900, left in 1903 to publish his own paper *Srpska Nezavisnost* (Serbian Independence) in Oakland. Radojevich was born in the village of Podi near Herceg Novi, Boka Kotorska and began his journalistic career in his homeland in 1888. Throughout his career he was one of the most prolific writers among Serbs in America.³⁰

The *Serbian Herald* was first issued in 1908 under the direction of the Serbian Publishing Company. It later merged with the *National Herald* to become the *Jugoslav American Herald* in 1937. It remained the major Serbian and Yugoslav publication not only in the Bay Area, but in the entire western United States, until it was moved to Los Angeles after the death of its editor, Charles Cvetkovich in late 1963.

Many prominent members of the First Serbian Benevolent Society took part in the publication of the *Herald* (Glasnik), serving on its board of directors and editorial boards. Among the early editors of the *Herald* were such prominent names in Serbian-American journalism as Bozo Rankovich, Milan Jevtich, Ceda Pavich, Spiro Radoicich, and Ilija Balich.³¹

Numerous Serbian language publications appeared in the San Francisco Bay Area, although some of them had very brief lifespans. San Francisco was one of the major centers of Serbian publishing activity in America during the first decades of the twentieth century. The Bay Area attracted such distinguished Serbian-American literary figures as the young short story writer, Petar Luburich, whose portrayals of immigrant life have elements in common with the famous American novelist Jack London, and the highly respected poet, Proka Jovkich, who

also wrote under the pseudonyms Srbin Slobodanovich, and Nestor Zhuchtny. Unfortunately, many of these young literary figures lost their lives in the Serbian struggle for freedom during World War I, thereby cutting short the development of some of the most promising literary trends among Serbs in America.³²

Footnotes

21. *Alaska Herald*, September 1, 1869.
22. Eterovich, Adam S., "Serbian Newspapers, Almanacs, Calendars, and Journalism in America," in *The First Serbian Pioneers in America and Their Activities in California and the South*, 1979 pp. 30-34.
23. Ibid.
See also
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Slepcevic, Pero Srbi U Americi, Geneva, 1917, p. 41.
24. Vidov Dan, Belgrade, 1870.
25. *Srpski Odjek*, Pueblo, Colo., April 2, 1903.
26. *The Call*, January 19, 1909,
June 25, 1912.
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January 28, 1912.
27. Popovich, Vladimir P., "Jugoslav Journalism in California" in *Slavs in California*, Stephen N. Sestanovich, ed., Oakland, CA. 1937, p. 125.
28. Brankovo Kolo, October 30, 1897, p. 1375.

29. Meler, Vjekoslav ed., *The Slavonic Pioneers in California*, San Francisco, CA 1932, p. 86.
30. *Amerikanski Srbobran, Srpski Narodni Kalendar*, 1936, pp. 110-112.
31. Purich, Bozidar, *Biografija Boze Rankovica, Doprinos Istoriji Srpskog Iseljenistva U Severnoj Americi*, Munich, 1963.
32. Djonovich, Nikola, "O Jugoslovenskog Emigraciji U Sjedinjenim Americkim Drzavama," *Srpski Knizevni Glasnik* #1, Sept. 16, 1929, p. 133.
 On Proka Jovkich see:
 Grahovac, Budimir, *Zivot I Smrt Nestor Zucnog-Proke Jovkica*, Ni, 1915.
 Jovkic, Proka, *Poezija Neba I Zemlje*, San Francisco, 1910 *Knjiga Borbe I Zivota*, Belgrade, 1912
 Zjutchny, Nestor, *Knjiga Pjesama*, Oakland, 1908.

3

The Origins of the Serbian Orthodox Church in the United States

The San Francisco Bay Area can be rightly considered one of the first centers of Orthodox Christianity in the United States, and Serbs played a major role in its early development here.

The early Orthodox church parish in San Francisco was under Russian jurisdiction and was served primarily by Russian priests, yet was Pan-Orthodox in character consisting of Serbs, Greeks, Russians, Syrians, and other nationalities. The importance of the Serbian role is indicated in the following quote from a Russian Orthodox source:

Thus, few persons realize that the roots of Orthodoxy in America, with the exception of Alaska, lead directly to the holy places of Serbia. In 19th century San Francisco, which was the first center of Orthodoxy in the United States, although the clergy were mostly Russian, the faithful were almost exclusively Serbs from the Boka and Cherna Gora (Crna Gora) regions. Serbian saints were among the first to be invoked in America, their icons among the first to be invenerated, and their feast days among those celebrated with the greatest devotion. Consequently, it might be said that the Serbian saints became the 'spiritual ancestors' and patrons of

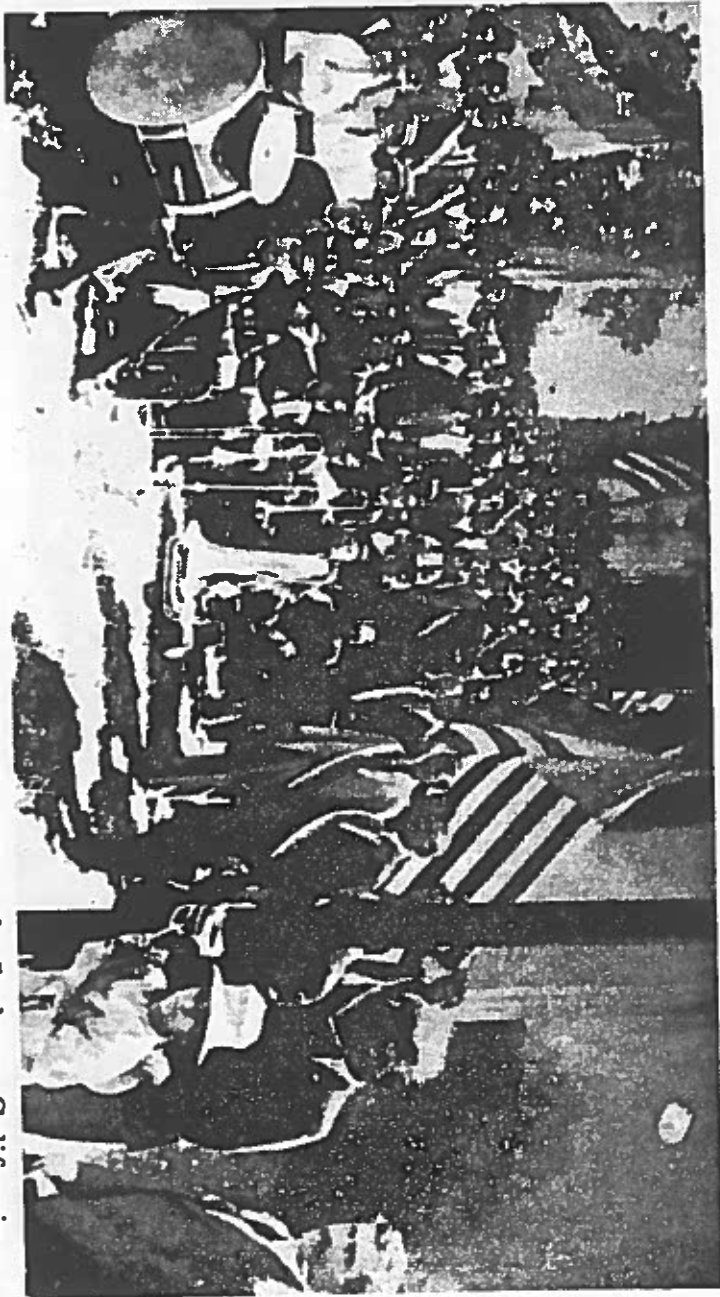
Orthodoxy in America, a connection with them and the holy places of Serbia being established through the pious Serbian pioneers in 19th century America, and above all in the person of the American-born apostle of Holy Orthodoxy in America, Archimandrite Sebastian Dabovich of Eternal Memory, whose ancestors came from near Herceg Novi, within the spiritual radius of the Savina Monastery.³³

⌈Father Dabovich, who was born in San Francisco in 1863, was the first American-born Orthodox priest. His parents, Ilija and Elena Dabovich, were among the earliest Serbian pioneers in California. They came to San Francisco in 1853 from the village of Sasovici near Herceg Novi, Boka Kotorska (Bay of Kotor). With two children, they crossed the Isthmus of Panama on donkeys.⌋

⌈Father Dabovich was responsible for laying the foundations of the Serbian Orthodox church in America with the building of the St. Sava Serbian Orthodox Church in 1894 in Jackson, Amador County, California. Here Father Dabovich, together with a number of Serbian gold miners from Amador County and surrounding counties of California's famous Mother Lode country, built the first Serbian Orthodox Church in America. It stands today an active parish as well as a historical shrine to all our Serbian pioneers. Serbs throughout the western United States donated for the building of the church in Jackson.⌋



Dabovich Family



Early celebration at St. Sava Serbian Orthodox Church, Jackson, California

In the Serbian-American newspaper, *Sloboda*, of San Francisco are found lists of donations for the St. Sava church from Serbs in such distant locales as Butte, Montana.³⁴ The church was consecrated by the Russian bishop of Alaska and the Aleutian Islands, Nicholas of San Francisco. Bishop Nicholas was an honorary member of the First Serbian Benevolent Society of San Francisco.



Very Rev. Archimandrite
Sebastian Dabovich

As we see, the earliest organized Serbian Orthodox Church life in America was closely connected to the Russian Orthodox Ecclesiastical Mission. Yet, it is interesting to note the arrival of a few individual Serbian Orthodox priests from Montenegro and Boka Kotorska as early as 1875 or 1876.

Father Dabovich tells us of a priest from Montenegro named Matanovich who served three liturgies in the Russian Orthodox Church in San Francisco in 1876, prior to returning to Cetinje due to his inability to receive permanent assignment in America.³⁵

We also have reference to the similar case of a priest from Boka Kotorska named Zec who arrived in America about the same time as Father Matanovich, and there is some indication that Serbs from Boka Kotorska living in New Orleans attempted to enlist a Serbian Orthodox priest from Boka to serve their religious needs as early as the 1870's.³⁶

Of these early Serbian Orthodox priests in America we know very little due to the scarcity of sources on their missions. Somewhat more is known of the activities of Father Dabovich and of Archimandrite Firmilian, who came from Serbia to serve the Serbs of Chicago in 1892. It was due primarily to their efforts and to the efforts of the priests who followed them that the Serbian Orthodox Church in America owes its beginnings.

The career of Father Dabovich was long and varied and would serve as a worthy subject for a Serbian-American biographical study. Receiving his theological training in Russia, Father Dabovich for a number of years served the Serbian community from the Russian Orthodox Church in San Francisco, and in 1905 was officially named head of the

Serbian Orthodox Mission in the United States.

The early Russian Orthodox parish of San Francisco, which changed its name and location a number of times over the years, served the religious needs of Serbs spread throughout the Far West until the establishment of their own Serbian Orthodox parishes.³⁷

In *Sloboda*, the major San Francisco Serbian newspaper of the 1890's and early 1900's, one often finds mention of Serbian families from scattered western communities like Virginia City, Nevada, and Bisbee, Arizona, traveling to San Francisco where, at the Russian Orthodox Church, they baptized their children, married, and buried their dead.³⁸

By all accounts, the pioneer Serbs of San Francisco celebrated their Christmas, which falls on January 7th by the Julian calendar, in a very colorful manner. Services were held in the Russian Orthodox Church, attended by the local Russian and Greek consuls. Litanies were recited for the Czar of Russia, the kings of Serbia and Greece, and the Prince of Montenegro. After the services Serbs sang epic tales of their famous battle against the Turks at Kosovo, accompanied by the traditional one-stringed instrument, the gusle. Pistol shots were heard as Montenegrin and Hercegovinian Serbs fired into the air, as is their tradition on special occasions. One might have thought he was in Cetinje or Nevesinje.

Serbs visited from house to house-eating, drinking, singing, dancing, and toasting their heroes. They danced Serbian Kolos and Montenegrin Oros, and frequently non-Serbs took part in these spirited dances. The Serbian newspapers of San Francisco also noted that a number of the Serbs from Hercego-

vina gathered at the home of Stevo Gerunovich, a prominent member of the Serbian Society, to honor the newly-elected president of the Society, Petar Vukanovich.³⁹

[The impetus for the organization of the first Orthodox parish in San Francisco came from the Greek-Russian-Slavonian Orthodox Church and Benevolent Society, which was organized in 1864 with an initial membership of sixteen, twelve of whom were Serbs.

The best description of the founding of the Orthodox Society is in an article by Reverend Sebastian Dabovich, "The Orthodox Church in California," which was first published in the *Russian Orthodox Messenger* for 1897-1898. As an important document on the origins of the Serbian Orthodox Church in America, the section of the article relating to the Orthodox society is reprinted here as it first appeared in English translation in *The First Serbian Pioneers in America and Their Activities in California and the South* by Adam S. Eterovich on the occasion of the 125th anniversary of the birth of Mihailo Pupin, 1979.

The Orthodox Church in California,
By Sebastian Dabovich
VOL. II, 1897-1898, #2, pg. 43-45
Russian Orthodox Messenger

The sounds of the Orthodox prayer were heard in California for the first time at Fort Ross, the fortified settlement of Russians residing here for trading relations with the California Spaniards, and for protecting the sea fisheries of the Russo-American

Trading Company of Alaska. In the small bay of Bodega fifty miles north of San Francisco were stationed the sailing schooners of the Russians, and the leather boats of the Aleutians. Not far from the bay on a hillside was Fort Ross, inside of which one could see a chapel where the Russians sang their hymns and prayers together with the baptized Aleutians and California Indians. The first Christians among the Indians were probably converted by ordinary citizens whereas the next converts were probably baptized by the clergy, coming here from Sitka to perform services and do church work. Among the missionaries was the famous Father John Veniaminov from Sitka. In 1884, the author of this manuscript saw in the settlement of New Archangel, (in the dialect called Sitka), on Baranov Island the children from marriages between the Russians and California Indians.

Thus Russia or the Russo-American Company, had possessions in California since 1806. Fort Ross was christened in 1812. The larger part of the population of these possessions formed the first Orthodox community in California. On holidays all the people gathered for mass prayer in the chapel, the ruins of which can be seen today. The river flowing through this

region of tall and graceful Redwood trees preserved to this day the name Russian, as well as one of the hills in San Francisco. From 1840 all this territory of hilly California was transferred to the Americans. From that moment Captain John Sutter raised the American flag on the former Russian fortress of Sonoma County died the sounds of "Gospodi pomilui" (God have mercy on us), sung by the Orthodox Christians. The place became deserted and it seemed as though the Orthodox Christian faith had bid goodbye forever to this region.

The Formation of the Orthodox Society in San Francisco and the visit of the Russian Fleet.

After such an ending to the Russian colony in California it was hard to imagine that the time would ever come that Orthodox Christianity would shine here again, but with God's will this has come to pass. Discovery of gold attracted here masses of people not only from far away states of America, but also from Europe. Among these fortune seekers in the New World there were Orthodox Serbs and Greeks. They began to appear in the early fifties. In 1857 you could see in San Francisco Bay for the first time since the surrender of Fort Ross appeared a Russian Naval Vessel. (They came for

the protection of the Federal Government.) On their ship was stationed, attached to the Second Amur Squadron, Archpriest Cyril. He went ashore in the same year, and in the house of Mr. Kostromitinov baptized several Russian and Serbian children. This was the first public church service in California after the closing of Fort Ross. Then in 1862, to the shore of San Francisco was moored the Russian naval vessel "Kalevala". On this ship was Archpriest Vitaly from Konev Monastery. He also performed the sacraments of the Holy Communion and blessings in San Francisco. In 1863 during the entire year of Civil War in San Francisco Bay were stationed six naval vessels under the command of the Russian Admiral Popov. Among these were the corvettes, the Mighty, Riga and Kalevala. On the flagship the Mighty was the resident Archpriest Cyril from St. Tichon First Class Monastery. In 1863 he christened several children in San Francisco, and among them the author of this manuscript. According to the testimony of the local press, the Confederate ship "Alabama" when it learned of the presence of the Russian vessels did not risk entering San Francisco Bay.

On Easter night 1864, at the invitation of the Admiral, together with Mr.

Kostromitinov and the Serbs-Nikola Dabovich, Peter Radovich, and Andreja Chelovich-Holy Liturgy was celebrated. It is not known who suggested the establishment of an Orthodox Society in San Francisco, but it is believed that the initiative belonged to Admiral Popov, because he was present at the first meeting of the society, and before the opening of the first church service was conducted. Father Cyril, who conducted the service, was a middle aged man and of pleasant appearance. He wore the Synodal cross, an indication of his status.

The newly formed society had towards the end of 1864 had a deposit with the San Francisco Savings and Union Bank of \$124.38. The first members of this society were: Nikola Dabovich, Peter Radovich, George Lazarevich, Nikola Gregovich, Bogdan Matkovich, Andreja Chelovich, Peter Bokanovich, Peter Zenovich, Ivan Constantine, Michael Heriasis, Luka Balich, Ilija Vujovich, Gavrilo Kustudija, Constantin Milinovich, and Ivan Herzo a Roman Catholic. Everyone of these people invested \$20 in gold.

Finally the Russian ships departed. There were no more priests. It would seem that without a church and priest this society was destined to disappear

from the face of the earth. However, with God's mercy this did not happen. The Orthodox Serbs, Greeks and Russians lived then in friendship and supported each other like brothers. They could gather on the big holidays in the homes of those with families and sing church and folk songs. In those days a candle and bread was always available to those who had a Krsna Slava (Serbian Patron Saint Thanksgiving in the family or generation, to commemorate the receiving of a Christian faith in place of a pagan one.)

This modest society began to communicate with the Old Country, for the purpose of acquiring a priest. Thus time passed until 1867 when finally appeared the unknown Honcharenko, posing as a priest. At that time in San Francisco the Russian consul was Martin Klinkovstrem (a Russian Finn), a religious man and strict disciplinarian. He with the majority of the Orthodox population began to suspect that Honcharenko was a fraud. They began to make inquiries, and it was disclosed that Honcharenko was indeed an imposter. This Honcharenko was only a monk from Kiev-Pecher Monastery with the rank of only a deacon. He was sent to serve at the legation church in Athens. For his political activities, he

was deprived of this position, but he did not return to Russia, as he was instructed to. Subsequently he lived in London and then showed up in San Francisco, having married in the meantime. Here he managed to baptize a son of Lazarevich a Serb, before he was exposed. The brother of this Honcharenko then lived on Mount Athos. A former monk from Alexandro-Nevsky Monastery, Father Martirii served with him in Athens. A monk from the Alaskan Diocese knew Honcharenko in Kiev. This episode with Honcharenko forced the society to think more seriously about its spiritual existence. Under the guidance of the Russian Consul Klinkovstrem, the society was legally established. The Constitution was written up in the true spirit of the church, and registered formally at the City Hall in December 1867. Among the new members were: Ivan Franetta, Carl Baum, Archimandritov, Ilija Chelovich, Sava Martinovich, A. Chausov, George Fisher, Lazar Jovovich, and Luka Jankovich. The Russian representative delegated to supervise the transfer of Alaska to the Federal Government, Aleksii Peschurov, joined the society and paid his dues for several months in advance. In those days in California money was cheap. The area was not yet over-

populated. Monopolies had not yet been formed. Labor was highly paid. There was no cheap labor of the Italians, and especially the Chinese. The members with few exceptions donated generously for the common good. The administrator of the Russian colonies in America, Prince Makaitov, promised the brotherhood, to assist in arranging that the Russian Bishop in Sitka assign a Russian priest for the parish. He also donated \$200 to the society. And in the following year, 1868, arrived in San Francisco from Sitka a Russian Priest, Nicolai Kovigin, accompanied by a deacon, Vassily Shishkin. Liturgy was conducted in the home of a Serb, Peter Sekulovich, at 3241 Mission Street near 28th. In those days the location was considered a suburb. I remember the first church service to which I went with my mother. It was a long walk down the dirt roads. It was raining mercilessly. We had to cross a board thrown across a ravine and finally we reached a small church house. Actually it was a divided room converted into a church. In one corner there was a small table in place of an altar of offerings. There were two icons on the walls, one of Christ and another Saint Mary. This ceremony was attended by twenty people. When time came to go to the cup of Holy

Communion, my elder brother went with the Father but I was not allowed to go, being a small child. This has to be explained. The Western Serbs, Dalmatians and others do not admit their small children to the Holy Communion. The clergy in some places cannot to this day restore the Orthodox practice of admitting children. The priest, Kovrigin, had to go to Sitka in that same summer, but returned in early 1869. This time he brought his family with him to remain as our priest permanently. The parishioners placed him in a spacious house with new furniture on Greenwich Street #516. In the hall of this house was established a temporary church, without an altar. I remember this home/church, where I for the first time had a confession and took the sacraments. During the service the three grown-up daughters of the consul Klinkovstrom (Orthodox like their mother) were gracefully singing church hymns. The psalm-reader was a Serb Joakim Chuda to whom the parish was paying \$50 a month. Besides the rental for the house of the priest, the parish was also paying for the upkeep of the church and the priest. Thus existed the Orthodox Society in San Francisco until 1871. That year arrived from Sitka to reside here the first Aleuto-Alaskan Archbishop with

his staff and thus San Francisco became an Episcopal city of the Bishop of Aleuto-Alaska.

For many years the Orthodox Society administered an Orthodox cemetery in San Francisco. Here Serbian pioneers from all over the West were buried; yet, by the 1890's, the Orthodox Society was on the decline and it appears that many of their activities had been taken over by the Serbian Society. Facing severe financial difficulties, they were forced to secure a loan from the Serbian Society. Due to their inability to repay this loan, they had to forfeit to the Serbian Society a property at Turk Street and Parker Avenue in San Francisco. This property was used as an Orthodox cemetery until new restrictions in the city ordinance prohibiting burials within the city required the Society to move the remains to the Serbian Cemetery in Colma, San Mateo County, where the first plot of land was purchased in 1900.

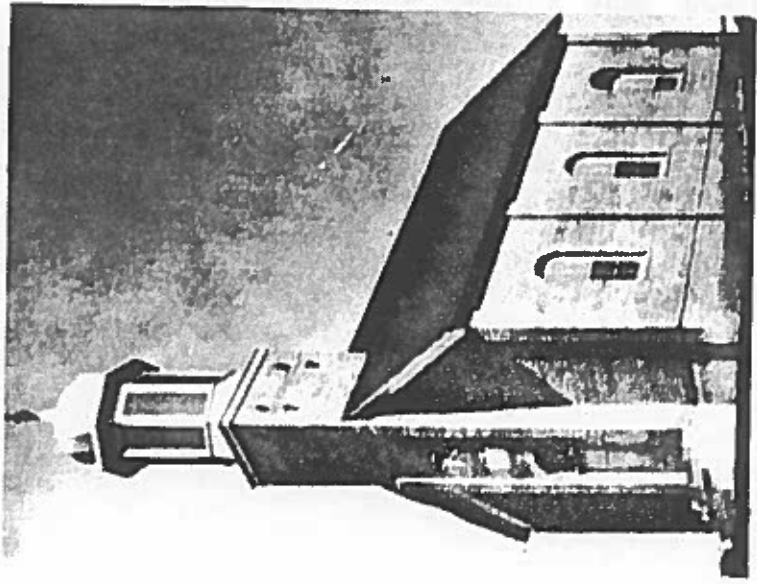
The San Francisco Business Directory of 1895 records the Greek-Russian-Slavonic Orthodox Church and Benevolent Society as having 350 members. Soon afterward, though, this Society ceased to exist.

Many of the most prominent members and officers of the Serbian Society had been active members of the Orthodox Society. The meetings of the Orthodox Society were held at the Russian Church and at the Serbian-Montenegrin Society Hall, which at the time was located at 10 California Street.

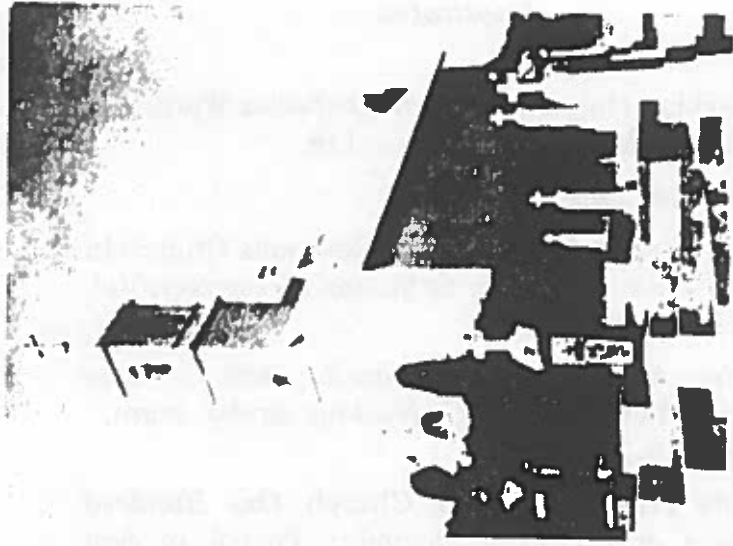
Following the demise of the Orthodox Society, the Serbs of San Francisco made several attempts to build or buy a separate Serbian Orthodox Church and to secure the services of a permanent priest of Serbian nationality. The First Serbian Benevolent

Society was frequently in the forefront of these efforts and they were eventually to prove successful.⁴⁰

From its humble beginnings, including its involvement with the early Orthodox Society and Russian parish in San Francisco, and with the activities of Father Dabovich and the building of the small, yet stately, St. Sava Church in Jackson, the Serbian Orthodox Church in California has grown to comprise numerous church parishes, some of them quite wealthy, with impressive edifices built in the Serbo-Byzantine architectural style, including spacious social halls and grounds. From a handful of Serbian pioneers, who organized the early Orthodox Society, and small group of Serbian gold miners who built the St. Sava Church in Jackson, the Serbian Orthodox Church in America has grown to include thousands of Serb-Americans as its parishioners, spread throughout the United States and Canada.



49 (Early Photo)



(Present Day)

St. Sava Serbian Orthodox Church
Jackson, California

Footnotes

33. "Serbian Holy Places," *The Orthodox Word*, Vol. 4, No. 3, May-June, 1968, p. 118.
34. *Sloboda*, June 14, 1894.
35. Dabovich, Sebastian, "The Orthodox Church in California," *Russian Orthodox Messenger*, Vol. II, No. 2, 1897-1898.
36. *Srbin Amerikanac*, January 24, 1896. See also Jovanovic, Nikola, *O Nasima preko mora*, Beograd, 1884.
37. Holy Trinity Orthodox Church, *One Hundred Years of the First Orthodox Parish in San Francisco 1868-1968*, San Francisco, 1968.
38. *Sloboda*, August 16, 1893; *Srbin Amerikanac*, December 22, 1893.
39. *Sloboda*, May 3, 1894; *Srbin Amerikanac*, December 29, 1894.
40. *Sloboda*, February 5, 1904. See also Serbian Orthodox Church (in America), New York City, *Calendar of Episcopal Correspondence, 1898-1926*. Unedited draft published in 1942.

The Founding of the First Serbian Benevolent Society of San Francisco

Our immortal author and philosopher, Petar Petrovich-Njegosh, in the Forties of the past century was returning from Rome to Cetinje. His itinerary took him through northern Italy, which was held at the time by Austria. An Austrian officer, a Serbian from Vojvodina, heard that the great Serbian author, bishop and prince of the one-free Serbian land, was in the vicinity and applied for an audience. The Bishop received him. The man from Vojvodina shed tears of joy and was asked by the Bishop: "Is there anything you wish me to do for you?" "No, Your Eminence, there is nothing I wished except to see the ruler of one free Serbian state. Here I, too, am a Serbian, but I must serve as a foreign ruler. It is five years since I have seen my home and I am waning because of my great desire to visit there." "My friend, thus it is," replied the Bishop, adding: "We Serbians, unfortunate that we are, have no home. We lost it at Kosovo, and now we must wander throughout the world."

This true incident took place on the threshold of the Serbian homeland. Our great author was touched when he saw a Serbian in the service of a foreign land. And this incident comes to our mind when a great Serbian Society celebrates its 100th anniversary on the edge of the world, in the city by the Golden Gate of the Pacific Ocean. We are reminded of the difficulties that our suffering people experienced from the fall of the medieval Serbian State at Kosovo to the present day. And also of the

misery which forced them to leave the home ground, the beautiful land beside the Adriatic.

The heavy foreign yoke, poverty and affliction, forced the Serbian people to scatter over the world and come to the farthest reaches of the Earth, that they might find succor for themselves and their families in the homeland, and in these lands they made their new homes. And now we celebrate a rare occasion, in a land cultured and prosperous - the United States of America.

Among our organizations, which did all they could for our race and our new, free, and independent country, the First Serbian Benevolent Society holds one of the brightest positions.

This is the first Serbian Society in the United States to celebrate its centennial, an occasion about which few societies could boast in the homeland where our ancestors settled over twelve centuries ago. The history of the Society is filled with beautiful and bright moments, and we will note more fully some of the accomplishments of the early years, accomplishments which remind us of the past of the immigrant and his difficult struggle for survival and for our common cause.

The founding of the First Serbian Benevolent Society in San Francisco begins with the early days, when small groups of Serbians began to trek to the shores of the Pacific, which became famous for the gold and silver discoveries in California and Nevada. Small settlements of Serbs were formed in the 1850's and 1860's, of which San Francisco was the most important. When the early Slavonic organizations were formed, our workers joined them. The first of these organizations was the Slavonic Illyric Mutual and Benevolent Society organized in San Francisco

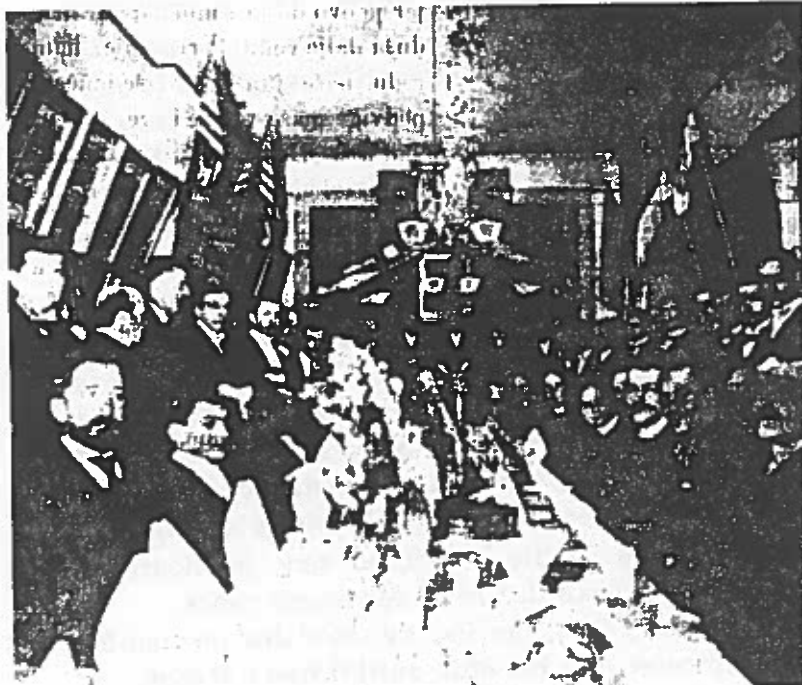
in 1857. This is the oldest South Slavic organization in America and is still in existence today as the Slavonic Mutual and Benevolent Society. So that they might better express their Serbianism and help one another, a group of six men met in April 1880 in San Francisco to agree upon organizing a Serbian society. Thus, on May 2, 1880, the participants in the first gathering, augmented by two more supporters, laid the foundation for the first Serbian institution in America. The society's name was the Serbian Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society.

Giving it this name prevented the enemies of Serbian unity from establishing another society under the Montenegrin name. The participants bound themselves on their honor to support the Society in case of necessity and in every way to make secure its moral and financial progress. Into the statutes was written that the objects of this Society are: "The promotion of social and intellectual intercourse among its members, and the establishment of a system of general philanthropy and benevolence by providing for the sick and distressed."

And as it was agreed so was it done. They immediately contacted patriotic publications, organizations, and individuals in the homeland. The Minister of Education in Serbia was contacted, and he replied soon afterward, as did other patriots, with gifts of books and papers. Many newspapers and journals in the homeland sent publications, which they continued to do for many years.

In January 1881, the Society voted that no member could receive any benefits until it had a treasury of one thousand dollars. The Society ended its first year of work with 26 members and \$55.00 capital.

At the same time the Society decided to celebrate the Day of St. Sava, the first Serbian enlightener and teacher and the saint most venerated by the Serbian Orthodox Church and the Serbian people. To this first celebration of St. Sava in America the Russian Bishop of San Francisco sent an archimandrite, a priest, and two cantors to represent him. The First Serbian Benevolent Society continued to celebrate St. Sava's Day until 1945, when it turned the celebration of this holiday over to the Serbian Orthodox parishes of San Francisco and Oakland.



СРЕТО-САВЕРА ВЕЧЕРА У САН ФРАНЦИСКО, 14 [26] ЈАНУАРА.

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PUBLISHED BY SERBIAN LITERARY AND SOCIAL CLUB.



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Thus, the Serbian Society became the center of the Slavic community on the West Coast. For this reason the Society added to its statutes that any Slav of good character could become a member. At the same meeting, held May 16, 1881, the Society ordered that the meeting room be decorated for forty days in memory of the death of the Russian Czar, Alexander II. It was also ordered that a copy of the Society's by-laws be sent to the Serbian-Montenegrin Society being formed in Chicago (today's Serbian Society "Unity" of Chicago).

On June 13, 1882, the Society was recognized by the State authorities and incorporated, and for the first time the by-laws were published. It is interesting to note that these first by-laws were printed in Novi Sad. By October 4, 1882, the Society had its official diplomas published. The first diplomas were sent to King Milan I, of Serbia, and Prince Nicholas I, of Montenegro, and the heir to the thrones of these two Serbian States. In December 1882 diplomas were also sent to Ivan Sergevich Aksakov, Chairman of the Moscow Slav Committee, and Mihail Grigorevich Cherniaev, a prominent Russian General who had commanded part of the Serbian Army in the war against the Turks in 1876. Both men were known to be great friends of the Serbs and pan-Slavs. It is interesting to note that all of these notable personages accepted with gratitude the diplomas and their honorary membership in the first Serbian society in America.

The beginning was difficult, as most beginnings are; yet, the sturdy Serbian pioneers struggled and made sacrifices for the good of the Society. Membership drives took place with awards to those members who brought in the most applicants or contributed in

other ways to promote the success of the picnics and dances. Fines were imposed on the slightest infraction of parliamentary protocol and on nonattendance at meetings and funerals.

In spite of the difficulties faced by the founders of the Society, they were able to establish direct ties with the Serbian government, Serbian kings, princes, poets, writers, and other patriots, and with patriotic organizations and publications. As early as the 1880's, frequent references to the activities of the San Francisco society could be found in Serbian publications in Belgrade, Cetinje, Zagreb, Novi Sad, Zadar, Vienna, and Constantinople (Istanbul)!

The Society collected many Serbian books and newspapers and established a reading room and library out of which the first Serbian newspapers to be published in America originated. Members were assisted in learning the English language and the Society cared for the spiritual and educational as well as material well-being of its members.

The Society helped fellow Slavs in distress, cared for the sick, and buried the dead. In many cases in which a member was found to be suffering from an incurable disease, the Society would provide for his return to his native land and make adequate provision for his permanent support. In every respect the Society was generous in helping not only its members but other Slavs in need.

In 1884, the decision was made to publish for the first time the Society's By-Laws in the English language.

In 1885, Sava Bjelanovic, newspaper editor and leader of the Serbs in Dalmatia was elected an honorary member of the Society.

In May of 1886 the Society held its first picnic in

Belmont. This was the first time that the Society made its appearance before the American public, and they did so with great style, marching through the streets of San Francisco behind the Serbian flag, to the music of sixteen Serbian musicians.

The Society's picnics became one of its most successful activities and received attention not only in the local Serbian press such as *Sloboda* (July 14, 1894), but also in San Francisco newspapers. For example in the *Call* of July 12, 1896 we find the following article:

Serbians to Celebrate With The Montenegrins They Will Devote a Day to Pleasure A Parade in This City and a Picnic At San Rafael With Many Prizes

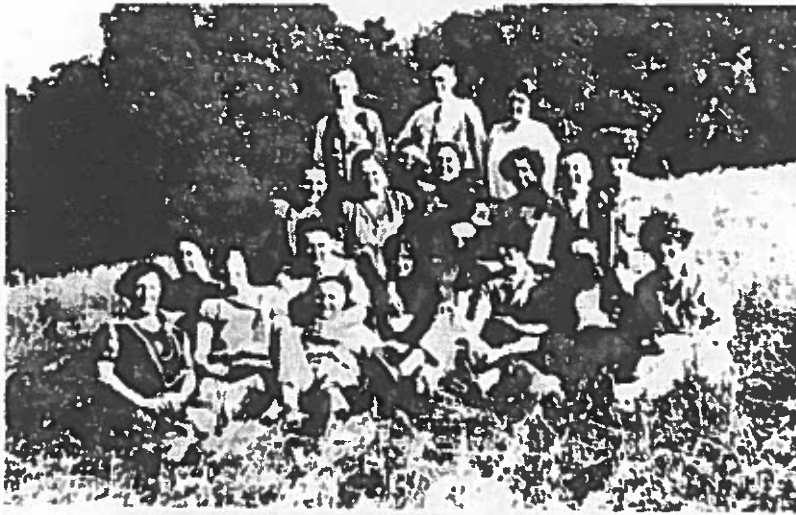
Next Sunday the several hundred residents of this city who are representatives of the little European country Serbia-Montenegro will assemble at California Schuetzen Park, San Rafael, renew patriotic thoughts and have a whole day of sport with their friends.

The celebration will begin with a parade up California Street, along Kearny and down Market to the Tiburon Ferry, the members of the Society to start for the picnic grounds on the 9:30 boat. In the parade there are to be a number of stalwart men in picturesque Montenegrin costume, and several little girls and boys dressed as their mothers and fathers

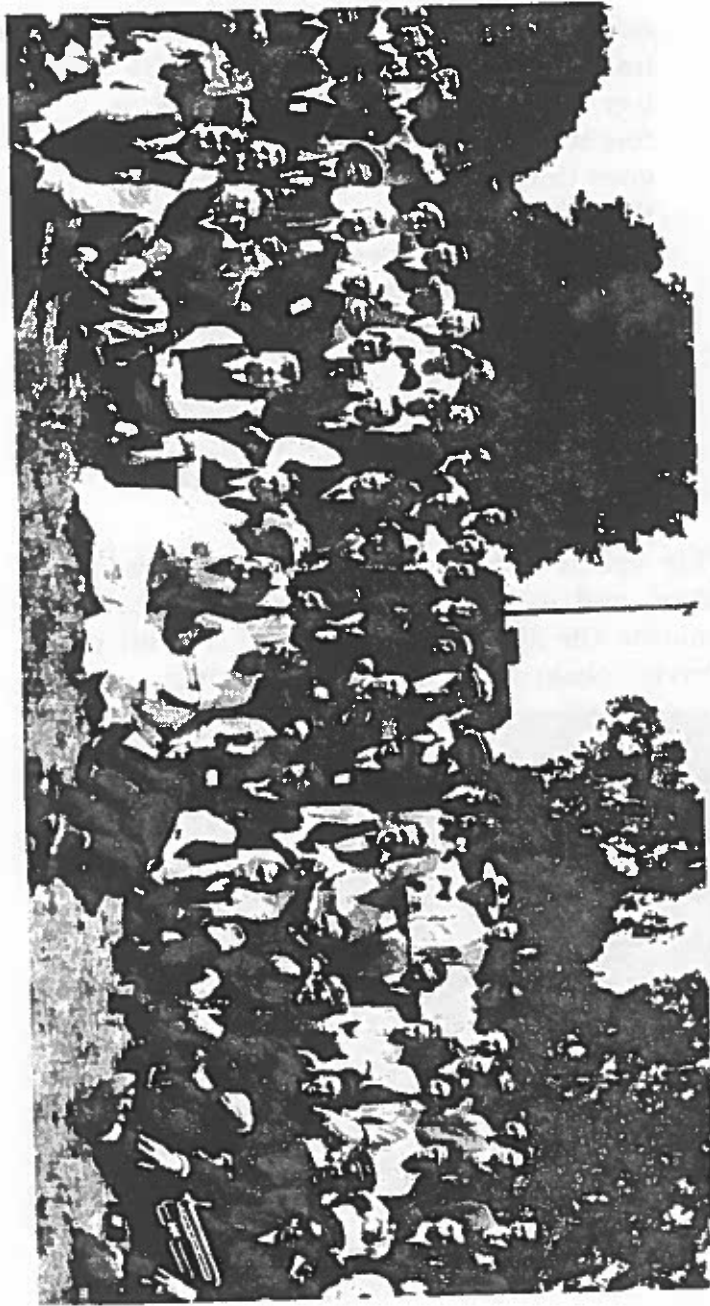
may have been on a fete day in their native land. But on the other side of the bay the formality of a parade will be forgotten in a general happy-go-lucky good-time, to conclude at 5 o'clock with the distribution of 130 prizes, varying from cash in golden eagles down to an alarm clock. Wines, beer, cigars, and things make up the great body of the prizes.

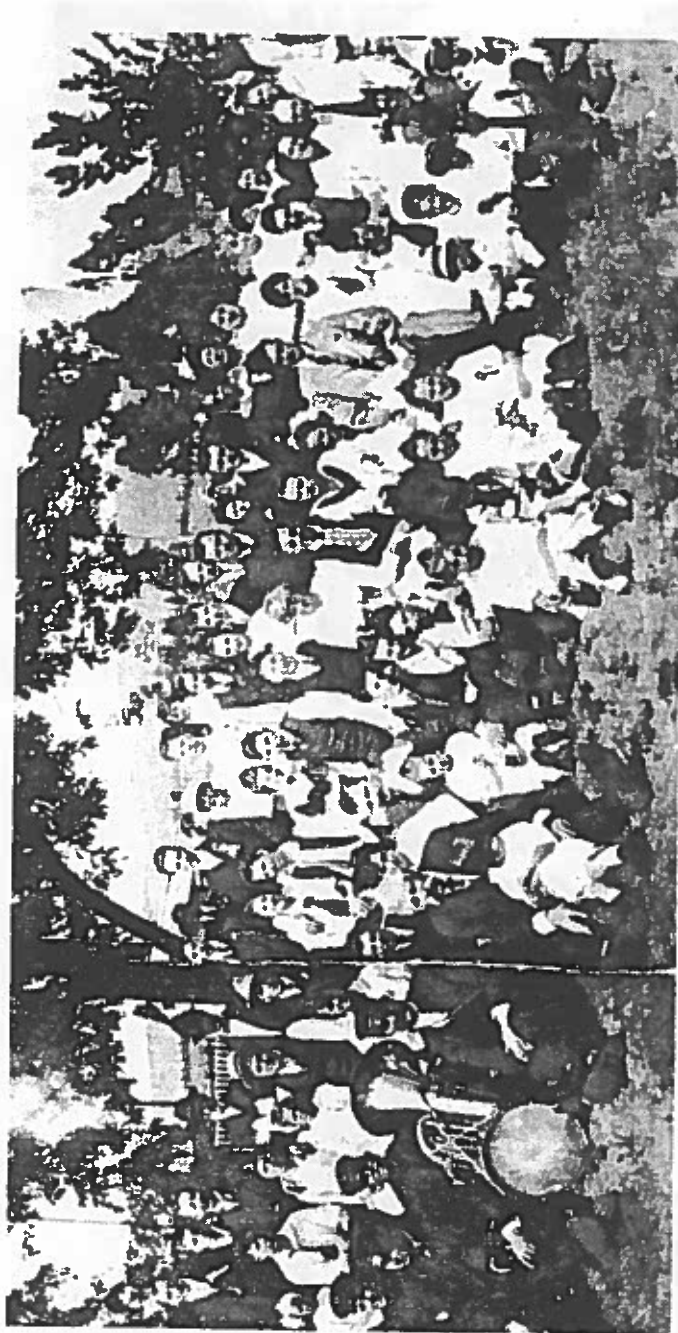
The Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society was organized sixteen years ago and has at present 225 members in this city ..."

This article goes on to list the officers of the Society, and describes their preparations to commemorate the 200th anniversary of the rule of the Petrovich-Njegosh dynasty in Montenegro.

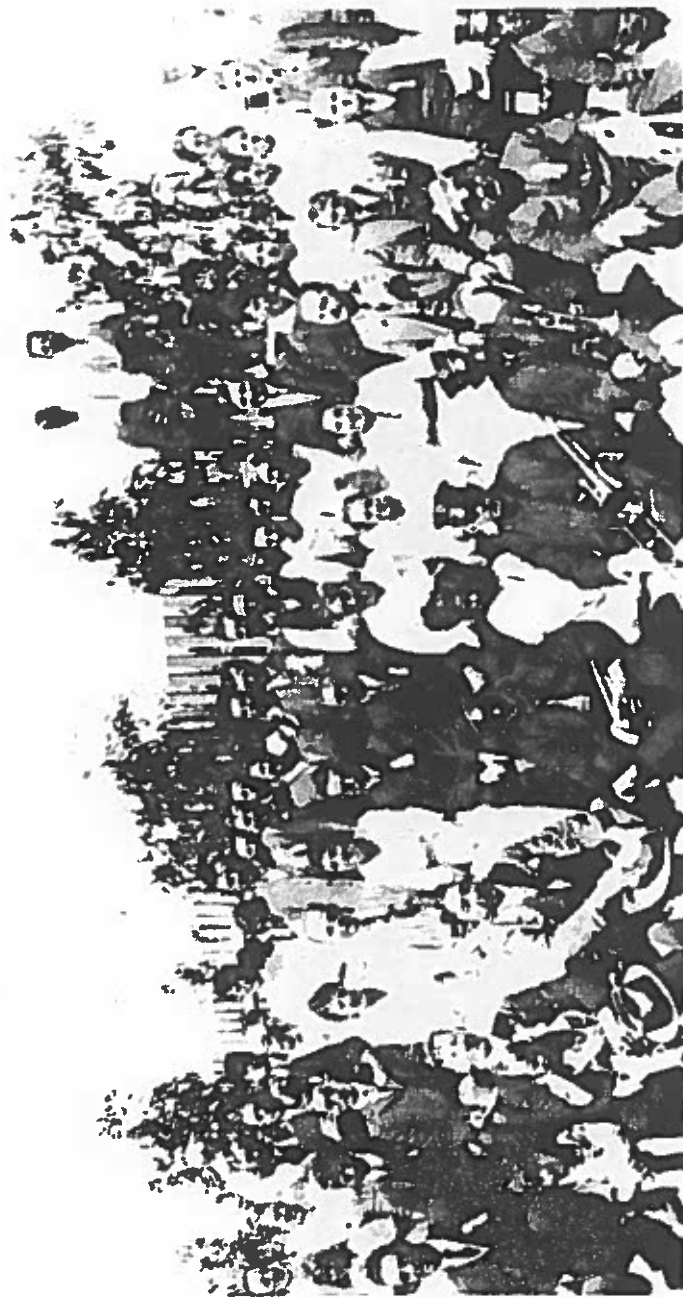


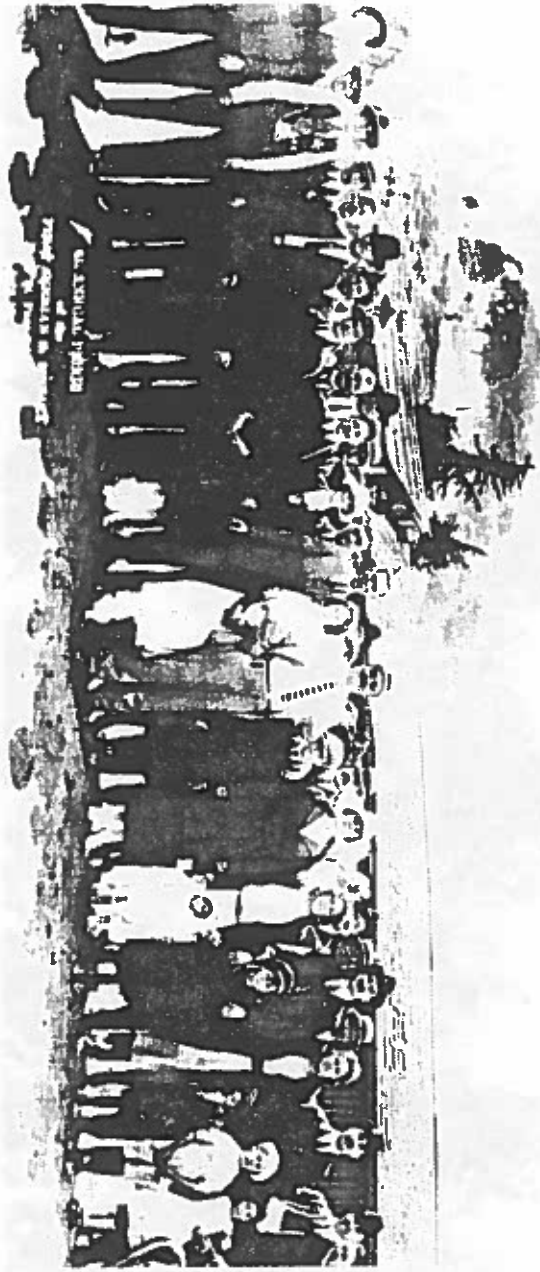
First Serbian Benevolent Society Picnic in
Cupertino, California, 1926.

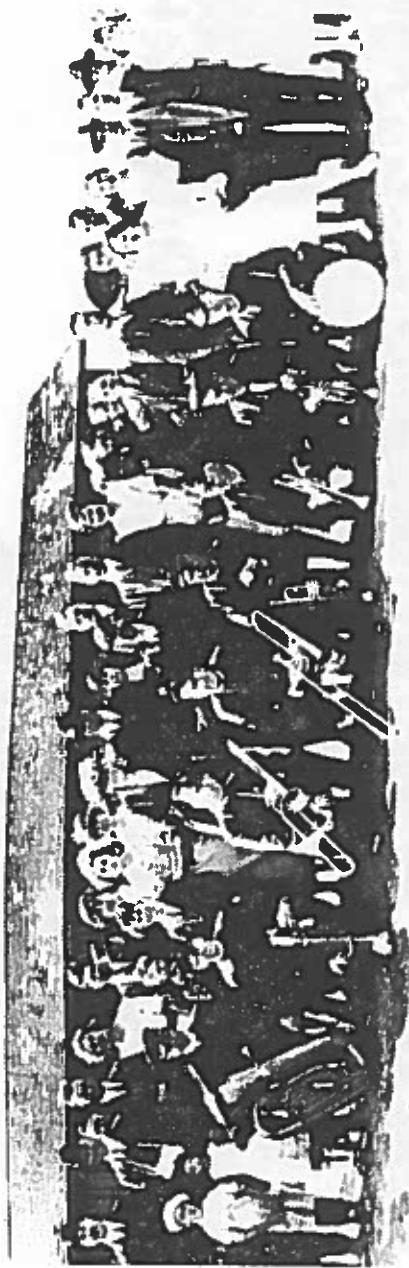


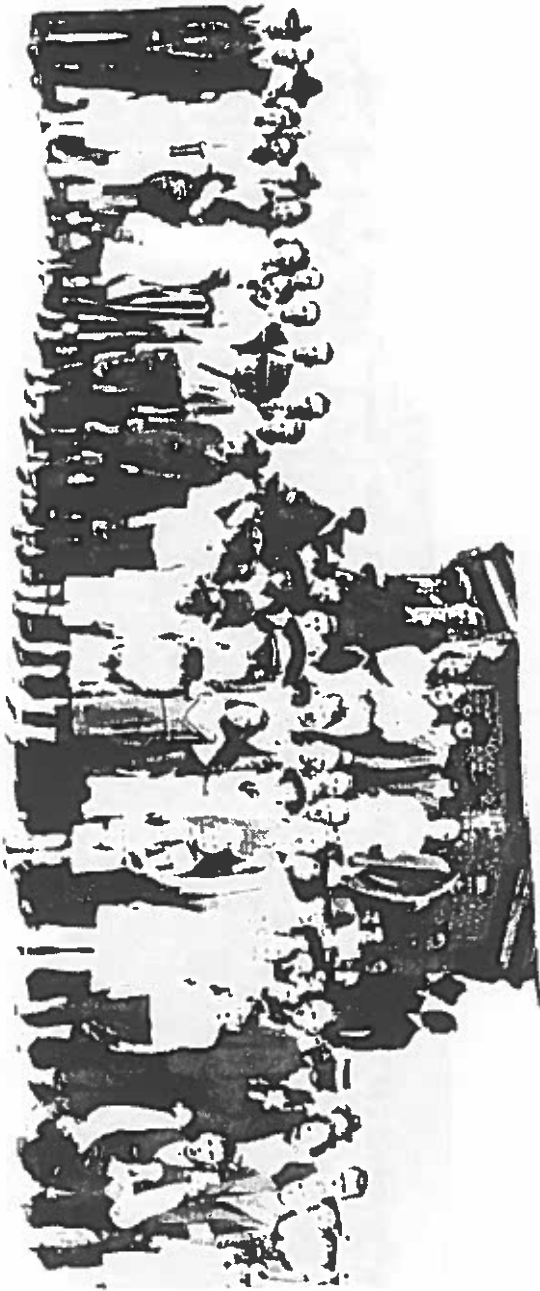


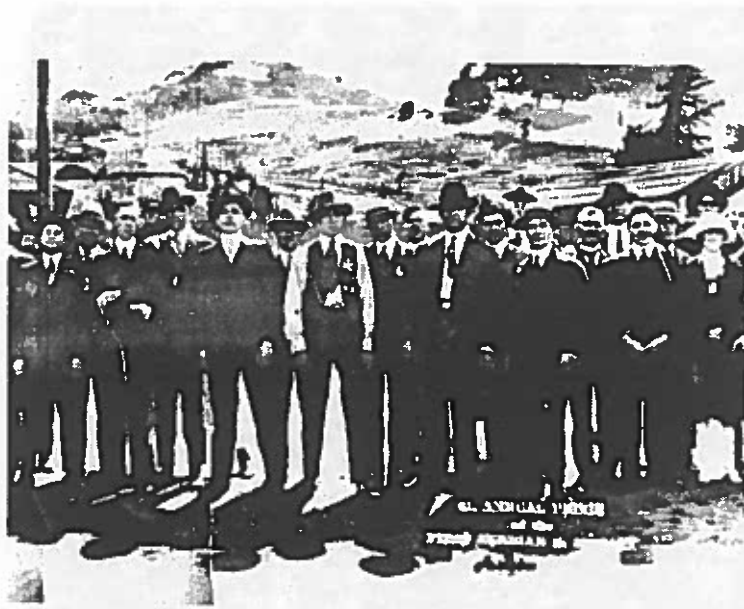






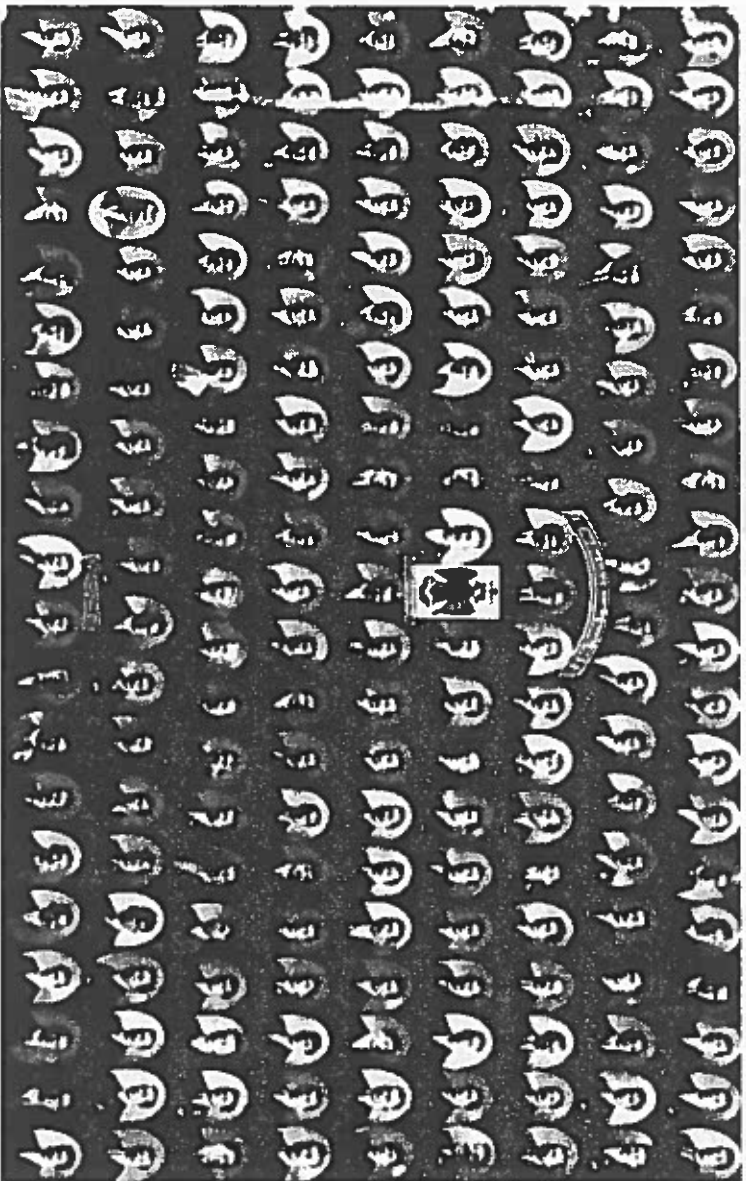






The year of 1890 was marked by the election of the first Roman Catholic President, Mr. Kazimir Antonioli. This was to occur a number of times in ensuing years, the Society's members following the dictum, "*Brat je mio koje vjere bio*" (A brother is dear whatever his faith).

The Society grew from an initial membership of 8, May of 1880, to 126 members in good standing by the end of 1890. In its first two decades of existence the membership grew steadily, yet the first major increase in membership took place in the years 1903 and 1904 when 117 members joined the Society. When it celebrated its 25th anniversary in 1905, the Serbian Society had a membership of 304.



Members of FSBS 1880-1920

In 1890, the first Annual Ball was held. Yet, as regards the Society's celebrations, St. Sava's Day was traditionally one of the most important annual events, as is evidenced from the Society's minutes, and contemporary newspaper accounts. The St. Sava dinners were well attended, and were characterized by the singing of Serbian songs, giving of Serbian toasts, dancing Bokelian and Montenegrin style, and listening to epic songs, sung to the accompaniment of the Serbian gusle.

The Serbian patriotic and pan-Slavic views of the Society's members were manifested in a number of ways. In the Society's hall, along with the Society's banner, and the Serbian and American flags; hung portraits of the King of Serbia, Prince of Montenegro, Czar of Russia, and the founding father of the United States, George Washington. Among these portraits was a painting of Petar Petrovich Njegosh, the esteemed Serbian poet, Montenegrin ruler, and Bishop of the Church. This painting had been done by Velimir Chelovich, a Serb who edited the first Italian newspaper in San Francisco. In a place of honor would also be displayed a gusle, the one stringed musical instrument, by which the Serbs sang of and preserved their history through many years of foreign domination. Much care was also taken in the maintenance of a Serbian library, and the receipt of books as gifts was considered a major event. The members were also extremely proud to display and wear the colorful Montenegrin attire.

The patriotic position taken by the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society, as it was then known, reflected the yearnings for independence of the Serbian people, many of whom were still living under foreign (Habsburg and Ottoman)

rule. Orthodox Russia was considered a friend and defender of the Serbian people, the Austro-Hungarian empire, an enemy. It is interesting to note that while 90 percent of the Society's members came from regions that were at the time under Austro-Hungarian control, primarily from Boka Kotorska and Hercegovina, they declined an invitation to take part in the 50th anniversary of the rule of Franz Joseph, ignoring the warnings of the local Austro-Hungarian consul that they were required to do so as subjects of Franz Joseph. Yet, when Czarevich Nicholas, later to become Czar Nicholas II of Russia, was planning a trip to San Francisco in 1891, the Society initiated preparations to welcome him as an important and honored guest. The Society also refused to take part in a Slavonic Day parade in 1894, due to the failure of the parade's organizers to include a Russian delegation in this supposedly all-Slavic event.

In 1897, when a flood ravaged sections of Serbia, Montenegro, Boka Kotorska, and Bosnia and Hercegovina, the Society established a tradition of relief to its brothers in need in the homeland which it follows to this day. As expressions of gratitude for the Society's aid, letters were sent to the Society by the hierarchs of the Serbian Orthodox Churches in Serbia and Montenegro, Metropolitans Mihailo and Mitrophan Ban. These letters have been preserved in the Society's archives.

The choice of the Society's honorary members also indicates the extent of their patriotic and pan-Slavic point of view. Along with the rulers of Serbia and Montenegro, the Russian pan-Slavs, Aksakov and Cherniaev, and the Dalmatian-Serb leader, Bjelanovic, elected as honorary members were the Bishop

of the Russian Orthodox Church in San Francisco, His Grace Bishop Nicholas of Alaska and the Aleutian Islands, and the distinguished Serbian and pan-Slav poet Jovan Sundeichich. In the correspondence between the Society and Jovan Sundeichich, this worthy poet dedicated a poem in honor of the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society, which is reprinted in full in the appendix of this volume.

This Society also bestowed Diplomas of honorary membership on two prominent Serb-Americans, Vladimir P. Popovich, and John Gregovich. Vladimir Popovich was a distinguished member of the Serbian Society and the San Francisco Serbian community. He was honored for his many contributions to the Society's welfare. A native of Boka Kotorska, he was frequently elected an officer of the Society, and served as its President in the years 1913 and 1914. He was active in local Serbian literary affairs, and he wrote the first history of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, *Zivot i Rad Srpsko-Crnogorskog Literarnog and Dobrtvornog Drustva u San Fanciscku*, (Life and Work of the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society in San Francisco), Oakland, California, 1905.

John Gregovich was a Nevada State Senator at the time of his election to honorary membership in the First Serbian Benevolent Society in 1895. He was the first known South Slav in America to serve in a state legislature. Gregovich was a native of Petrovac na Moru, Boka Kotorska (Pastrovici). He was a true western pioneer, arriving in the 1870's, and coming west by way of the Isthmus of Panama. During his visit to San Francisco in March of 1895 he was

welcomed by the Serbian Society, and elected to honorary membership. A banquet was prepared in his honor at a restaurant owned by two of the Society's members, Gudelj and Mitrovich.

Sloboda (March 23, 1895)

Jovo Gregovic

DRŽAVNI SENATOR U NEVADI.
STIGAO U SAN FRANCISCO.

Ima već nekoliko dana da se nalazi u ovom gradu sa svojom suprugom, četkom i sestrom, Srbin gosp. Jovo Gregović, Senator iz Dravje Novake.



Jovo Gregović, Senator u Dravji Novadi

Ovaj nas čini Srbin, a kome je „Sloboda“ već jednom javila, došao je u našu sredinu zbog svojih poslova, a najviše da poslovi svoje stare prijateljice i braće Srba, jer sve je poslova punih dravski i sva gradina, od kad je posljednjom volje ovaj grad. Tako je u poslova stiglo u našu sredinu „Srpsko Crnogorsko Društvo“ upravo kad braća na okupu bijahu. — Društvo su ga predstavili, kao bivši tajnik gosp. Vladimira Jovčić i gosp. Luka Vuketić, izvanprijatelji, i najviše vidjeti ga u našoj sredini i vama poznati braćima, predsjednik gosp. Petar L. Vukanić i ostali ljudi, koji su im bili bliski. — Društvo su ga predstavili, kao bivši tajnik gosp. Vladimira Jovčić i gosp. Luka Vuketić, izvanprijatelji, i najviše vidjeti ga u našoj sredini i vama poznati braćima, predsjednik gosp. Petar L. Vukanić i ostali ljudi, koji su im bili bliski. — Društvo su ga predstavili, kao bivši tajnik gosp. Vladimira Jovčić i gosp. Luka Vuketić, izvanprijatelji, i najviše vidjeti ga u našoj sredini i vama poznati braćima, predsjednik gosp. Petar L. Vukanić i ostali ljudi, koji su im bili bliski.

Ima toga speliho je nekoliko godina od eladskog „Srpsko Crnogorsko Društvo“ na zadovoljstvo svoje prijateljice kojih lijeve velika broj. Na istom sastanku „Srpskog Crnogorskog Društva“, na predlog gosp. Špeta Hladuša, izvanprijatelji, i najviše vidjeti ga u našoj sredini i vama poznati braćima, predsjednik gosp. Petar L. Vukanić i ostali ljudi, koji su im bili bliski. — Društvo su ga predstavili, kao bivši tajnik gosp. Vladimira Jovčić i gosp. Luka Vuketić, izvanprijatelji, i najviše vidjeti ga u našoj sredini i vama poznati braćima, predsjednik gosp. Petar L. Vukanić i ostali ljudi, koji su im bili bliski.

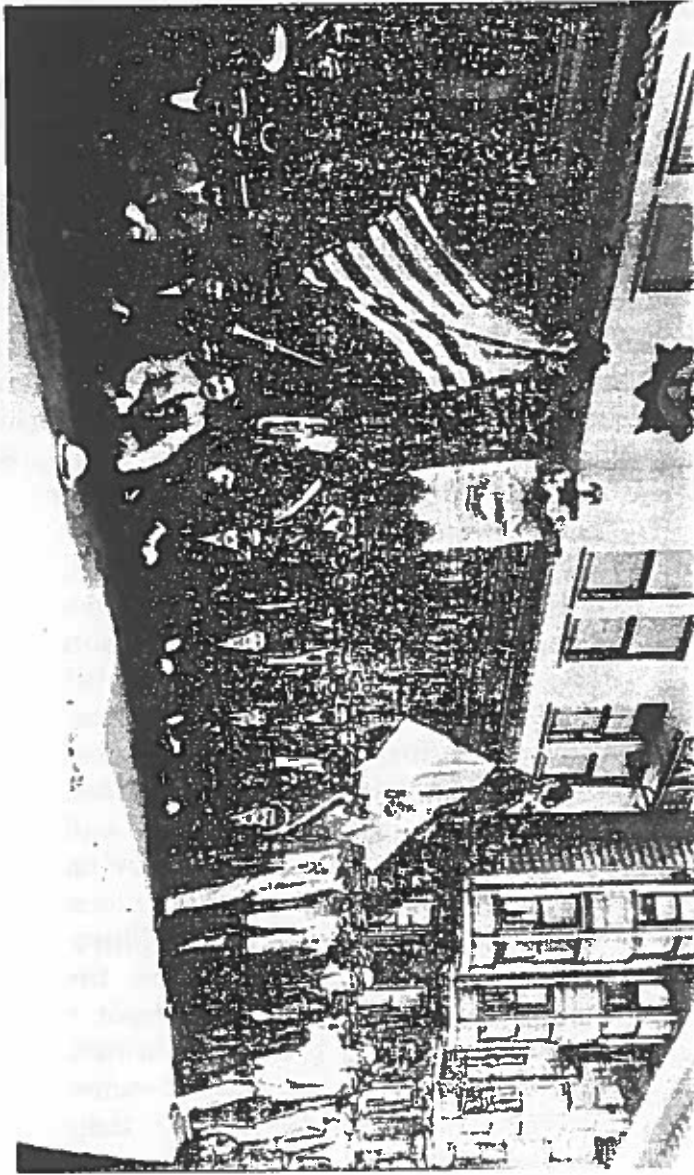
Danas čuo smo i sliku gosp. Gregovića, neka ga više čini, koji nijesu imali priliku vidjeti ga. Zbog nam ovako, „Sloboda“ kćer, i možda se na koncu svoju i svojih, kćerku na sliku i govoru Srbinu u u njezi slavljenosti — na blagovoljenoj zemlji!

The Society in other ways gained recognition in the broader American community. In 1894, the Society answered an inquiry from Stanford University, as to the work of the organization, the donations that it made to various charities and other details of the life of Serbs in America and the homeland.

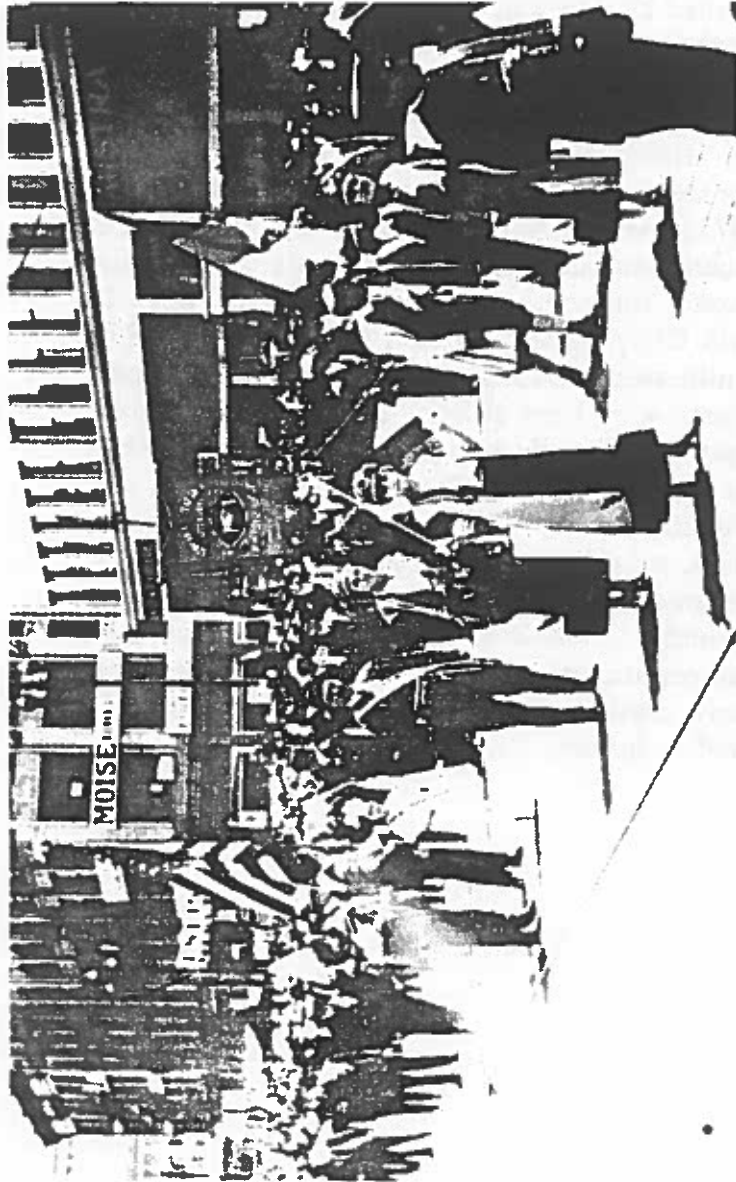
The Society and the Serbs of San Francisco received a great deal of praise for their participation in the July 4th parade which took place in Golden Gate Park in 1894. The Serbian representation was described as one of the most colorful and the Serbian float the best decorated. Over fifty American cultural and civic as well as military and literary groups took part in this parade. The *Morning Call* of July 5, 1894 describes the parade in the following manner:

The Serbian division was one of the best ever seen of any foreign society. They were led by Marshall Petar Popovich, and Aids M. Tripovich and John Glavinovich, with several mounted Montenegrins in their national costumes. The float was one of the finest ever seen in any parade. It contained the American Goddess of Liberty and that of Servia, with sixteen Servian young girls representing sixteen Servian states. Misses Mabel Mitrovich and Ella Dabovich were the goddesses. The carriage of *Sloboda* a Servian paper was prettily decorated. The Servians held patriotic speeches honoring the independence of their adopted country.

The minutes of the Society add that the float was composed of two mountains representing Lovchen



First Serbian Benevolent Society

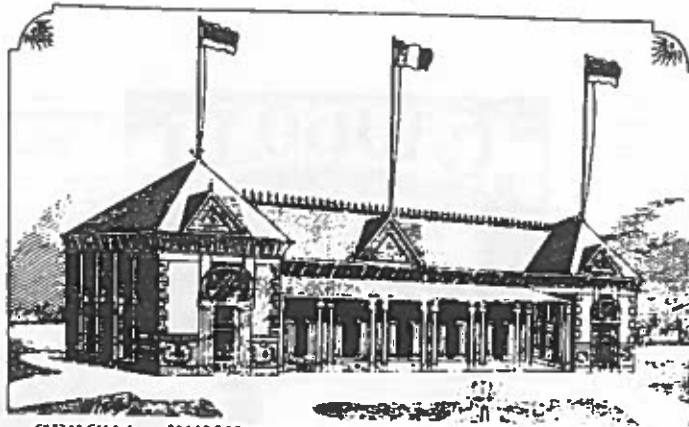


Serbs Parade Down Market Street
San Francisco at the Time of World War I.

and Avala, that the two women holding shields represented Serbia and Montenegro, and that there were eighteen girls dressed in white with ribbons on their shoulders upon which were written the Serbian districts they represented.

John Glavinovich, a native of Amador County, became the Society's first American-born President in 1897. It is interesting to note the presence of American members born of the Society in its formative years, for example Ilija Jovanovich, born in Virginia City, Nevada, joined the Society in 1885. This indicates that the first generation of American-born Serbs were born at least as early as the 1860's.

Thusly, the First Serbian Benevolent Society, then known as the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society, grew in size, expanded its activities, established contacts with the homeland, and became increasingly a part of the San Francisco and broader American community. As the first Serbian organization in America, it set an example that any organization that came afterward could be proud to follow.



СРПСКА, РУМУНСКА И ЦРНОГОРСКА ЗГРАДА.

THE FAIR

RADUJTESE AMERIKANSKI SRBI!

SRPSKA, CRNOGORSKA ZGRADA NA INTERNATIONALNU ZIMSKU IZLOZBU.

SRPSKE GUSLE---BRANKOVO KOLO---
CRNOGORSKO HORO---SRPSKO PRES-
TAVNIŠTVO, NA IZLOZBU U
DALEKU KALIFORNIJU.

Veliko Odusevljenje Amerikanskijeh Srba--
Predlog g. W. E. von Johansen, Pres-
tavnika Rumunjske kraljevine.

Sto Govore Velike Novine Amerikanske o Nama?--
Sta Nam Treba Raditi?-- Molba Amerikanskijeh
Srba, Srpskijem Vladarima.

СЛОБОДА
 ВОДА ЗА ПИСАЊЕ И ПИСМА
 У
 СЛОБОДИ
 ВОДА ЗА ПИСАЊЕ И ПИСМА



„СЛОБОДА“
 ПУБЛИЧНИ ОДБОЈНИК
 СЛОБОДИ
 Издавачница

На издање по 100 копија 1.00
 На годишње 10.00
 На четврт годишње 3.00
 На месечно 0.30
 На поштоматом 0.40
 На поштоматом 0.50
 На поштоматом 0.60

Слобода 1. Среда, 2. Октобар, 1939. Страна 1.



THE FAIR
САДРУЖЕ АМЕРИКАНСКИ САДИ
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Судбина 1

Санджагушко Сопруа 24. 1881

„Српско књижевско Друштво“
„Српско књижевно друштво“
„Српско-Монтенегинско књижевно
Друштво“

Књижарница

Милошевић
Књижарница
Београд
Улица Милошевић
Београд

Ова књига је за сваког њеног
читатеља књижевна и естетска
вредност и значајна је, и
књига је која се може читати
у свакој књижарници.

На књизи је истакао да је
књига је и да је књига је
књига је и да је књига је
књига је и да је књига је
књига је и да је књига је

На књизи је истакао да је
књига је и да је књига је
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књига је и да је књига је

Translation to follow

**Minutes of the First Meetings of the First
Serbian Benevolent Society**

First Meeting

San Francisco, April 27, 1880

**Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent
Society**

Attending:

Mihajlo Rashkovich
Antonije Vukasovich
George S. Martinovich
Jovo Pavkovich
Krsto Gopceovich
Jovo Jovovich

resolved to organize the above mentioned Society and committed voluntarily their honor to sustain it and in case of need to secure its perpetuity by their moral and material support.

On recommendation of Mr. Rashkovich authority was given to Mr. Antonije Vukasovich to find the premises for Society's meetings and to purchase essential furnishings and other material for it.

On recommendation of the same next meeting was scheduled for May 2, 1880 at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Second Meeting

San Francisco, May 2, 1880

Attending:

M. Rashkovich
A. Vukasovich
G. Martinovich
J. Jovovich
J. Pavkovich
K. Gopceovich
V. Jovovich
R. Begovich

In a somewhat lengthy speech Mr. Rashkovich explained the reason for the meeting and suggested that the president and other officers of the Society be elected. Suggestion was unanimously accepted. On his motion the majority of votes elected Mr. A. Vukasovich for the president.

The president took his chair and proposed the following gentlemen for officers of the Society:

Vice President: M. Rashkovich

Secretary: G.S. Martinovich

Treasurer: Jovo Jovovich

Board: V. Jovovich, Jovo Pavkovich, K.
Gopceovich, R. Begovich

all were unanimously elected.

The recommendation made by G. Martinovich that a Committee be appointed to draft Society's by-laws, rules and regulations was unanimously accepted and necessary work assigned to Mr. Rashkovich. In a lengthy statement Mr. Rashkovich proposed that in accordance with the urgent need and requirements of the time a Library be established in San Francisco. The proposal was accepted and for the manager of the same Mr. Rashkovich was unanimously elected.

It was agreed that the formation of the Library be announced in the following Serbian newspapers: *Srpska Zora*, Vienna, Austria, *Istok*, Belgrade, Serbia, *Glas Crnogoraca*, Cetinje, Montenegro, with the appeal to these newspapers and reading Serbian public for every possible assistance to the Library. Likewise, it was decided to send a petition to the Ministry of Education and Church Affairs in Beograd to send to the Library out of Serbian Government's Library some educational material.

Unanimously resolved that until the end of May 1881 those wishing to become members of the Society will pay, in addition to one dollar monthly dues an admission fee of 5 dollars if up to 30 years of age, 10 dollars if 30 to 40 years of age, 15 dollars if 40 to 50 years of age. For those over 50 years old the Society will decide.

A meeting was scheduled for next Friday.

G.S. Martinovich
Secretary

The Growth of the Society to World War II

In the first quarter of its existence, the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society, as it was then known, grew from its initial and founding members to 304 members in good standing, at the time of the Society's 25th Anniversary celebration in 1905.

The years, 1903-1912, witnessed the greatest increase in Serbian immigration to America. In the years 1903 and 1904 alone, 117 new members joined the Society.

The largest single increase in membership took place in 1909. At this time, the Serbian Benevolent Society *Zmaj* (named for the Serbian poet Zmaj Jovan Jovanovich) merged with the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society. On a single day, December 15, 1909, the Society's membership was increased by almost 200. The San Francisco *Call* reported the event in its December 22, 1909 edition in the following manner.

"200 Join Serbian-Montenegrin Society Members of Zmaj Unite With Larger Organization

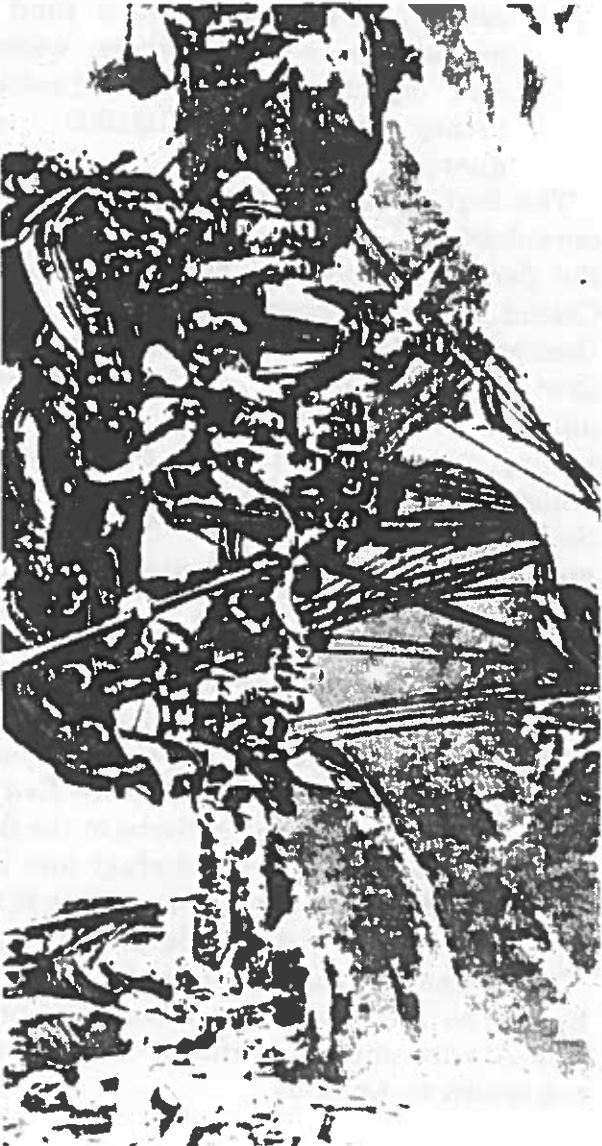
Two hundred members of the Serbian Benevolent Society Zmaj united with the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society at the recent annual meeting of the latter organization, being received into membership by president John Shero-vich of the Literary and Benevolent Society.

The Serbian-Montenegrin Literary

and Benevolent Society now numbers 600 members. It maintains its own cemetery at Colma, has a fund to provide for aged members, widows and orphans, and is now raising money to build a \$100,000 headquarters ...⁴¹

The Serbian Benevolent Society *Zmaj* had been organized in San Francisco in 1904 as a branch of the Serbian Benevolent Society of Angels Camp, California, and a member of the Serbian Fraternal Benevolent Federation of Chicago, (Prvi Srpski Bratski Dobrotvorni Savez). This Federation broke apart in 1909 with part of the Federation's lodges joining the newly formed Serbian Federation "Sloga" (Unity). A number of of the members of the Serbian Benevolent Society *Zmaj* had also been members of the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society prior to the merger of the two societies. It appears though, that many of them had arrived in San Francisco in the years between 1904 and 1909, either directly from Europe or from various western mining camps. At the outset of the First World War, the San Francisco *Examiner* estimated that there were 5,000 Serbs in the Bay cities.⁴² The Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society had over 600 members at this time.

During the period of the Balkan Wars and World War I, many of the Society's members traveled to Europe as volunteers for the Serbian and Montenegrin Armies and a significant number of them did not return to America.



The Montenegrins, under Prince Nikola reach the Adriatic after their victory against the Turks in the War of 1876-1878. The famous Serbian writer, Ljubomir Nenadovich, wrote about meeting two Montenegrin volunteers who traveled from California to take part in this struggle. See Ljubomir P. Nenadovic, *O Crnogorcima* Belgrade, 1929, p. 88.

The years between the First and Second World Wars did not see an appreciable increase in the size of the Serbian community in the Bay Area, largely due to the American Government's institution of a quota system on immigration.

The First Serbian Benevolent Society, as the Society was now named, had always drawn its membership from Serbs in various parts of the Western United States. Even in the Society's early years, when transportation was slow and difficult, members were found to reside in towns as far from San Francisco as Virginia City, Nevada, Tombstone, Arizona, and Butte, Montana. In later years the Society established Area Representatives in numerous towns, not only throughout the Western United States, but in Canada and Yugoslavia!

Shortly after the celebration of the Society's 50th Anniversary, in 1930, the Serbian Benevolent Society in Angels Camp, California dissolved its corporation and was accepted into membership in the First Serbian Benevolent Society.

The Serbian Benevolent Society in Angels Camp had been organized in 1893, incorporated in 1903. As has been mentioned, it was for a time a member of the short-lived "Chicago Federation". In the early 1900's there had been hundreds of Serbian gold-miners in Angels Camp and the surrounding towns of Calaveras County. In 1910 they built a small Serbian Orthodox Church, dedicated to St. Basil of Ostrog, (one of the most venerated Saints among Montenegrin and Hercegovinian Serbs).⁴³

At the time of the Balkan Wars and World War I many of the young Serbian miners left California's

Mother Lode Country to fight on the European fronts. Later on, many Serbs moved from the mining districts to other parts of California. By 1930, there were relatively few Serbian families in Angels Camp. At the end of this year, the 39 remaining members of the Angels Camp Society were accepted into the membership of the First Serbian Benevolent Society.

Speech given by Ilija T. Balich, then President of the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society on the occasion of its 25th Anniversary, May 2, 1905.

Ladies and Gentlemen: My dear brothers and beloved sisters! My heart dances and it seems to me that from sheer joy it wants to jump out of this weak breast when I look about and see such a beautiful bouquet of the select flower of our Serbian colony gathered here this evening in this decorated hall, that together, in brotherly love, as is proper for the Serbs that we celebrate a great day, a day of happiness and rejoicing—a day of great pride. This is a day full of joy and pride, not only for us gathered here, but for all the Serbians in America, for this is the day we celebrate the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the First Serbian organization in North America, that is our beloved Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society. Twenty five years have passed since those first eight

Serbian patriots gathered and laid the foundation of the first Serbian cultural organization in this foreign land and thusly, spread the Serbian symbol, the Serbian tri-color, that it might proudly wave on the shores of the Pacific Ocean, and that under it might be gathered all of Serbdom emigrating from the old homeland.

Over all this new free homeland of ours, we see Serbs organizing and following our founders' footsteps, for the progress of our people. God grant that in the near future we will all form one mighty entity, moving in concert for the honor and progress of Serbdom and the Serbian name!

And now ladies and gentlemen, with the help of God and with your permission, I open this celebration greeting you on this happy day, and to the founders I say, "Thank you and eternal memory'."

Footnotes

41. San Francisco *Call*, December 22, 1909
42. San Francisco *Examiner*, July 29, 1914
43. Kodzich, Archimandirte Georgije, "Duhovni Zivot i Bogomolje Pravoslavnih Srba u Kaliforniji" in *Jugoslav American Herald*, San Francisco, October 28, 1938, 4.

Activities of the Society During the Balkan Wars and World War I

On the eve of the famous San Francisco earthquake and fire of 1906, the local Serbian newspaper *Sloboda* reported that "There were 2,000 Serbs in the city of San Francisco, mostly natives of Boka Kotorska and Hercegovina."

The earthquake put a temporary stop to the business of the then Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society and ended a page in the history of Serbian journalism in San Francisco with the destruction of *Sloboda's* offices and press.

Immediately after the earthquake the Society formed a special committee to investigate the whereabouts and condition of the Society's members and other San Francisco Serbs and to offer any necessary aid. Donations were received from Serbs living in neighboring western communities.

The San Francisco Serbian community had been somewhat dispersed by the earthquake, yet in the years following it, they rebuilt old and established new institutions and entered one of the most important eras in its history, culminating in the struggle of the Serbian people in Europe for freedom and unification during the Balkan Wars and World War I.

In 1907 the Society formed a committee to work together with the local Serbian Club to form a Serbian National Fund in San Francisco. The Society donated the proceeds of its St. Sava Day dinner this year for the establishment of the Serbian National Fund.

The Serbian National Fund was sponsored by a number of Serbian organizations, including the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society, the Serbian Club, and the Serbian Benevolent Society "Zmaj". Its purpose was to open schools and libraries and support poorer Serbs in many regions of the Serbian homeland, and to become the central patriotic, cultural, and educational institution for Serbs in America. It devoted some thousands of dollars to the Circle of Serbian Sisters in Belgrade, Serbian Schools in Macedonia, the Privrednik Society in Zagreb, Prosveta in Sarajevo, Zora in Dubrovnik and the Serbian National Defense in Belgrade. It sponsored the publication of the *Serbian Herald* in San Francisco. When the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary & Benevolent Society formed a Serbian Relief Society during World War I, the Serbian National Fund disbanded, turning its assets over to the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society and its library over to the Serbian Club, which then existed as the Serbian Soko Organization.

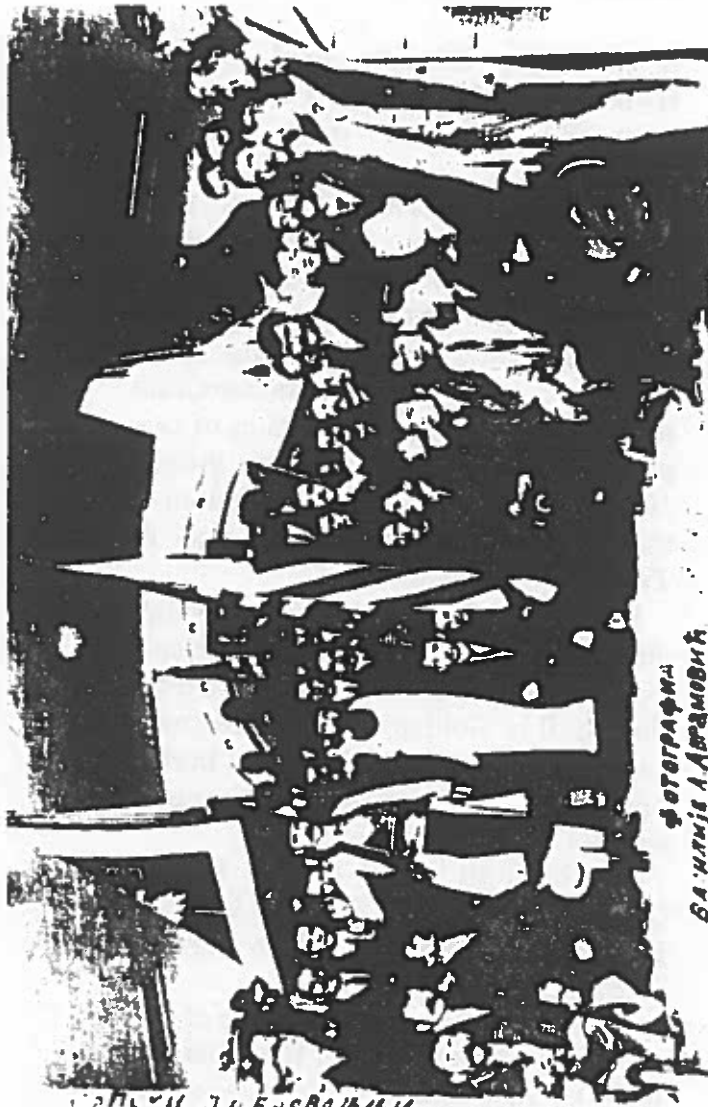
When the armies of Serbian and Montenegro went to war with the Turks at the time of the first Balkan War in 1912, Serbian men and women some of whom had spent 20, 30 and more years in America and some who were born here, formed committees, organized meetings and speeches, organized a National Defense, relief for widows and orphans and formed a volunteer unit of young Serbs to travel to the Balkan battlefields. At the outset of the struggle, the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society alone donated \$5,000.00 and was responsible for gaining sympathy for the Serbian cause from many American individuals, publica-

tions and organizations. The Society bade farewell to a group of 117 volunteers and gave them the Serbian and American flags that the Society had purchased in 1884. This flag was later placed by the Montenegrin Government in the state arsenal at Cetinje.

In the Society's minutes are recorded the names of the Society members that went as volunteers into the Balkan War:

Steve Braticevich	Ilija Ljubibratic
George Jankovich	Spiro Miljanovich
Bozidar Lazarevich	Trifko Nozica
Jovan A. Lucich	Spiro Radojcich
Stevan Medenica	Vaso Rajkovich
Blazo Radonjich	Jovo Sulaver
George Sisovich	Ilija Vujanovich
Mitar Vujanovich	Ivo Vrbica
Filip Vukmanovich	Jovo Kovacina

The *San Francisco Call* published a front page article on the departure of the volunteers with a photo of some of the volunteers and the local Russian Orthodox priest who blessed their journey, which we reprint here:



Српски добровољци
Срп. клуб С.Ф. Кал. Прикрећану
у Бојн-Балкану

ФОТОГРАФИЈА
БАКИЊЕ А. АРЈАНОВИЋ

Serbian Volunteers for the Balkan War from San Francisco in 1912 with a Russian Orthodox Priest

**Blessings, Kisses and Battle
Hymn Speed Serb and Montene-
grin Patriots on Way to War**

Their brass band did not play "Onward Christian Soldiers", when the Serbians and Montenegrins left San Francisco yesterday for the war in the Balkans, but the young Slavs went forth Christian soldiers marching as to war with the benediction of two priests to speed them on their tour of 10,000 miles to fight for the freedom of their people, now under the heel of Turkey and Moslemism.

Father Paskovski of the Russian church, in a deep blue velvet cassock, marched at the head of the Serbs from their hall in Golden Gate Avenue near Laguna Street to the ferry. He bore a heavy golden cross and with the sacred symbol blessed the patriots.

At the hall those of the Roman Catholic faith were blessed by their pastor, Father Turk, of the Serbian Catholic church.

There was much of the music of war and the shouting of the forming legions, but there were also kisses and tears as the young Serbs bade farewell to their mothers, wives and sweet-hearts. The faces of the girls were bright with savor of military adven-

tures, but the elderly women had tears for the youths who were marching away.⁴⁴

Many of these women knew the savagery of the Turk, they had seen his fury in the days when they dwelt in the austere black mountains near the frontier of the Ottoman empire in the path of the maurading Moslem and they knew that war could mean death as well as glory - that many of the youths who blithely left Market Street yesterday would not return from the battle field.

So they wept while their bright-faced daughters pinned flowers on the coats of the warriors and kissed them as sisters should and sweethearts might.

The march down Market Street was made with the band playing the Serbian battle hymn, "Rado Ide" which name may be rendered into English as "Willingly He Goes". Two hundred and fifty Serbians went willingly yesterday.

At the head of the column were carried four flags. Two of them were American flags, one was the red, white and blue emblem of the Serbian kingdom, with its royal arms on the tricolored field, and the other was the square Montenegrin flag, a red field, bordered by white, and bearing the war eagle of the fighting people of the

black mountain country. The tops of the staffs bore knots of flowers and the scene in Market Street was vivid with the color of the banners flying in the sunlight, the richness of the priest's cassock and the picturesqueness of the native Montenegrin uniform worn by Ilya Vujanovich, one of the volunteers.

For several blocks behind the group of patriots marched their countrymen and countrywomen, each bearing two flags, an American banner and the tricolor of Serbia.

There were many women in line—pretty Dalmatian girls, strong Serbian women, with their arms filled with flowers to toss at the departing warriors.

In the line were Cedo Pavich, editor of the Serbian Herald, who left his classes at the University of California to enlist in his country's war. Bozo Gopceovich, Milo Martinovich, first cousin to King Nikola of Montenegro and uncle of the Montenegrin minister of war; Bozo Lazarevich and R. Vukich, who sold their business to go to war; George Cvetkovich, who left his cafe and billiard parlors to fight against the Turks; Spaso Milanovich, George Revarsky, Milorad Ajdukovich and more than 200 others.

Peter Gopceovich was marshal of the parade and his aides were Vladimir Popovich, John Sherovich, Milan

Stanisich, Adam Vercevic and E.T. Balich, president of the Serbian National Defense League of San Francisco.

Among others prominent in the line of march was Stephen N. Mitrovich, a leader in the local Montenegrin colony, who will depart in a few days for the front, joining his comrades in New York. He is a veteran of the Montenegrin army, having fought in 1877 against the Turks. In addition to their banners, the Serbians bore a standard on which was the declaration, 'Serbians going to the front for justice and liberty.'

The start was made from the Serbian-Montenegrin club, Golden Gate Avenue near Laguna Street at 2:30 o'clock. The line of the parade, in which more than a thousand marched, was along Golden Gate to Van Ness Avenue, Van Ness to Market Street and down Market to the ferry, where the 250 volunteers embarked on the 4:20 boat for the Oakland mole, where a special train was waiting to take them to New York.

The volunteers are being sent to the front by the Serbian National Defense League, which furnishes the sinews of war. The fund is popular, and so far nearly \$20,000 has been either paid in or subscribed. The various Slavonian societies have given sums ranging

from \$1,000 to \$5,000 and individuals have come forward with cash in sums from \$10 to \$500. The Crocker National Bank has charge of the fund, and will receive subscriptions.

The following societies have subscribed: Serbian and Montenegrin Society, \$5,000; Serbian Ladies Society, \$1,000; Serbian National Fund, \$1,000; Serbian Benevolent Society "Zeta" \$1,000.
(the next page is a photograph of the article)

Father Paskovski of the Russian church, who, holding aloft a golden cross, led the procession of Serbian and Montenegrin patriots on their way to war, through this city's streets yesterday. Above him is Peter Juch, one of those who left for the front, saying goodbye to girl friends.

Blessings, Kisses and Battle Hymn Speed Serb and Montenegrin Patriots on Way to War

Their brass band did not play "Onward, Christian Soldier," when the Serbians and Montenegrins left San Francisco yesterday for the war in the Balkans, but the young Slavs went forth Christian soldiers marching as to war with the benediction of two priests to speed them on their tour of 11,000 miles to fight for the freedom of their people, now under the heel of Turkey and Islamism.

ROYAL RULERS MAY RACE YACHTS HERE

Lipton's Plan to Invite Crowned Heads to Participate in Exhibition Events

(Special Dispatch to The Call)
CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—Sir Thomas Lipton, who is visiting in Chicago, is responsible for a movement toward the invitation of Emperor William of Germany, King George of Great Britain and King Alfonso of Spain to race their private yachts in the Pacific in the course of the expedition in 1915.

It is Sir Thomas' own little idea, and he is convinced that the right sort of action will be taken. He said that the great naval race will be held in the Pacific, and that the Golden Gate will be the starting point. Within two weeks the Emperor will go to San Francisco to confer with Admiral C. Rodgers, previous to the expedition as to ways and means of installing the Emperor as the royal yacht. The idea of the personal attendance of the monarchs is, it is thought, not probable, though one of them might come.

In his meeting with Rogers, Sir Thomas will discuss the best method of getting the boats through the strait and to San Francisco.

Lipton's own yacht, the Shamrock, will be the first to go through the canal in the wake of the great battleship fleet of all the world. One of his guests is likely to be the former Emperor Eugenie of France, who opened the Panama canal and was at Lipton's guest.

There was a conference in the apartment of Sir Thomas at the hotel in which Frank L. Brown, one of the directors of the expedition, was present.

Priest Leads With Cross

Father Paskovski of the Russian church, in a deep blue velvet cassock, marched at the head of the Serbs from their hall in Golden Gate avenue near Laguna street to the ferry. He bore a heavy golden cross and with the sacred symbol blessed the patriots. At the hall those of the Roman Catholic faith were blessed by the pastor, Father Turk, of the Serbian Catholic church.

Blessings, Kisses and Tears

There was much of the mood of war and the shouting of the morning trumpet, but there were also kisses and tears as the young Serbs bade farewell to their mothers, wives and girlfriends. The faces of the girls were bright with the sorrow of military adventure, but the elderly women had tears for the youths who were marching away.

Many of these women knew the suffering of the Turk, they had seen his fury in the days when they dwelt in the aneolva black mountains near the frontier of the Ottoman empire in the path of the marauding Moslem, and they knew that war could mean death as well as glory—that many of the youths who blithely left Market street yesterday would not return from the battle field.

Battle Hymn Paces Patriots

As they went while their bright faces gleamed with dew on the cheeks of the warriors and blood on them as others shuddered and swooned in a mist.

The march down Market street was made with the band playing the Serbian battle hymn, "Bado Ica," which soon may be rendered into English as "William's He Goes." Two hundred and fifty Serbians were willingly seen.

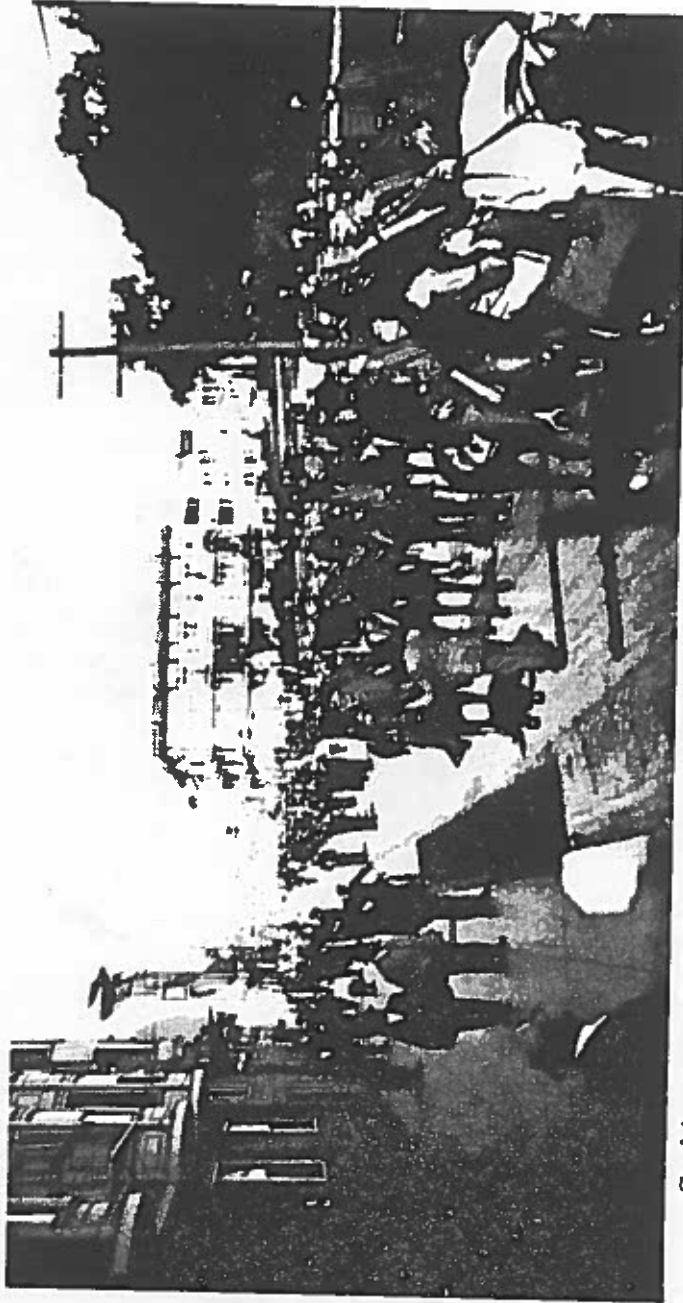
At the head of the column were Captain Zalk and two of them were

The Serbian Society appropriated \$9,338.75 for those volunteers not able to pay their travelling expenses and sent \$5,000.00 to the Red Cross of the Kingdoms of Serbia and Montenegro.

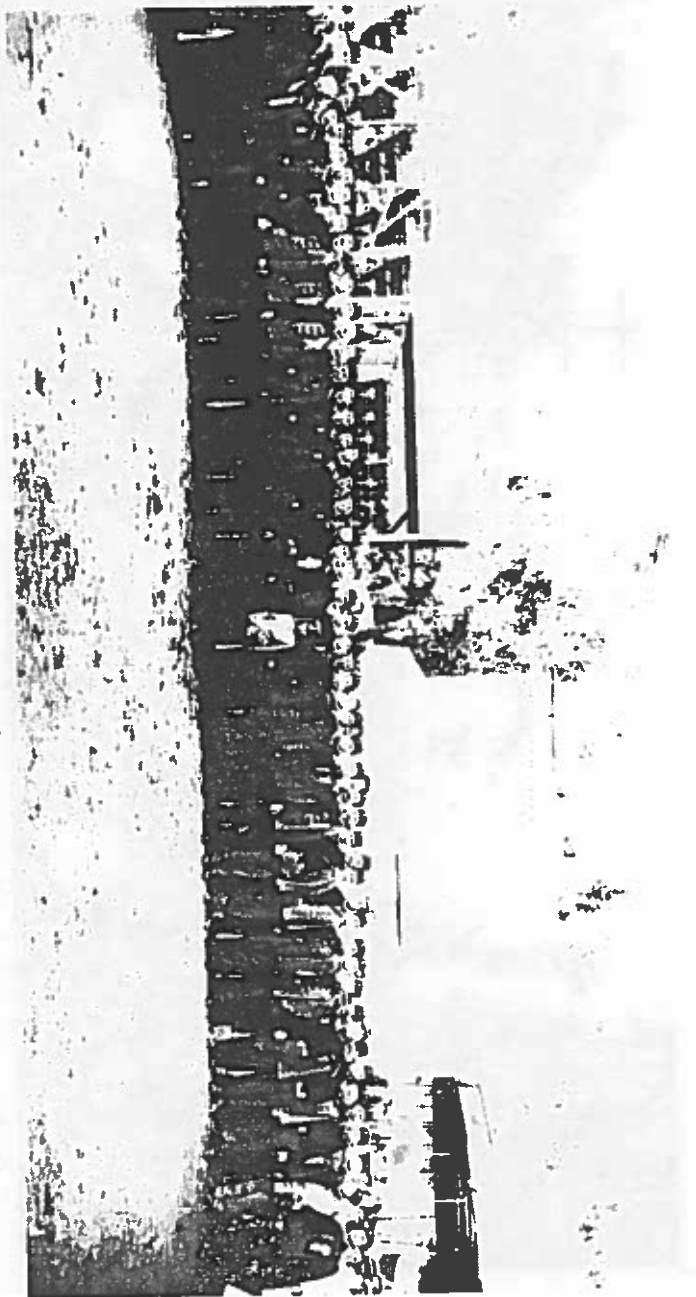
During World War I the Society's relief and volunteer efforts reached major proportions.

On the eve of the war the Society numbered over 600 members. On the day Princip's gun was fired in Sarajevo, the Serbs of San Francisco celebrated their traditional Vidov Dan (St. Vitus Day) celebration commemorating the Serbian defeat by the Turks at the Battle of Kosovo in 1389.

The Society, along with all the other major Serbian organizations sponsored a picnic at Shuetzen Park in Marin County. They paraded through the streets of San Francisco led by mounted members of the SOKO (Falcon) Club, (a patriotic and athletic organization) behind Serbian and American flags and a band to such songs as "Rado ide Srbin u Vojnike" (Joyfully the Serb Goes to War).



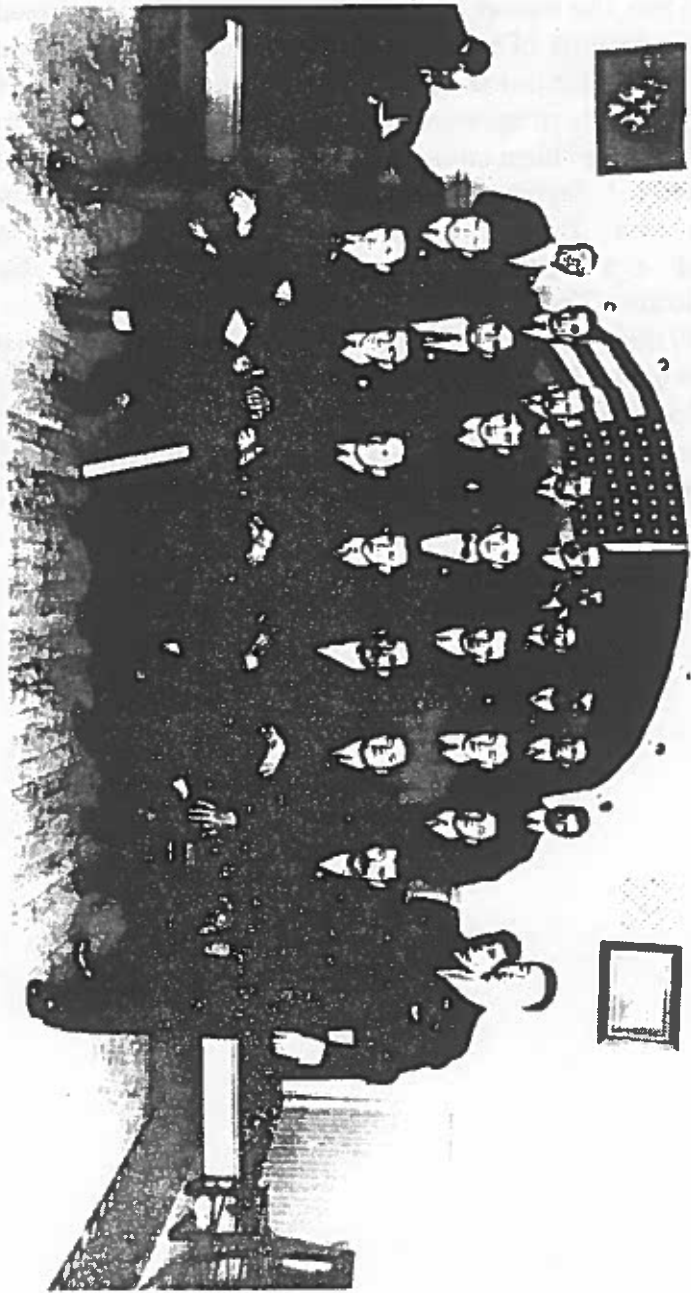
Serbian parade led by Mounted Members of Soko (Falcon) Organization



Members of
Serbian SOKO (falcon) Organization

After the outset of the war, the Society organized more groups of volunteers, some of them who had been participants in the 1912 struggle, named committees of assistance, urged noted Americans to help the Serbian cause and sent donations to the Red Cross of Serbia and Montenegro to the Yugoslav National Defense, to refugees from Hercegovina and even purchased two ambulances for the Salonika Front.

90 members volunteered for the Serbian, American and other Allied Armies and from its organization in 1915 to the end of the war, the Society's relief fund donated \$29,648.48 for food, money, clothing and medicine.



Group of Serbian Volunteers from San Francisco, World War I

SERBS OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA

1912 Volunteer Committee for Montenegrin Army
in San Francisco:

President Ilija T. Balich

Luka S. Radoichich

Lazar Simov Curich

Vlado Popovich

Simo Kurtovich

Stevo Gerunovich

Jovo Serovich

Petar Gopceovich

Nikola Grahovac

Aleksandar Gojun, of San Francisco

Krsto Milisich

Mirko Ljubibratic

Mico Gojkovich

Nikola Kujacich - of Oakland

Djuro Cuckovich

Nikola Pendo - of Cupertino

Tane Spremo

Djuro Bubresko - of Watsonville

Serbian-Literary and Benevolent Society of San
Francisco donated transportation costs.

Volunteers led by Ceda Pavich-Spiro S. Radoicich.

Examiner 4/7/1915

**LOCAL AID ASKED FOR DISTRESSED
SERBIANS**

**San Franciscans asked to open purses to end
suffering.**

An appeal directed to all San Franciscans to help the distressed Serbian and Montenegrin peoples is being made by the Serbian-Montenegrin L and B Society, which has its headquarters at 1034 Golden Gate Avenue.

The call comes from president, John Kukaviza, who has appointed the following committee to take charge:

Chairman - Milan G. Stanisich

Treasurer - Vladimir Popovich

Secretary - John Sherovich

Financial Secretary - Lazar Dropo and Milan
Kukaviza

Milos Mandich, Bozo Matkovich, Ilija Gudelj,
Mitar Skero and Mitar Vujanovich.

"Since 1912 the Serbians have been fighting" says Kukaviza, "and the misery and suffering of the people is beyond description. Homes have been destroyed, crops burned, and now the dreadful typhus has broken out among the soldiers. The people are dying by the hundreds from lack of medicine and medical supplies.

"The Serbian Red Cross is not able to attend to all of its people, as every bit of medicine and bandages have been used up. Will not the generous people of San Francisco come forward and help the Serbians in their hour of need? We hope in the name of humanity that they will."

Local Aid Asked for Distressed Serbians

**San Franciscans Asked to Open
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The call comes from president, John Kukaviza, who has appointed the following committee to take charge.

Chairman, Milan G. Stamenich, treasurer, Vladimir I. Jovich, secretary, John Stenich, financial secretary, Lazar Jovich, and Milan Kusa. Also, Miroslav, Bozo Matkovic, Aljo Gudic, Mitar Njemi and Mitar Vujanovich.

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**U.S. TROOPS ESCORT SERB VOLUNTEERS
THROUGH CITY**
**Flag of Ancient Slavonic Nation Waves Beside
Old Glory as Patriots Leave for Front**

San Francisco yesterday for the first time saw the Stars and Stripes carried down Market Street under the escort of United States troops side by side with the banners of its allies.

The companions of "Old Glory" were humble. The flag of the ancient Slav nation, consisting of Croatia, Dalmatia and Slavonia, which has not existed free for centuries, and the flag of Serbia floated alongside the Stars and Stripes.

Behind those banners and behind detachments of the Fourth and Fifth coast artillery from Fort Winfield Scott, were 125 Serbo-Croatian volunteers on their way to the Serb border on the Saloniki war front.

The 125 were a part of nearly 500 men who have enlisted in California among the South Slav races to join an army of 50,000 South Slav volunteers from the United States for duty on the Salonika front.

Nicola Djonovich, former editor of the Serbian paper, *Justice*, at Belgrade has done the recruiting. Under the arrangements made by him, another detachment will leave San Francisco Thursday, another Saturday and the remainder next week.

Serbians, Montenegrins, Dalmatians, Croatians and a sprinkling of Rumanians, composed yesterday's volunteers. As the men stood on the steps of the City Hall, Rev. Vasily Dvornikoff pleaded with them in Russian to fight for liberty. In the procession which marched from 1034 Golden Gate Avenue to pier 16, was a Pole near the age of three score and ten.

As the volunteers left their hall, some pretty South Slav girls saw that each wore a white and red carnation and a cornflower with a sprig of maiden-hair fern in his coat lapel.

There was one halt ... before the City Hall ... where the volunteers were addressed by Edward Rainey, secretary to Mayor James Rolph, Jr., and reviewed by Lieutenant-Commanders M.C. Gorgas, R. H. Minor and John S. Willis of the United States Navy.

And as the men departed from the city, the Fabris band played the "Rado Ide", or "Willing to Go."

U. S. Troops Escort Serb Volunteers Through City

Flag of Ancient Slavonic Nation Waves Beside Old Glory as Patriots Leave for Front

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will remain in California.

Serbian, Montenegrin, Dalmatian, Croatian and a sprinkling of Rumanians composed yesterday's volunteers. As the men stood on the steps of the City Hall they vastly outnumbered those who were in line to escort them. In the procession which marched from 1024 Golden Gate avenue to pier 17 was a Pole near the age of three score and ten.

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Masons of San Francisco to Give Complete Ambulance Unit to U. S.



Serbian Volunteers from San Francisco
World War I



Volunteers for Serbian Army World War I
1915. Market Street San Francisco



Serbian Volunteers from San Francisco
for Salonika Front. World War I.

ACTING MAYOR HONORS SERBIAN HOLIDAY

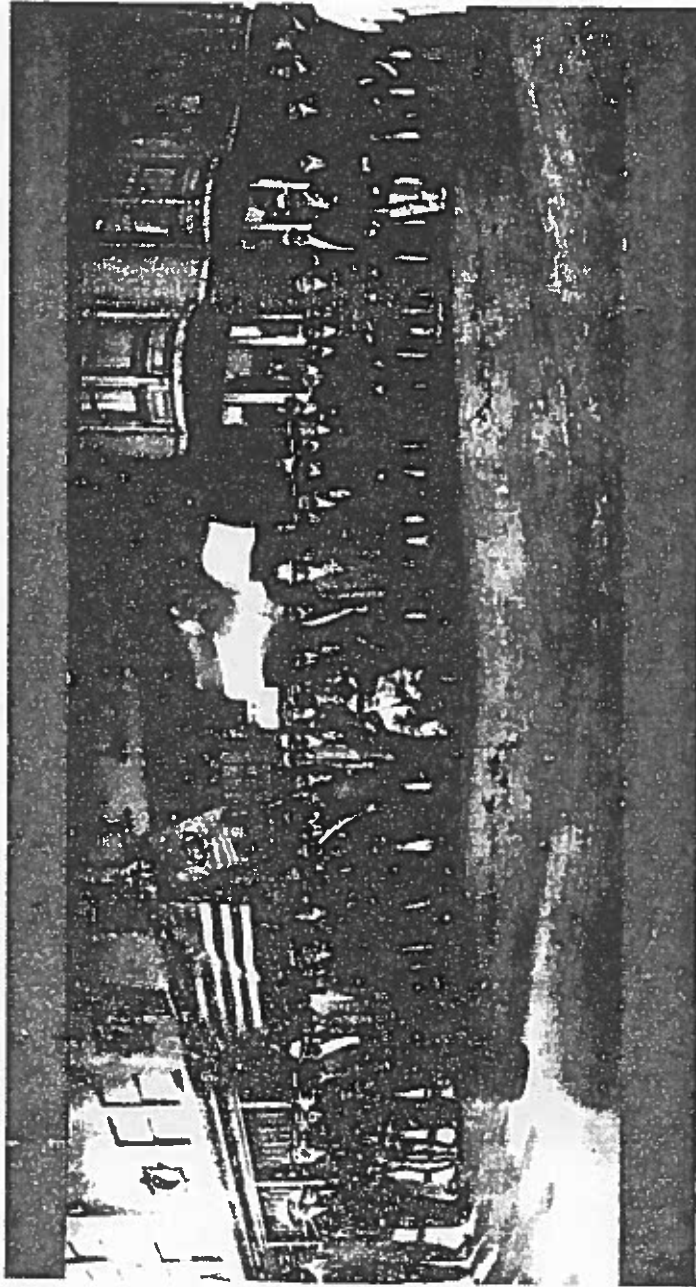
Acting Mayor McLeran issued the following proclamation yesterday.

On next Saturday, January 26, occurs an anniversary which, to the little country of Serbia and to Serbians, scattered all over the world, means much in the way of a patriotic event. It is St. Sava's day, which for decade upon decade has been observed with deep feeling and solemnity.

This year St. Sava's day finds Serbia a country that is stricken and suffering. The people of Serbia are crushed and starving under the heel of the oppressor. Founded as a protest against the tyranny of the Turk, the little Slav nation has seen its freedom dissipated, its people brought to the brink of destruction.

It appeals to me as a most patriotic thing for the people of San Francisco to extend their sympathy to this country's ally, Serbia, on this occasion, and I make this public appeal, in the hope that it will bring some alleviation of the suffering of this brave but unfortunate people.

San Francisco Examiner,
January 23, 1918



First Serbian Benevolent Society.



Serbians from San Francisco in American Army World War I

Major Accomplishments of the Society Since World War I

Originally founded as an essentially protective and social organization for Serbian immigrant laborers, toiling in a then distant corner of the world, the First Serbian Benevolent Society has today become a truly San Franciscan, Californian, and American institution.

The years between the First and Second World Wars were a period of consolidation of the Serbian institutions in America. The United States did not receive any major influx of Serbian immigrants during these years, rather a substantial number of immigrant laborers had returned to their homeland, either as volunteers for the Serbian and Montenegrin Armies in the Balkan Wars and World War I, or as returnees who left after the war to establish their homes in the new Yugoslav state (until 1929 named the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes).

In anticipation of the formation of this state, and the unification of the two Serbian Kingdoms, Serbia and Montenegro, under the Serbian Karadjeordjvich dynasty, the Society in late 1917 decided to change its name from The Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society to the First Serbian Benevolent Society.

Soon after the formation of the kingdom of Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes, the Society sent two silver California saddles to the new King Alexander and his Queen Marie as a wedding present. Before the saddles could be shipped to Europe, the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce requested that they be publically displayed for the benefit of all San

Franciscans. The Society donated one of the saddles in its name and one in the name of all Serbs in California.

During the interwar period, many Serbs in America purchased homes, established families, and raised what was probably the largest American-born generation of Serbs to date. Although, for the Bay Area, as one of the oldest Serbian settlements in America, the presence of American-born Serbs and Serbian-American homeowners was not a new occurrence.

With the increased number of American-born Serbs in the community during the interwar period, the Society organized in 1925, a Junior Order for the first time. The purposes of the Junior Order were beneficial, social and athletic. The Junior Order sponsored baseball and basketball teams, and even organized its own orchestra.

Earlier, at the time of the Balkan Wars, the Society had established a Senior auxiliary, the Dusan Silni Degree of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, which has existed ever since. The Dusan Silni Degree was named after the most powerful emperor of the medieval Serbian Nemanjich dynasty, Czar Stevan Dusan, known as Dusan Silni (Dushan the Mighty). Dusan the Mighty was not only famous for the size and strength of the Serbian state under his reign, but for endowing his empire with his famous "Zakonik" or Code of Laws, which was a fusion of Byzantine law and Serbian custom.

The Dusan Silni Degree was organized February 28, 1913 with the following Charter Members:

Lazar S. Churich	Andria Milinovich
Obren Cuckovich	Slavo Milisich
Mihail Dabizinovich	Vaso Milisich

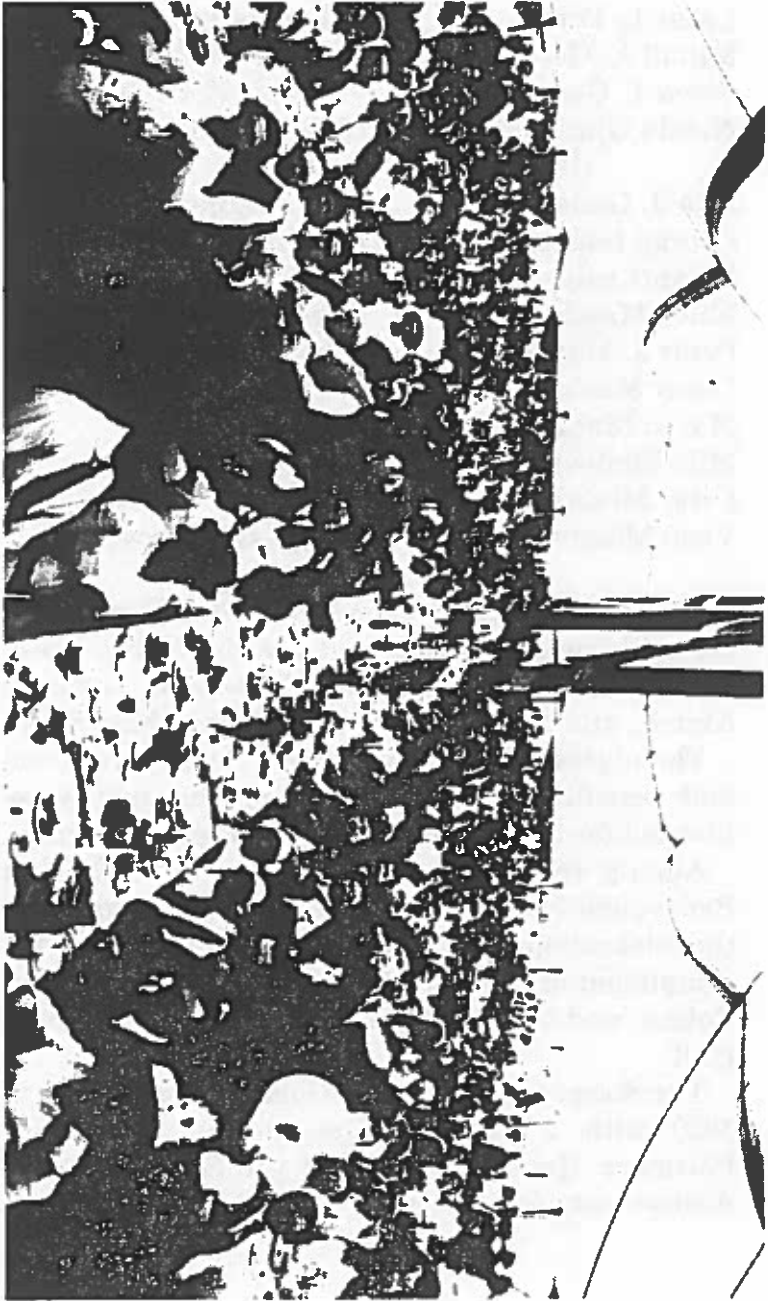
Lazar L. Dropo	Milan Najariza
Mihail R. Gerunovich	Dushan Pavich
Stevo T. Gerunovich	Vladimir P. Popovich
Nikola Gjurovich	Ljubo Radinovich
(Djurovich)	
Ilija J. Gudelj	Vaso Radinovich
George Ivelich	Iso Ramadanovich
Milan Kraljevich	Luka S. Radoicich
Milos Mandich	Ilija Rajkovich
Petar J. Mandich	John Seferovich
Lazar Marich	John Sherovich
Marko Matkovich	Todor Vucinich
Milo Mialovich	Risto Vujovich
Petar Mialovich	Dushan G. Vukovich
Vaso Mialovich	George G. Zlokovich

The first President of the Dusan Silni Degree was John Sherovich. The current board includes President, Petar J. Lucich, Vice President, Lazar J. Krzich, and Recording Secretary, Nick Milicevich.

The objects of the Dusan Silni Degree are social and beneficial, and it has been particularly renowned for its banquets, dinner dances and picnics.

Among the major events of the First Serbian Benevolent Society during the interwar years were the celebration of the Society's 50th anniversary, the completion of a chapel at the Society's cemetery in Colma, and the purchase of property for a Serbian Hall.

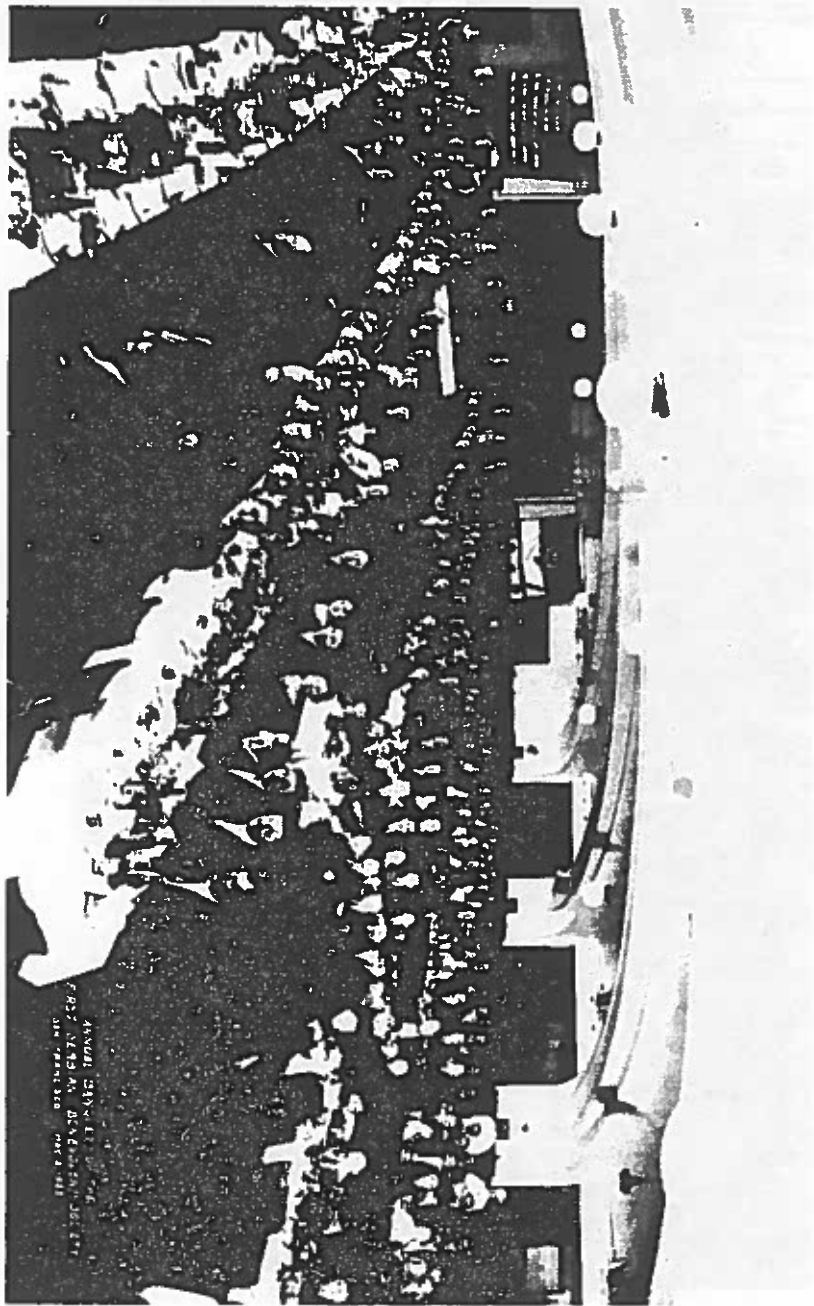
The Society celebrated its Golden Anniversary in 1930 with a gala banquet at San Francisco's Fairmont Hotel, the sight of the Society's 100th Anniversary celebration.

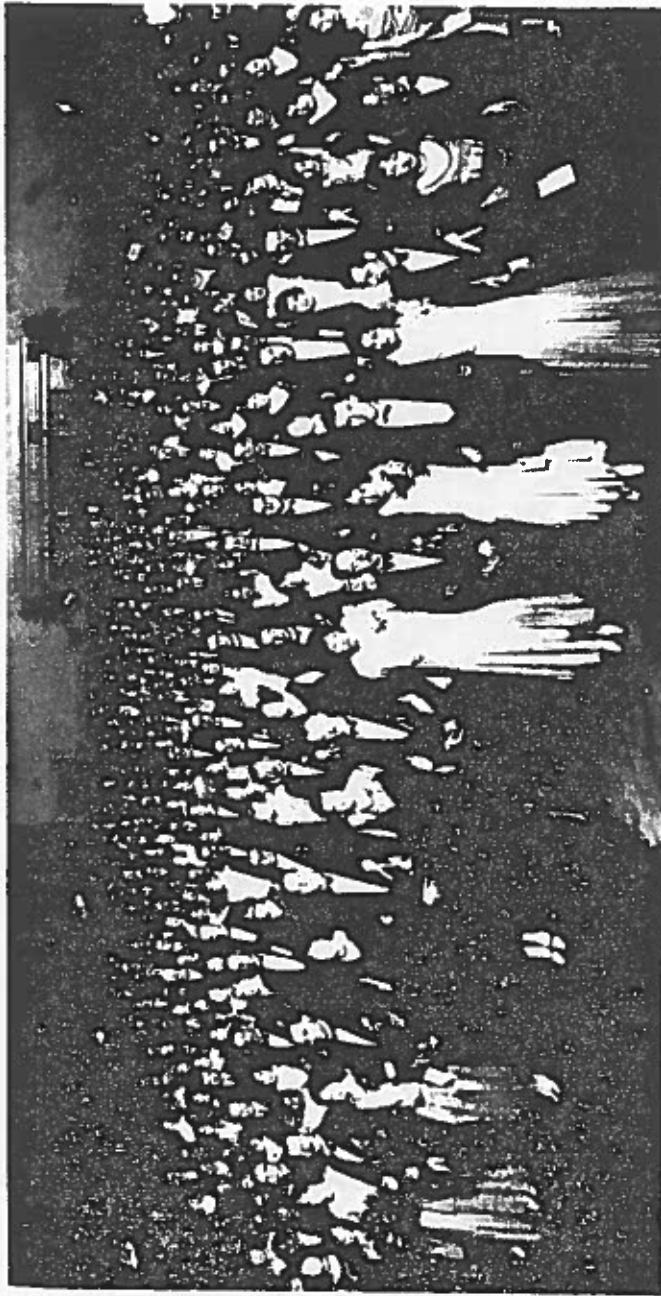


Serbian Picnic at the Time of World War I.

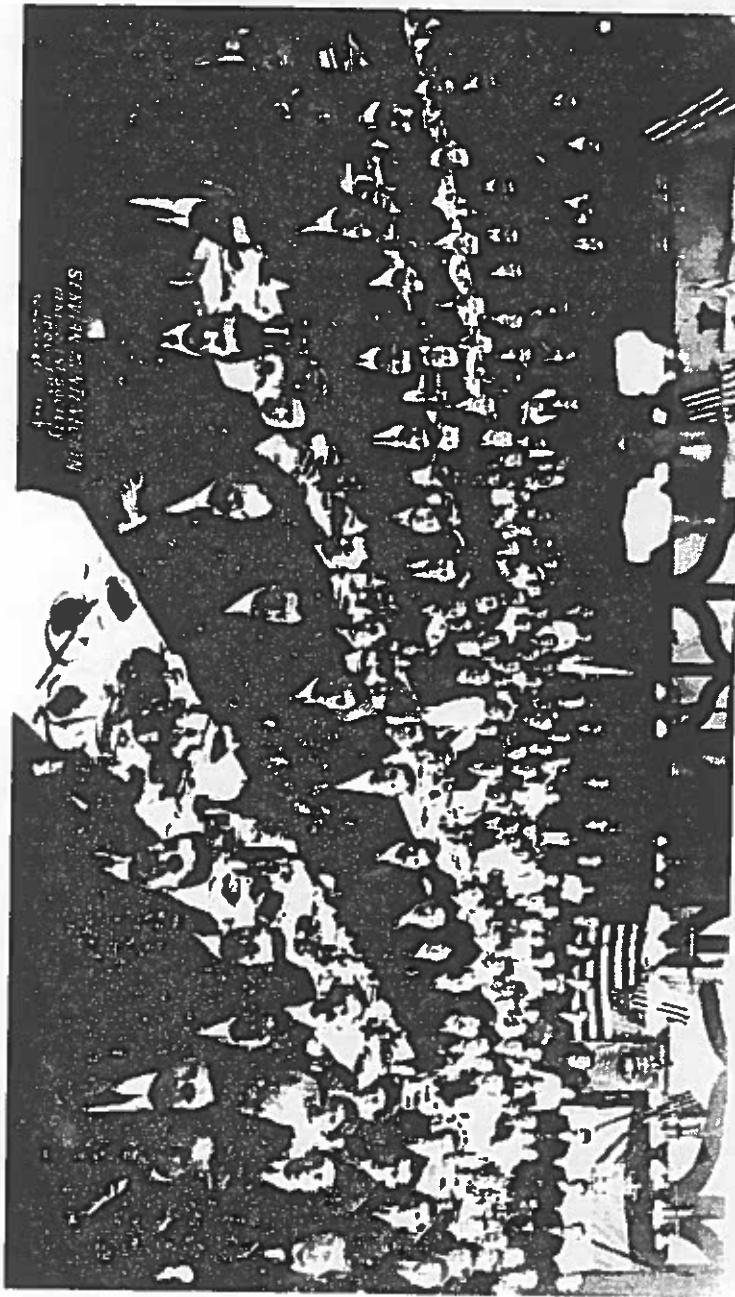


50th Anniversary Celebration
FSBS, Fairmont Hotel, 1930





50th Anniversary FSBS
1930



Ending the golden jubilee week celebration, the Society dedicated a Memorial Chapel at the Serbian Cemetery in Colma for all the members of the Society who lost their lives in the Serbian and other Allied Armies during World War I. To this list was later included a member who died while serving in the American Forces during World War II.



Assumption of the blessed Virgin Mary

● Erected by the First Serbian ●
benevolent society of S.F. 1929

IN MEMORY OF ITS MEMBERS
WHO GAVE THEIR LIVES FOR FREEDOM AND UNITY
OF THE SERBIANS IN BALKAN AND WORLD WARS
1912 — 1918



- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| NOVAK ANDRICH | PETAR LAKICEVICH |
| MITAR S.BASHICH | STEVO PUTICA |
| MIHAIL BATINICH | SPIRO RADDICICH |
| JOVO GERUNOVICH | ARSEN STIEPCICH |
| JOKO VUKOJE | |
| World War II | |
| LOUIS M. SHEROVICH | |

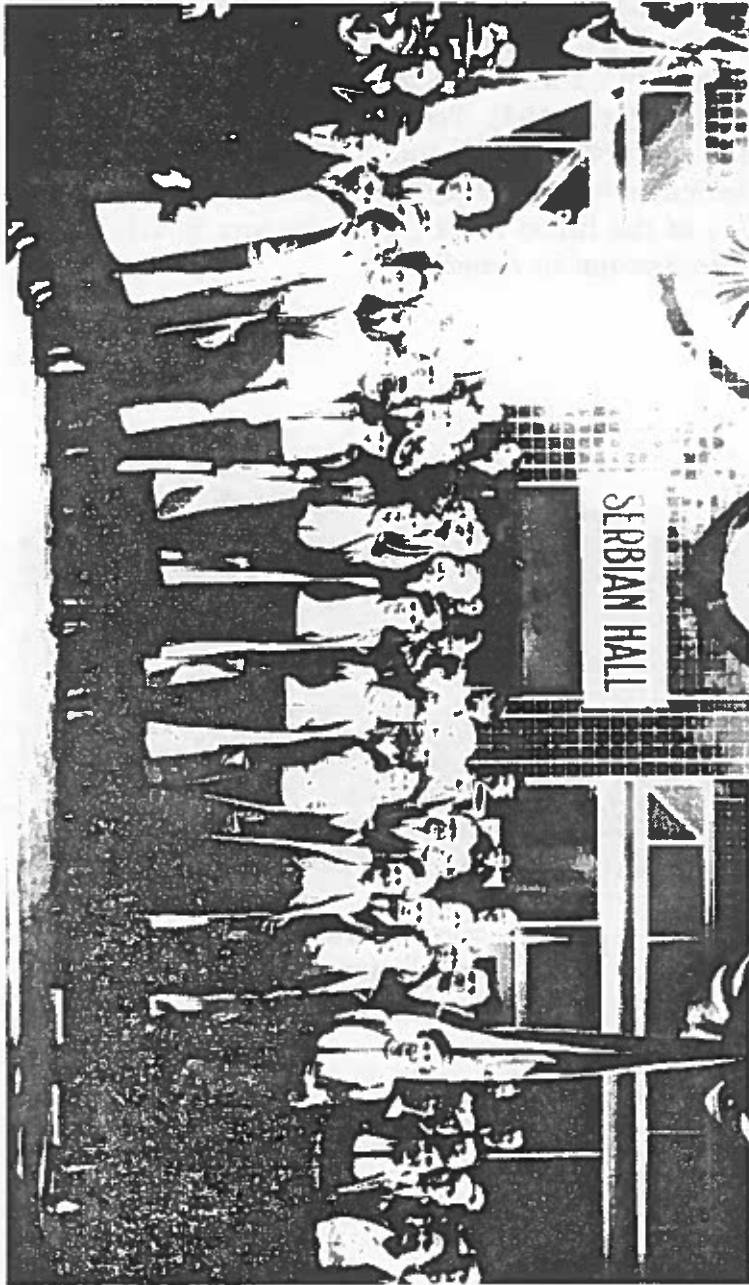


The Chapel was dedicated by the local Russian Orthodox Bishop Alexy and the Russian Orthodox priest Rev. Vladimir Sakovich.

In 1934 the Society bought the property at 225 Valencia Street, San Francisco, which was known as Serbian Hall, until the sale of this property by the Society in 1971. The Society remodeled this hall at a cost of \$45,000.00, and in 1936 it was opened and dedicated to the Society's founders. It was at the time one of the finest halls owned by any South Slavic organization in America.



Serbian Hall
225 Valencia
San Francisco



Dedication of Serbian Hall, 1936

During World War II 32 members of the Society joined the ranks of the American Armed Forces. The Society donated \$1,000.00 to the Yugoslav War Relief, and purchased \$90,000.00 in United States War Bonds. Unfortunately, more can not be recounted about the Society's activities during World War II due to the disappearance of the Society's minutes for these years.



In the years following the War the Society revived its Athletic Section, and fielded a basketball team which participated in a number of Serbian Basketball Tournaments back East, and accomplished the feat of coming from way out West, to win a major Serbian-American tournament in Milwaukee, in the midst of the populous Serbian communities of the Midwest and East.

In 1955, Serbs from all parts of California and neighboring states gathered in San Francisco for the 75th Anniversary of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, which ended with a banquet at the St. Francis Hotel.

In recent years the Society has continued the relief activities it has been distinguished for throughout its history. In 1963 when an earthquake devastated the capital of Yugoslav Macedonia, Skopje, the Society immediately sent \$1,000.00 in relief and organized committees to collect funds for the relief of the inhabitants and rebuilding of their city.

On April 15, 1979, Yugoslavia's worst earthquake in 75 years devastated 120 miles of the Adriatic Coast from Dubrovnik to Ulcinj. The quake's epicenter was located in the Boka Kotorska and Pastrovich region from which many of the Society's members originated. The Board of Directors of the First Serbian Benevolent Society held a special meeting April 18, 1979 to discuss sending aid to victims of the disaster.

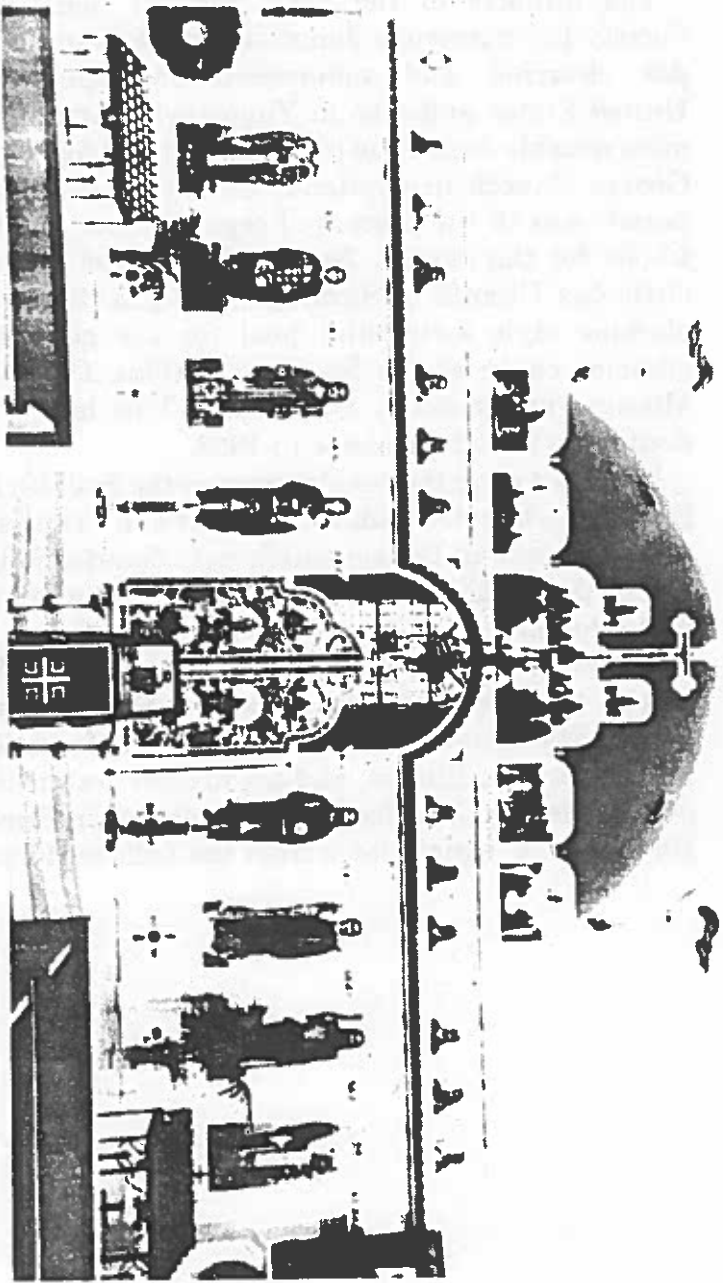
The Society sent donations of \$5,000 each to the hospitals in Kotor, and Bar in Montenegro.

The Minutes of the Society lists yearly donations to major American charities such as the Red Cross, Cancer Society, and March of Dimes.

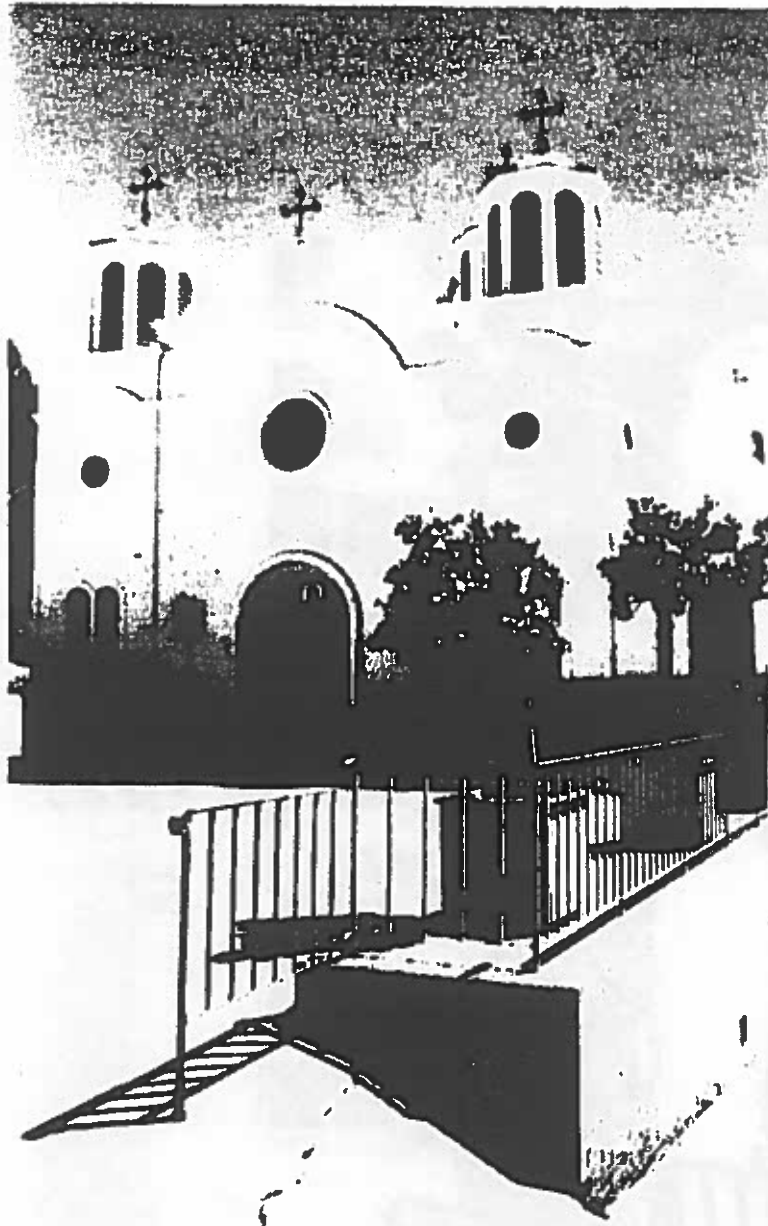
The minutes of the First Serbian Benevolent Society list numerous donations to Serbian Orthodox churches and monasteries throughout the United States and also in Yugoslavia. Among the most notable donations have been \$1,000 for the St. George Church in Oakland, California when this parish was in the process of organization, in 1924, \$5,000 for the new St. Archangel Michael Serbian Orthodox Church in Saratoga, and \$10,000 for an olympic style swimming pool for the children's summer camp at the St. Sava Serbian Orthodox Mission in Jackson, California. The later two donations were both made in 1962.

In 1954 during the construction of the St. John the Baptist Serbian Orthodox Church of San Francisco, the First Serbian Benevolent Society donated \$7,000 for the Ikonostas, to serve as an Eternal Memorial to all its founders.

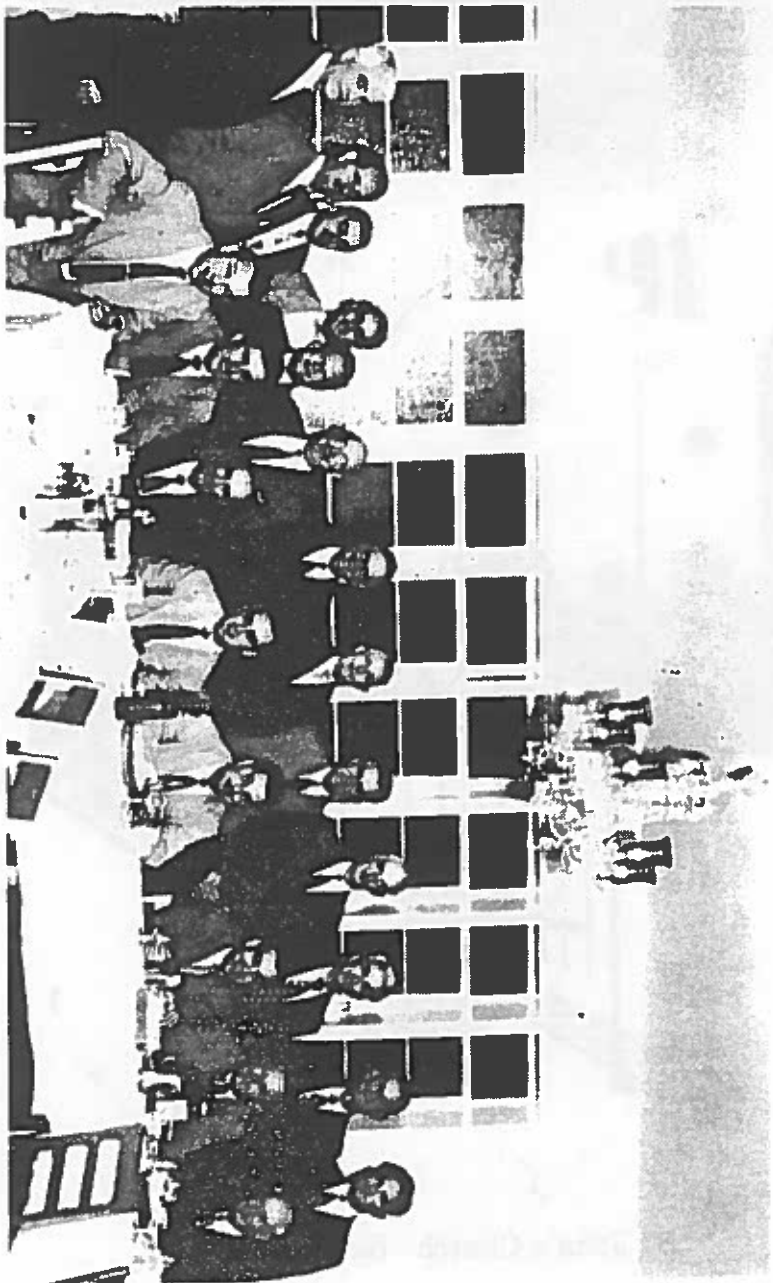
The Society also donated toward the construction of the first Serbian Orthodox monastery in the United States and Canada, the St. Sava Monastery in Libertyville, Illinois, and toward the restoration of the historic Dobricevo Monastery near Bileca, Hercegovina, which dates from the 15th century.



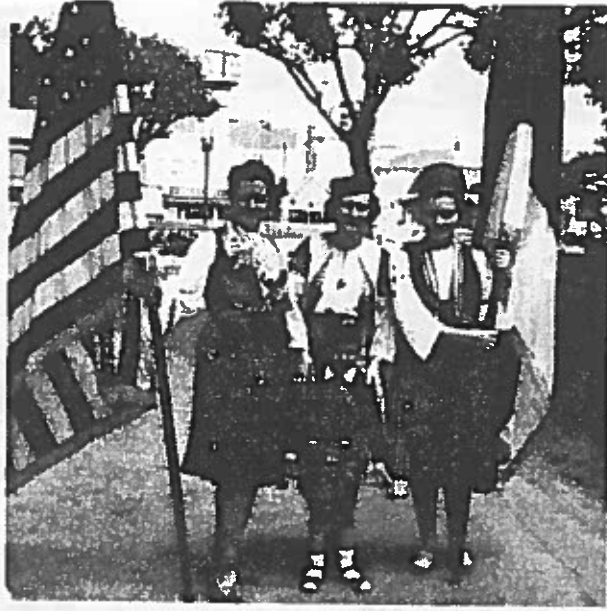
Ikonostas of St. John the Baptist, Serbian Orthodox Church, San Francisco
Donated by First Serbian Benevolent Society.



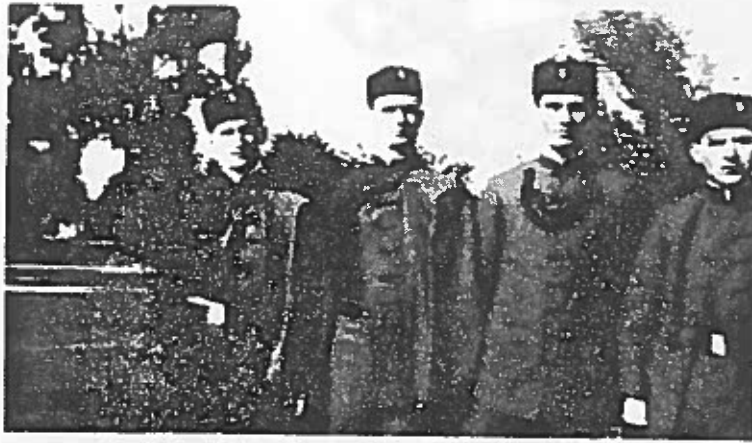
St. John's Church - San Francisco



American Yugoslav Masonic Club

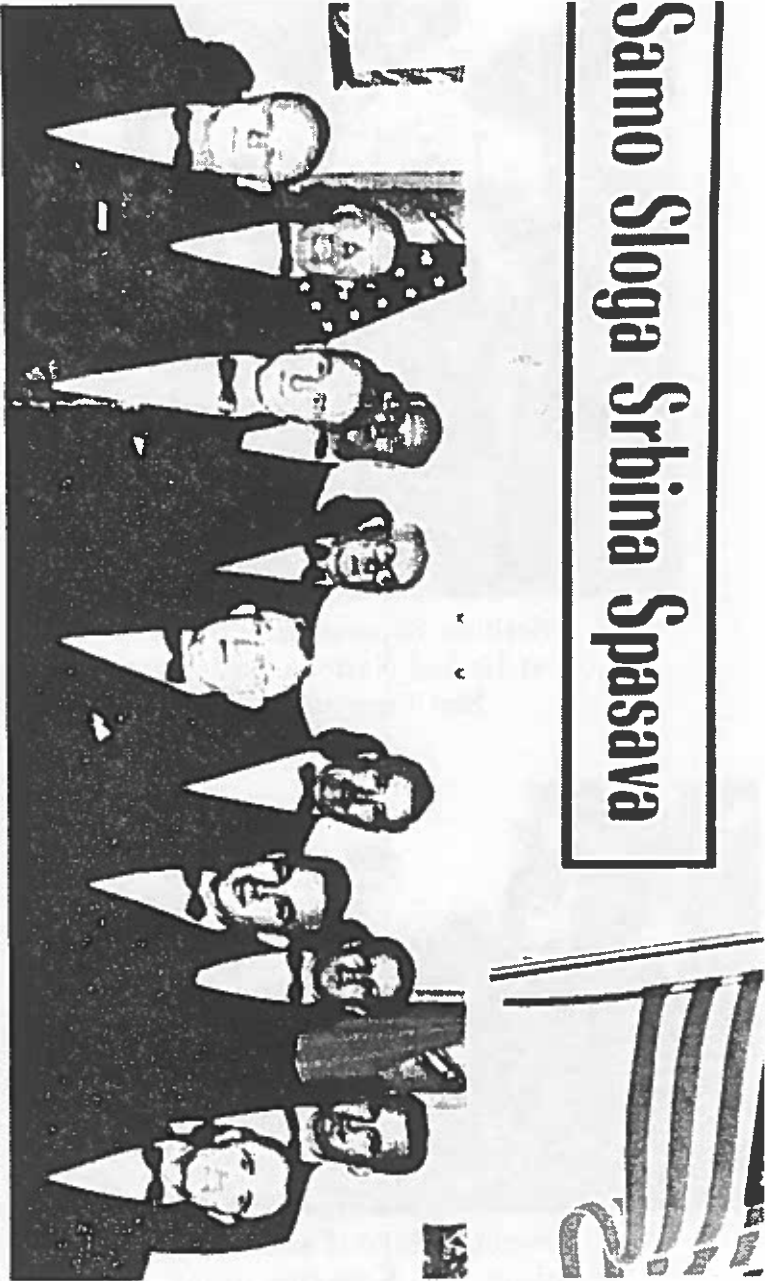


Serbian Representation
at United Nations Day
San Francisco



Serbian Soko (Falcon)
Members, Bob Konevich (right)

Samo Sloga Šrbina Spasava



BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE FIRST SERBIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY FOR 1955

1925 - BOARD OF DIRECTORS - 1926.



EXTEND TO YOU AND YOURS THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON.
FIRST SERBIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.





Society Meeting and Initiation
of New Members.



In recent years the Society has oriented many activities toward attracting the participation of young American Serbs. The Society established a Scholarship Fund, which was originally founded by the endowment of the late Brother Velisha Perich. Scholarships have been awarded to members' children and a number of the younger members of the Society. The Society also reorganized and reactivated the Junior Order, after a few years of inactivity, and much of the Society's focus in recent years has centered on plans to make the Junior Order a cultural, social, and athletic meeting place for all the Serbian Youth of the Bay Area and Northern California. The Junior Order of the FSBS can serve as a good will ambassador among young American Serbs in neighboring and more distant Serb American communities.



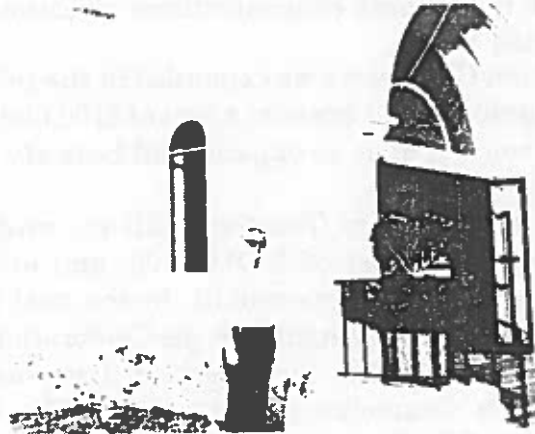
Junior Order FSBS

One of the largest membership drives in the recent history of the Society took place during the first year of leadership of the current President, Milorad Golubovich. In the course of 1974, 21 new members joined the Society, most of them young American-born Serbs. While continuing to attract new immigrants from Yugoslavia, the largest proportion of the Society's newer members are American-born Serbs, among them third and even fourth generation members of the Society. Johnny Krzich, the grandson of current Vice President Lazar Krzich is a fourth generation member. Many of the new members join out of family tradition and respect for the Society's reputation among Serb-American organizations.

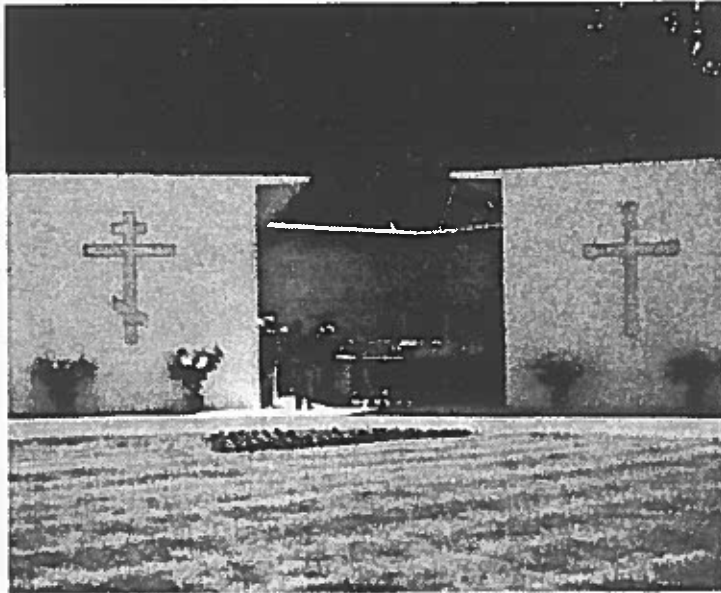
The First Serbian Benevolent Society owns one of, if not the most beautiful of the Serbian cemeteries in America located in Colma, San Mateo County, California. The first plot of land was purchased in 1900, and the Serbian Cemetery was established in 1901. At the Serbian Cemetery are buried Serbs from all over the western United States. The cemetery has also come to serve many of the Russian Americans in the San Francisco Bay Area, which has one of the largest concentrations of Russians in the United States.

The Serbian Cemetery was expanded in the 1950's with the purchase of 11 acres at a cost of \$100,000.00. Continual work is done to expand and beautify the grounds.

In 1972 the Cemetery Trustees built an outdoor Mausoleum at the cost of \$350,000.00, and at the same time the Chapel was rebuilt. In the past few years the Society has reinstated the Celebration of the Patron Saint of the First Serbian Benevolent Society Velika Gospojina (Assumption of the All-Holy Mother of God), at the Cemetery Chapel.

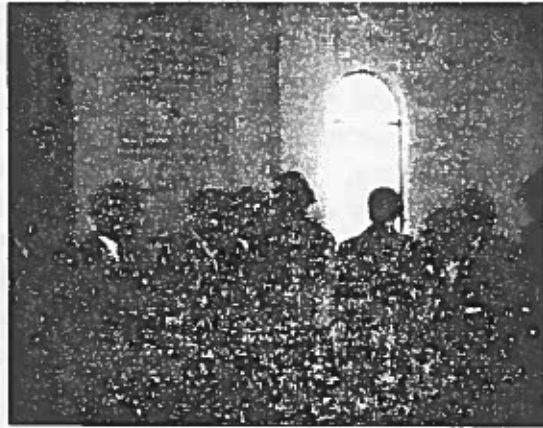










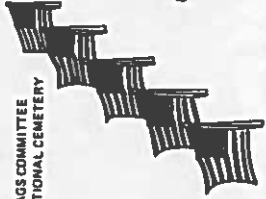


The greatest number of the Society's present members live in the San Francisco Bay Area but are spread widely throughout the Bay Area counties. Most of the remaining members live in other parts of Northern California, followed by Southern California and the Pacific Northwest. A few members are scattered in other parts of the United States, and even in Yugoslavia. The present membership numbers 276, making it the largest Serbian organization in the San Francisco Bay Area, in which are located a number of Serbian Orthodox Church parishes and other Serbian organizations.

The individual members of the Society are found in a wide range of occupations and numbered among its ranks are doctors, lawyers, judges, college professors, business executives, engineers, prominent building contractors, ranchers, and successful restauranteurs. Many of the Society's members are not only active in other Serbian organizations such as the Serbian National Defense Council and the Serbian National Federation, but many belong to the Masonic Order and other major American fraternal and charitable organizations. Others have become important civic leaders in their local communities.

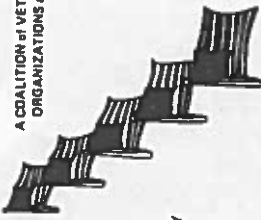
One hundred years after its founding, the Society and its members have entered the mainstream of American society. In future years it is hoped that the Society continues its social, cultural and beneficial contributions, for the good of the Serbian-American community and for the general American community, proud of its American heritage, and respectful of the traditions of its pioneer founders.

AVENUE OF FLAGS COMMITTEE
GOLDEN GATE NATIONAL CEMETERY



IN
MEMORY
OF

ALL VETERANS



A COALITION of VETERANS
ORGANIZATIONS and AUXILIARIES

CERTIFICATE OF APPRECIATION

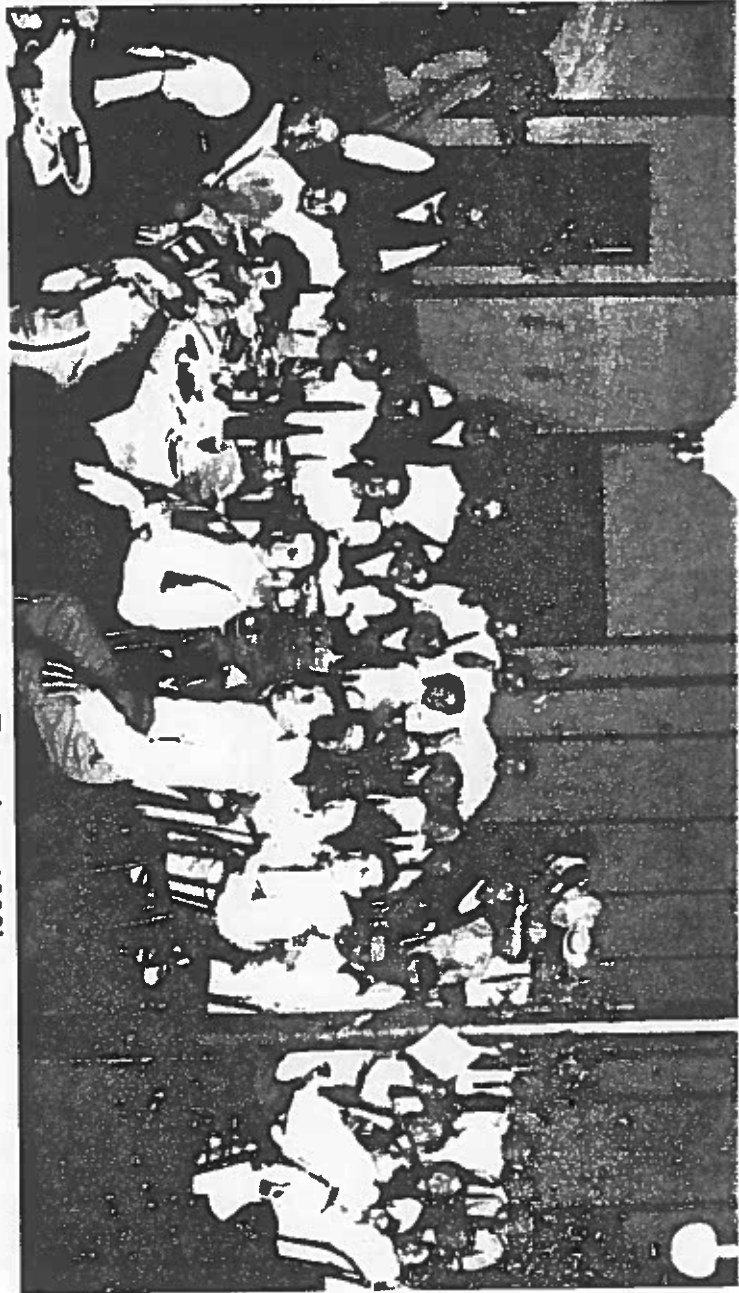
to

First Serbian Benevolent Society

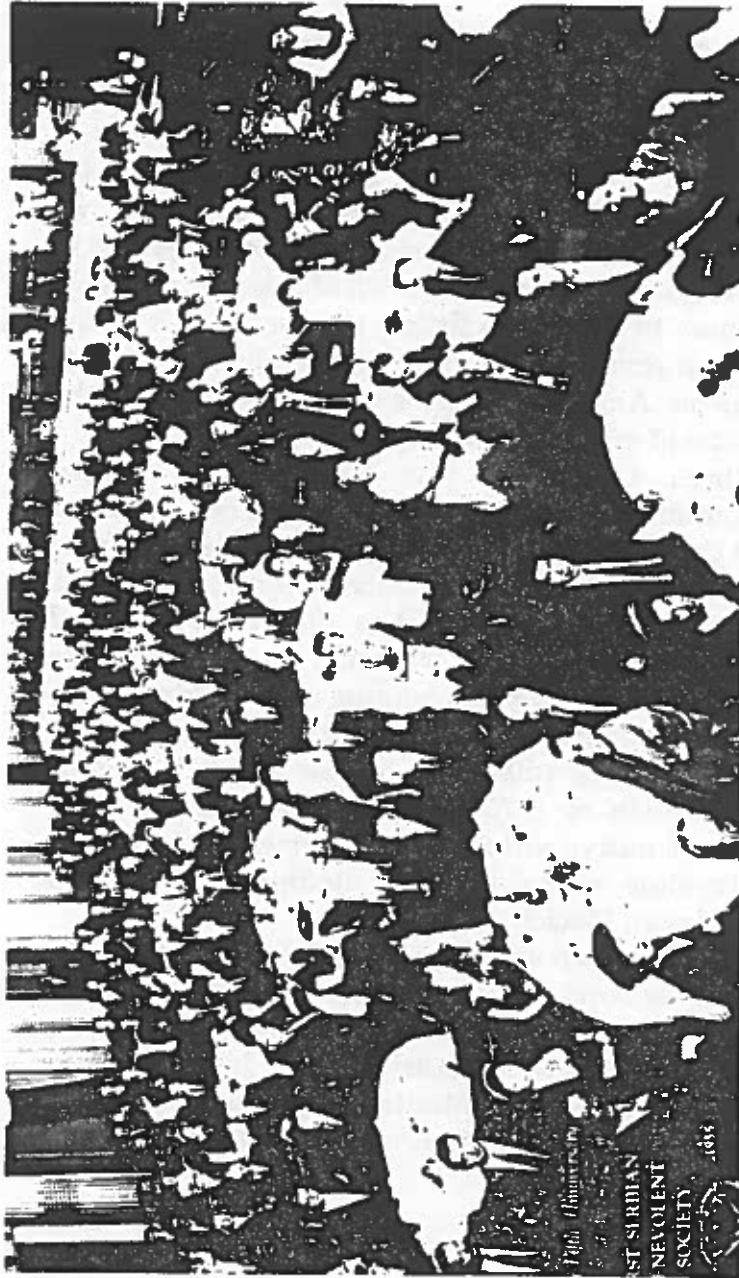
This certificate is to express the appreciation of "The Avenue of Flags" Committee for your generous donation which will enable us to purchase a flag pole. Your flag pole will be a part of "The Avenue of Flags" at Golden Gate National Cemetery in San Bruno and will be used to display a flag on appropriate National Holidays.

Robert E. Ellis
Executive Chairman

John D. Duda
Flag Raising Chairman



Serbian Social Club, San Francisco 1900's.



75 Year Members and the Oldest Living President

In honor of two of our members who have been active in the First Serbian Benevolent Society for 75 years, three-fourths of the Society's lifespan, we are reprinting their biographies as they appeared in the *Jugoslav American Herald* of December 4, 1959.

These two men are fitting representatives of the Serbian pioneers who established our first institutions in America. Their backgrounds reflect the origins of many of our California Serbs.

Obren Cuckovich was born in the rugged mountains of Hercegovina near the town of Bileca and the border of the one-time independent Serbian kingdom of Montenegro. Hercegovina, much like neighboring Montenegro, has often been described as a land of poets and warriors. The people of the Bileca district played a leading role in many of the Serbian struggles for independence from Ottoman and Habsburg rule, such as the famed Nevesinje insurrection of 1875. Only a short distance from Obren's native village is the Hercegovinian town of Trebinje, birthplace of the distinguished Serbian poet Jovan Ducich.

Bob Konevich was born in Sutorina near the town of Herceg Novi, at the entrance to the Bay of Kotor (Boka Kotorska). Sutorina was formerly where Hercegovina met the Adriatic Sea, but is now included as part of the Montenegrin coast, famed for its resorts and historic Serbian churches and monasteries.

The seamen of the Boka Kotorska traveled throughout the world, and are famed for their maritime exploits. As we see from his biography, Bob Konevich's heritage is firmly steeped in this seafaring tradition.

To all those who are acquainted with these gentlemen, we need not mention that their contributions to the Serbian community have not diminished in the least since the original publication of these articles over twenty years ago. They remain two of the most active members of the Serbian community and the First Serbian Benevolent Society.





Obren Cuckovich

There are men and women in our community who have not attained enormous wealth as some have been able to, but who have contributed perhaps more than many wealthy ones to our communtiy work and the success of our organization. Such a man is Obren Cuckovich, a prominent Oakland, California resident.

Obren was born near Bileca, Hercegovina, and came to San Francisco in April 1906 just three days before the San Francisco earthquake. Like many others, he at the beginning did odd jobs and learned English. In 1911 he went into business in partnership with the late Steve Gerunovich. In 1917 he took over the well-known Acme Grill, one of the oldest restaurants in Oakland for which he had been working in 1906. Later, he took his brother Milan into partnership.

However, despite the expansion of his business Obren was very active in community affairs and especially helped financially and morally the war cause of the Serbian people in Europe when they fought for the liberation of Serbs under foreign domination. When the Serbian National Defense Council was organized he was a leading member and has been active ever since supporting its cause. Likewise, in the First Serbian Benevolent Society, which he joined in 1906, he has worked hard to attain leadership among Serbs in the Bay Area. As a recognition Obren was elected President and was a long-standing member of the Society's Board of Directors. He has served in many other important positions in this Society.

However, he has also been active in many American organizations and especially in community work for the welfare of the people of Oakland. He entered the Masonic Order in 1940. His political activity was crowned with a great success when he was elected President of the Slavonic Alliance, which was at the time a very important Slavic political organization in the State of California.

In addition to his many active positions in the community Obren was also connected with the *Jugoslav American Herald*. In 1943, during World War II, he was elected President of the Yugoslav Publishing Company, which at that time owned the *Jugoslav American Herald*.

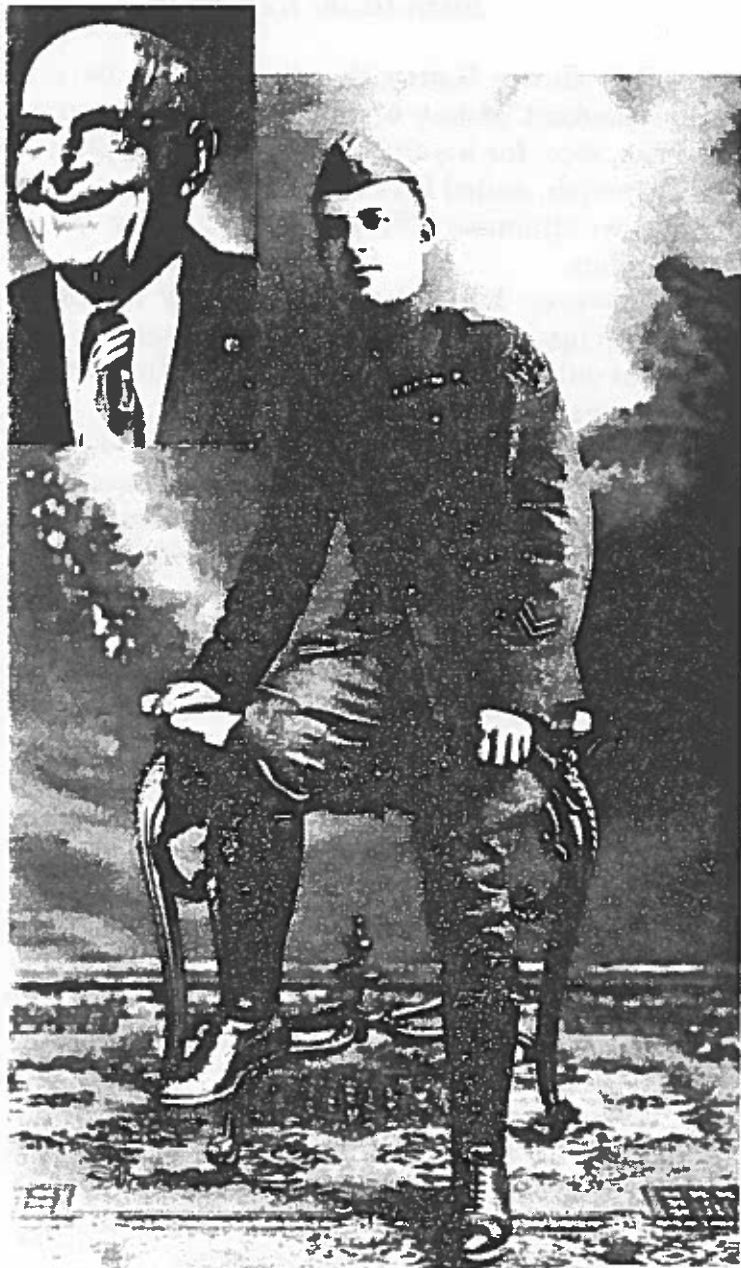
However, the most important work he did for the Serbian Orthodox community in Oakland was when he, with other church-loving men and women, organized the St. George Parish in Oakland. Ever since, he has been a member of the parish to which he contributed liberally.

He married Sophia Vukasovich and they had two children - Sam (Savo) and his late daughter Doris (Danica), who was married to Savo Dragisich.

Obren is yet another example of a foreign-born American who has risen to a place of importance in the United States because of his energy and ability. More than this, he is a man of great popularity due to his many good works and the fact that the people recognize in him a true leader.

Nikola Shabovich

Joined First Serbian Benevolent Society on October 3, 1906. Presently residing in Hollywood, California. Born in Mojdez, Boka Kotorska.



Bob Konevich - World War I

Bozo (Bob) Konevich

Bob (Bozo) Konevich can claim to be a li descendant of one of the first Serbs to enter Francisco, for his father, the late sea captain I Konevich, sailed into the then small port in 18 the windjammer "Freedom" owned by Lloyd London.

However, his father did not stay in the ci which his son Bozo came in 1905 to become a m. great value to the Serbian and other Yugoslav or izations in the Bay Area.

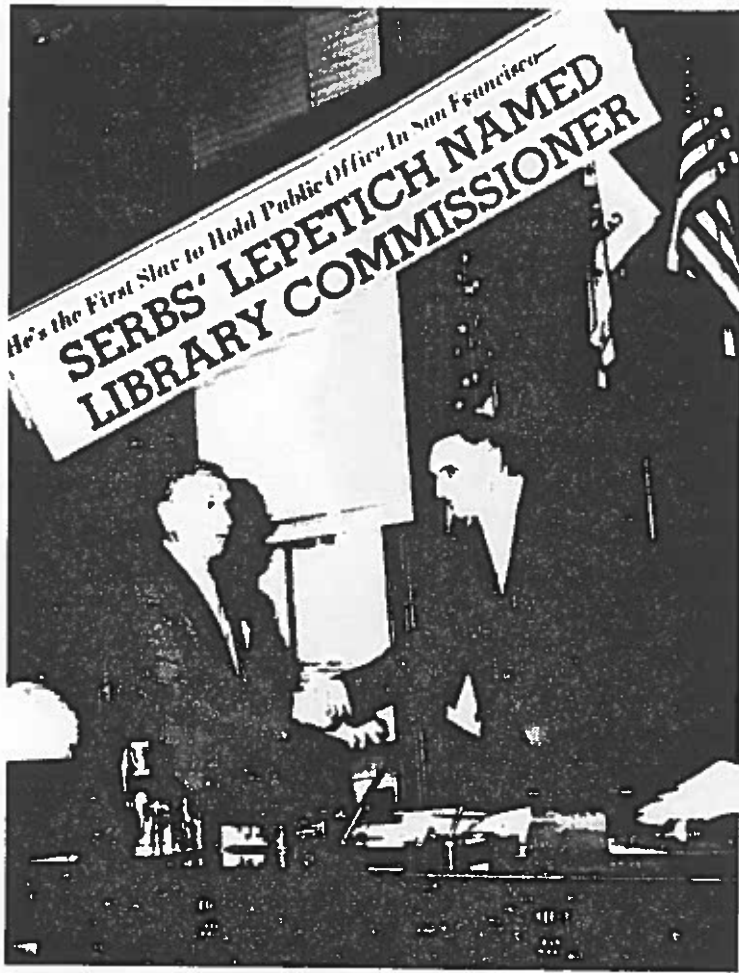
Upon his arrival Bob Konevich joined the Serbian Benevolent Society and has been an a member ever since, serving as President, Treas and a member of the Board of Directors. His fir in the city had been selling newspapers and ear fifty cents per day.

During World War I Bob joined the U.S. Army served two years and nine months, during whic took part in many field actions.

After the war he was employed by PG & E for t years. Soon after, he went into the restau business for over thirty years.

Bob Konevich is still very active in the Ser community. For years he was a member of Serbian Club and an officer of the First Ser Benevolent Society. Bob is an active member o St. John the Baptist Serbian Orthodox Church San Francisco.

He is also active in the Masonic Lodge. In 19: became a charter member of the Yugoslav Mas Lodge, and was also its President. In 194 married Milena Lepetich, a member of a pic Serbian family of Amador County.



FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1963

MILTON K. LEPETICH APPOINTED SAN FRANCISCO LIBRARY COMMISSIONER



Milton K. Lepetich, San Francisco Library Commissioner.

All the Yugoslav colony in San Francisco will be very glad to hear the news of Mr. Milton K. Lepetich's appointment by Mayor Christopher to the San Francisco City Library Commission.

Mr. Lepetich has already served two terms on the Library Commission as an opponent of Mayor Mayor John S. Harrison.

Mayor George Christopher, who is now running for reelection, has been fair in giving

representation to the Americans of Yugoslav descent in proportion with other nationality groups. Another younger American Yugoslav, John Gurch, a well-known Republican leader, is already serving on the same Commission. It is indeed, very unique that two "brother Slavs" are now taking care of the city institution, essential for the education and general knowledge of adults and students. Congratulations Mr. Lepetich.

Milton K. Lepetich

The oldest living President of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, Milton K. Lepetich, has been one of the most active members of the Bay Area Serbian community, as well as a prominent participant in San Francisco's business and civic affairs.

Milton (Micho) Lepetich was born in 1889 in the village of Mokrine near Herceg Novi, Boka Kotorska. He arrived in San Francisco in 1903, and excepting a brief period spent in the Mother Lode mining town of Angels Camp, he has been a resident of the City ever since.

To record the Serbian organizations that Milton Lepetich has been active in one must list practically every Serbian institution in the Bay Area. Along with the First Serbian Benevolent Society, he has been a member, often serving as President and officer of such organizations as; the St. George Serbian Orthodox Church Oakland, California, Serbian National Defense Council, Dusan Silni Higher Degree, F.S.B.S., St. John the Baptist Serbian Orthodox Church, San Francisco, and the Serbian Club. Milton was also very active in the Slavonic Alliance, and in the 1920's published a Serbian language magazine *Srpska Otadzbina* (Serbian Fatherland) in San Francisco.

Milton was proprietor of a men's clothing store and an insurance broker.

Milton's varied activities surely make him one of the most distinguished members of the San Francisco Serbian community.

Correspondence With, and Tributes to the Society

For the many contributions it made to the Serbian people and the Serbian cause in America and Europe, the First Serbian Benevolent Society has received expressions of gratitude from countless individuals, including kings, princes, bishops of the Church, patriotic leaders, and poets. As profound expressions of gratitude and indications of respect for the Society's accomplishments, a number of poems were written in honor of the Society and its founders. By collecting these poems and translating them into English, we hope to make them accessible to greater numbers of American Serbs.

In memory of one of the Society's founders, Vladimir Jovovich, Lazar S. Churich composed an elegy in 1905, which was later published in the Yugoslav-American literary review *Novi Zivot* (New Life) in San Francisco, June, 1927. Lazar S. Churich served as President of the First Serbian Benevolent Society of the years 1910, 1911, and 1921. He was very active in Serbian-American literary affairs, and was known among Serbs throughout the United States for his poetic lament of the plight of the Serbian immigrant miner, *Pod Zemljom u Americi* (Under the Ground in America), and his play, *Bokeljev San u Americi* (The Bokelian Dream in America), which was performed by numerous Serb-American theatrical groups. He was a native of Igalo, Boka Kotorska.

Vladimir Jovovich, of whom he wrote, was along with his brother Jovan one of the eight founding members of the Serbian Society. They were natives of Risan, Boka Kotorska, and pioneer San Francisco saloon keepers. Jovan died in 1885, while still in his twenties. Vladimir, prior to his death in 1902, was

last surviving founder to still hold membership in the Society. He had been continually one of the Society's most active members and had also served the Serbian community as an officer of the Orthodox Church and Benevolent Society, and a director of the Serbian Literary Club and local Serbian language newspaper *Sloboda*.

Niko Musich was a widely traveled Serbian immigrant poet. In a collection of his poems published in Pittsburgh, Pa. in 1904, *Razne Pjesme Nika Musica* (Various Poems of Niko Musich), are found two poems relating to the First Serbian Benevolent Society. His poem *Rastko Nemanjich* (Saint Save) deals with the most revered Serbian Orthodox Saint, enlightener, and first Archbishop of the independent Serbian Orthodox Church, whose holiday was honored and celebrated for years by the First Serbian Benevolent Society. Musich's other poem written at the Society's cemetery in Colma, and in it he mentions the names of many of the Bay Area Serbian colony's earliest pioneers who are buried there.

Petar Perunovich was one of the most respected guslars (folk bards who sang epic tales from the Serbian past playing the traditional one-stringed musical instrument of the Serbs, the gusle) of the 20th century. His talents were recognized by Serbs wherever they lived, and he was particularly beloved by a generation of Serb-American youths for his role as their teacher. He visited Serbian communities all over the United States, instilling in the Serbian youth an appreciation of their heritage, and the beauty of the Serbian language. Petar Perunovich composed a beautiful poem in honor of the First Serbian Benevolent Society on the occasion of its

45th anniversary in 1925.

Another poem that was especially treasured by the members of the First Serbian Benevolent Society was received in 1898 from the poet Jovan Sundeichich, after bestowing on him honorary membership in the Society. Jovan Sundeichich was an orthodox priest, seminary professor, editor, and renowned poet whose career spanned many regions of the Serbian homeland. He was an apostle of Slavic brotherhood, and had once served as the personal secretary of then Prince Nicholas I of Montenegro. The correspondence between the Society and Jovan Sundeichich has been preserved in the Society's minutes. Due to the historical significance of the correspondence between the Society and this worthy Serbian poet, we are printing both the Society's letter to Sundeichich and the poet's reply in which his poem is included.

April 23, 1898

Most honored sir:

The undersigned board of the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society has the honor to inform you that at its past meeting, upon the motion of Vladimir P. Popovich, you were unanimously chosen as an honorary member of this Society.

Happy that we are able to inform you of this, we are today sending your Diploma of Honorary Membership, as a token of our deep respect toward our Serbian poet upon the occasion of the 50th anniversary of your work for the benefit and progress of the Serbian Literary field.

Doing this we wish that you might also celebrate the 75th anniversary of your worthy efforts for the benefit of the Serbian nation.

And, as in all this past time, you wrote, teaching love and unity, with Serbian pride and sentiment, we wish that you will live, and in the future write of the United Serbian Kingdom.

With deepest respect from all of us and in the name of the "Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society" accept honored Sir, our sincerest Serbian regards.

Respecting your celebrated works and sharing heartily in your golden anniversary.

The Board
Spiridon O. Vukosavljevich
Vladimir P. Popovich
Lazar Simov Churich

"Worthy Board"

The very thought that my dear compatriots and close brothers in far off San Francisco would so beautifully remember me; would be sufficient to make me proud and lift my spirit to heaven. -But the fact that my dearest brothers have honored me so greatly by choosing me as an honorary member of their renowned society and sending me their beautiful diploma, this fact is so filled with warm love of homeland, so full of high regard for me that I am at a loss for words with which I could express my deepest and sincerest gratitude; not only to the Board, but to every member of the Society individually. It is impossible for me to be with you in person; but in spirit I will be with you until the end of my life. Every progress and fortune of yours will give me joy; and more, I will fervently pray to the dear God, that our most High Father would bless your every effort as much as for your good as for the blessing of our Serbian nation and all the Slavs.

**To the Serbian-Montenegrin Society for
Benevolence and Literature
in San Francisco.**

Forward, brother, forward
In vivifying freedom:
Love ye one another
Love your nation too!

Keep your shoulders
Pressed brother to brother;
God's sun of good fortune
Eternally shine for you!

Two altars have we:
The first to our God.
Then follows after God
The altar of our nation.

Before them we worship
With all the fervor in our breasts.
And let each of us bring
His mite of offering.

Forward, brothers, forward!
God will be our help:
May we all soon rejoice
In the resurrection of our Nation!

I was unable to earlier return my debt to you as the physician would not allow me any writing due to my health. Even though late, but surely sincerely, I am convinced that my brothers will accept this belated reply as cordially as it is sent and I warmly press each and everyone to my heart and greet all with a sweet kiss upon your heroic brows.

Many years to the glorious Serbian-Montenegrin Society of San Francisco. Many years to the Serbian people!

Many years to all the Slavs! Many years to brotherly love, without which no nation can be reborn nor reach its national independence and blessed human liberty.

To my brethren a most cordial greeting, with expression of my warmest respect.

J. Sundeich

Kotor 3 (15) July, 1898

In Memoriam of Vladimir Jovovich

When a new grave is dug
in the cemetery of our countrymen
We remember all those
Buried here long ago.
You read the names on the crosses and
monuments
You remember others who died long ago
But as soon the graves are covered with grass
All, with time, are forgotten.
You expired dear Vladimir
But memory of you did not expire with you.
For, never a day has passed
Nor a happy, brotherly get-together
that your name is not mentioned
And memories of you are not revived.
Among the Serbs of this City
Everyone remembers something about you.
Your good humor and appropriate jokes
Your patriotic nature they all praise.
Because of love they called you Vlado
And out of friendship they called you Jado
Whether a Serbian song is aloud
Or Serbianism is discussed
Aoh Vlado! like you there are no more.
You were always among the first.
At the dances or singing parties
Among young men or young women
You brought laughs and excitement
Even those not blessed
With singing talent and ability
You made alive and heard
With you even they sang.

The death of Professor [Name] is a great loss to the University of [Name]. He was a distinguished scholar, a devoted teacher, and a kind and generous person. He was born on [Date] in [Place]. He received his Bachelor's degree from [University] in [Year] and his Master's degree from [University] in [Year]. He then went to [University] where he received his Ph.D. in [Field] in [Year]. He spent the next few years as a postdoctoral fellow at [University] and then joined the faculty of [University] in [Year]. He spent the rest of his life at [University] where he taught and supervised students. He was a dedicated teacher and his students will miss his guidance and advice. He was also a devoted husband and father. He is survived by his wife [Name] and children [Name]. He will be missed by all who knew and loved him. His family and the University of [Name] are grateful for his contributions and will miss his presence. He is now at rest.

**On Serbian Cemetery in
Colma by San Francisco, California**

Here I am, in Serbian Cemetery
In midst of a distant foreign land
Where great number of my brothers
and friends lie buried.

Grieving I stand, thinking...thinking,
All around my eyes are looking,
nowhere a living soul,
Over the dead I stand - alone, alone!

Marble cross, magnificent
rising over splendid stone
With head bowed I approach
This beautiful cross nearer.

On it in cirilic letters
It tells me a name well known
Old Lazo
Many here are proud of him.

I knew him well while still alive
I knew them almost all
Whom in this Serbian Cemetery
Foreign soil now covers.

Lazar with the brothers and a nephew
In the finest grave is resting
Mighty hand of another nephew
Donated this eternal home.

Here are the graves of Dabovich
Luke Balich, Zenovich
Praiseworthy and deserving
And the grave of Niko Stanisich.

And others! Where are others?
They are all over the Cemetery,

Very simple and unknown -
It is even hard to find them.

Ordinary stones, wooden crosses
Mark almost all the graves
Pencil writing on the crosses
Says who is buried thereunder.

Some are even without crosses
In such short a time
Does anybody ask - who are these?
We don't know what to answer.

Who lies here? A leader?
A veteran of the Colony,
large family did he leave
Not concerned about the dead!

His two sons, grown men already,
Wealthy they are, many say
From their father got it all
Will they give him marble stone?

Rest, in eternal peace, rest!
Selfish you were always
You reap what you sow
Oblivion met you fast.

All kinds of marble stones
I see all around
Under each and every stone
Lies a member of Serbian Society
Thank you Society for remembering
Your deceased members
Society, long recognized
By foreigners as progressive.

Oh, beloved friends of mine
Now hidden by black soil

You are remembered by my soul
In which admiration shines for you all.

Stanisich, Popovich
It is getting dark, night shall come
Worthy Vlado Jovovich,
Serbian Cemetery, Good Night!

**Poem by Petar Perunovich
Guslar Perun od Kosova Ravna
To the Society on 45th Anniversary**

It was long time ago, but still remembered
When Serbs first started
A long journey, from Serbian lands
To far away America.

Like bees from mountain bee-hives
Flying to richly scented flowers
Sweet honey to collect for themselves
Travelled the Serbs out to the world, and
God knows what would have happened,
Many of them, would have been lost by now
Had they not joined their own societies.

Those who started first are among the best
First Serbian Benevolent Society
On the ocean side by the Golden Gate
In the balmy land of California
Under one roof they started to gather
Servian brothers from the Slavic South
Good Society, as a good mother
Embracing all children in her bosom
Received all members into its ranks
And through all long hardships and tribulations
For forty five long years
Protected them in this foreign land
Not to lose their glorious name

Serbian name and Orthodox faith
Taught them to breathe like Milos did
To write and speak Serbian
And when time came to fight the war
Shed Serbian blood for freedom and liberty
Of all brothers in Yugoslavia
First Serbian Benevolent Society
Sent out from its midst
To the battlefields of the war
Montenegro and glorious Serbia
Young men, young and unmarried
Supplied them with food and clothing
Filled their pockets with the money
Decorated them with Serbian colors
Escorted them with songs and tears
To the sacred war for freedom
And when news started to come
From battlefields of gray falcons
That some heroes had fallen
That some have died from bitter wounds
Society raised them to the glory
Wiped the tears of all grieving
Cured the wounds of the wounded
Distributed food and clothing to the orphans
First Serbian Benevolent Society, that
To the honor of Serbs and Slavs
Served for forty-five years
As hope of its people
May glory be yours for eternity
To your deceased members
God give peace and life in paradise
To your living members congratulations
On your celebrations and festivities
And health and happiness to all.

Guslar Perun od Kosova Ravna

Rastko Nemanjic'

St. Sava

**Dedicated to "Serbian-Montenegrin Literary
and Benevolent Society" in San Francisco**

Every Serb, with pompous pride
celebrates glorious Nemanjic'
Inspired with exalted patriotism
Pays homage to his shepherd Sava.

His shepherd, son of mighty
and heroic Serbian ruler.
St. Sava, joyfully recognized
as first fighter for enlightenment.

Young Rastko, royal crown he renounced
Monastic robe he accepted
With the bible and book of wisdom
He started his beloved people to enlighten.

Loved by humble and the mighty
Bizantium granted him honor
at the request of all people
Recognized him as First Patriarch of Serbs.

Colossal vigor of his power
On Serbian Church he bestowed
At the threshold of enlightenment
Orthodoxy Sava strengthened.

And when Serbian kingdom crumbled
When cursed Turks enslaved us
For freedom and Christian Orthodoxy
Every Serb was willing to die.

And even today, seven long centuries
After the death of great shepherd
On St. Sava Day, joy triumphs
In every Serb's soul.

Even now we in this foreign land
Far away from our native place
Celebrating St. Sava's Day
Are united in thought with our Fatherland

This our first Serbian Society
Which for quarter of a century abroad
On name's day bows in joy and happiness
To the greatness of Serbian Father Sava.

He deserves veneration and praise
From everyone with Serbian name
In the bosom lives with pride
In foreign lands to be proud of him!

Niko Musich
Pittsburg, 1904

Servian Montenegrian



First Serbian Benevolent Society
 MEETS EVERY FIRST AND THIRD TUESDAY OF EACH MONTH
 1034 GOLDEN GATE AVENUE
 SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

SOCIETY.



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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

PHONE, WEST 251

СРПСКО БОКЕЉСКО БРАТИМСТВО

БРОЈ 1

АНАКОИДА, МОНТАНА

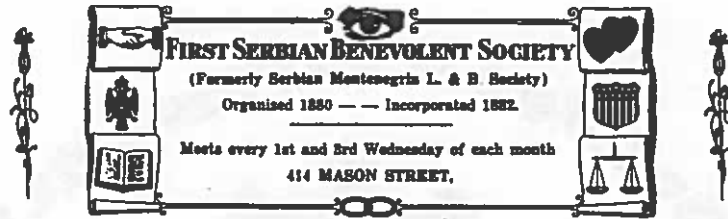


Anacosta, Mont. 2/5 1919

Добродошлицу још Угровићу

Драги браће Српкине.

Притисајте - бољу линију и унутру



SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. *Year 20* 19.

Ukoliko ste... 1925... ga ce... neposredno... u... u...



TABOR SLOVANOV, ST. 304.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. *April 8/1919*

*Bratje, Serbian B. Society.
Kot sinovi Slovenke
si stojimo v dolornost vrbiti vsa Slovenska
bratstva v San Francisco da se vdeleraj*

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Chairman
DANIEL T. TROTTER, D. D.
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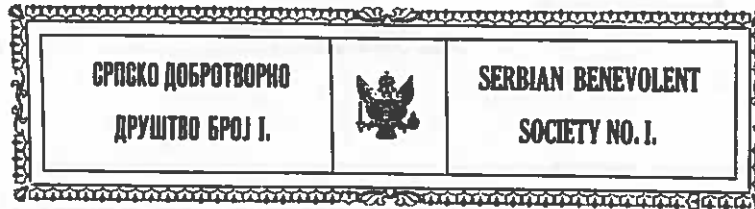
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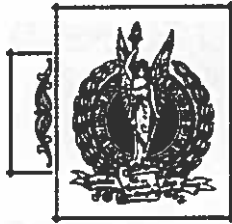
925 Golden
Bought of *Charles Heise*
See Fresno, Cal.

Wines and Liquors
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fine

Брате Србљие!
За неколико година
одговор своје задатку,
чланова Фонда потпомож,
Са оно мало средстава, што

ЈОНА се је старо Ја Србљие
Ово да се од малих Рако
а Гаје живи српски народ
и Народни Фонд је плак

ADAMS, NEWARK, N. J.



Servian National Fund-

925 GOLDEN GATE AVENUE

San Francisco, Cal., _____ 15



HALL OF
SERVIAN MONTENEGRIN L.B. SOCIETY
925 GOLDEN GATE AVENUE. BET OCTAVIA AND LAGUNA

SAN FRANCISCO CAL

190

Slavonic Alliance of California

1034 Golden Gate Avenue

BOZO RANKOVIC
VICE PRESIDENT
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Milosevich

P. J. Vutch

SLAVONIAN POOL ROOM



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*Славно Српско Пролојско м
Друштво!
у Сан Франциско
Ираја Брато*

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

ALL OUR WORK DONE
IN OUR OWN SHOP

Milton K. Lepetich

MERCHANT TAILOR AND HABERDASHER

798 LARKIN ST., COR. O'FARRELL
PHONE FRANKLIN 8722

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

July 6 1920



СРПСКО ДРУШТВО
ЦРВЕНОГА КРСТА
Основано 23. јануара 1870. године



SOCIÉTÉ SERBE
de la
CROIX ROUGE
Fondée le 23. janvier 1870.

№ 3113
29. јануара 1915.
у Београду

Српско Народногосподом
Личејером и Себродувно Друштво
Ван Франциско

У име главног одбора српског друштва Црвеног Крста, пошару-
јемо пријем пошлатих динара 14925- и словима у ватер тилу динара
садржанасе емлага државне станице динара и чеб - средо Милошевић.
Два у ватер на име добровољног прилога са захвалношћу.

Ва Београд
Др Милошевић

Поштомесом.
Поштомесом,
Др Милошевић

Секретар.

Ван Милошевић

Место на конституално савештовање.

ГЛАВНИ ОДБОР
ЗА ПОТВОРАЊАБЕ ПРЕВЛЕГЛИ ПОРОДИЦА У ЦРВУ ГОРУ
У РАТУ 1914-15. ГОДИНЕ
ИЗ БОСНЕ, ХЕРЦЕГОВИНЕ И БОКЕ КОТОРСКЕ

Наслов II Гл. 10-17-та 1915.

Српско-Хрват. Ист. и Доброд. Друштво
(С. француски)

Овако смо сачинили ова на 2000 - дјела својих друштва,
који су Српским и Хрватским комитама Главни Одбор за
Српско-Хрватско Друштво.
Сваки од ових комитава сачинио је своје посебне
књиге и списак радних спискова српских и хрватских
друштва. Главни Одбор изабрао је најбољим документима
- изјављивањима да ће Српским и Хрватским друштвима своје
Српско-Хрватско Друштво - да ће издати и издавањима,
који се изводе из свих српских и хрватских
и С. француски комитава одређених и изабраних
друштва српских и хрватских - комитава.
Напомињемо да сваки од ових комитава - да се изјављује,
или да се изјављује, да српским и хрватским
друштвима комитава.

Сачинио је
М. С. Савић

Изјављује
М. С. Савић

Сачинио је
М. С. Савић

Српско-Црногорска Амбасадан и
Доброшворна Друштва
у Сан Франциско!

Са Вашим учеством исплаћено од 4. мек од 100
сирководних тунингу од 5. мека Викелшкје и 5. мекла, коју
је суну) То Савно друштво за понирадале од поглаве у Црној
Бори послани доброту и мало прилико сам. Овој браќи
дар прегледао сам највише) Одбору

Планови Одбора пријавили су, ми да) Мана
учеством друштва за Негово браќо друштво изјавило
поглаву) благодарности, које објави и гласил.

Господину) Мана) Српским) није сам послао
прије благодарности на обиласице дару) које је само
Неговога) Високог) Ва) Деловара) за поглављеники
послао јер) није сам знавао поглаву) одрсу) Заједница
да би) друштво у име) које изјавило благодарности
за послати дар.

Особито ми је пријатно) што ми је објавио
дајте прилика, да) С. С. гласовима) Мана) велеувањима
Друштва и свој) нашо) драгој) браќи) Србима) преко) Окс-
јана) поштом) по) Француски) благослов) и) одргом) издргов

Цеопап 4/IV. 1897



и) Српско-Црногорска
Амбасадан Сан

translation to follow

**"Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent
Society in San Francisco:**


I have received the letter and check of 5 English liras and 5 shillings which your Society sent for the relief of those who suffered from the flood in Montenegro. This donation I have forwarded to the committee.

The members of the committee asked me to express their gratitude to your Society on their behalf, which I herewith do.

It is especially gratifying to me that I have been given the opportunity to send my episcopal blessings to the members of the Society and all our brethren beyond the sea.

With cordial greetings,
Metropolitan of Montenegro
MITROPHAN BAN

Cetinje, April 4, 1897

№ 400	SERBIAN NATIONAL DEFENSE LEAGUE JUSTICE—LIBERTY—HUMANITY
San Francisco, <i>Jan 28th</i> 191 <i>5</i>	
Received of <i>Serbian Montenegrin L. & B. Socy</i>	
<i>Five Thousand</i> Dollars	
For helping Serbia and Montenegro in War Struggle.	
Serbian National Defense League,	
	By <i>L. Radnich</i>
<i>\$ 5000⁰⁰</i>	

Serbian National Defense League
 OF SAN FRANCISCO
 Serbian Club Hall, 1034 Golden Gate Avenue

We the undersigned persons, believing in the righteousness of the cause which is now being supported by the arms of Serbia and Montenegro against the tyranny and inhumanity of Turkey—and confident that the Sons and Daughters of Serbia and Montenegro are battling for justice, liberty and humanity, hereby subscribe the amounts set opposite our names, to be applied to the expense of equipping and sending volunteers to the seat of war, and the relief of the widows and orphans whose heroic husbands and fathers may lay down their lives for their country and freedom.

E. T. BALICH, President.
 PETER GOBCEVICH, Vice-President.
 JOHN SHEROVICH, Secretary.
 ADAM L. VERCEVICH, Treasurer.

NAME	ADDRESS	AMOUNT
		<i>2.50</i>
		<i>1.00</i>
		<i>1.00</i>
		<i>2.50</i>

ТСКА НАРОДНА ОДБРАНА У АМЕРИЦИ
SERBO-AMERICAN LEAGUE

408 WEST 80 STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Париз 16. Јануар 1917.

војској Легиону,
оке, Кан.

Драга Браће,

Част ми је извести Вас, да смо примили Ваше поштом
од 12. овог месеца, као и послати Вам чек од
\$ 2743.50 /Две-хиљаде-седам-стотина-четрдесеттри и50/100/
е Београдској Српској Јуначкој Војсци, и то \$ 2000.- на име
стране Војског Друштва а остатак објављено по списку који сте нам
дали.
Ми немемо речи да Вам изјавимо нашу братску захвалност
за овај добротворни дар, и да Вам увек искреном старашу са
у Српској и за Српску Војску. Молимо Вас да Управи Војског Друштва,
и члановима, као и оштре дојављене новоручне нашу
ну захвалност.
Нама би да се Бог да се на Вас поменити и изолубни рад
у и друге друштва. Ваше ово воља и помените доле неке по-
штом о пример.
Молимо да до примите уверење нашег особитог поштомала.

За ГЕНЕРАЛНО СЕКРЕТАРСТВО НАРОДНОГ СЕРБИЈА...

Јајник

Јосиф С. Симић

The Crocker National Bank

OF SAN FRANCISCO

DUPLICATE CHECK

San Francisco, Ca

May 15th

1915

10620 00/100
10000 00/100
10000 00/100
10000 00/100

THE CROCKER NATIONAL BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

National de Commerce de Paris
Paris, France



Бр. 52. III.

Српско-Црногорско
Литерарна и Добротворна Друштво
Сан-Франциско

Часта нам је познатији Вас, да смо
Ваше прилоге оу свему хвалама обра. што се из-
волете упутивати Црногорско и Црвено и Крсту,
исправно при.мили. на чему Ви и најтоплије
благодари.мо.

Б. саопштак:

Ш. Поповић

Председник

Црногорског Црвеног Крста.

М. Митровић



Бр. 133.

Господине Председниче,

У одговор на ваше писмо број од 19. с. н. .
којим сте ми спровели преко представке, коју је ваше
удружење, као америчка организација, упутило Председнику
Сједињених С. А. Држава ради поредовања, да се Баваључка
пресуда не би извршила - част ми је известити вас, да сам
и ја од стране званичне Србије упутно једну ноту Председни-
ку Вилсону, у којој сам молио за његову хитну интервенцију
у томе питању, резимирајући све правне и хумане разлоге који
су у прилог наше осуђене браће из Баваључког процеса.

Завољите пријети, Господине Председниче,
уверено о мом дубоком поштовању.

Будимир Црногорац

Господину
Мазару ... Трому,
Председнику Српско-Црногорског ... Друштва.

Саф Франциско, Кали.

ГЕНЕРАЛНИ КОНЗУЛАТ КРАЉЕВИНЕ СРБИЈЕ



ROYAL CONSULATE GENERAL OF SERBIA
443 WEST 22ND ST. NEW YORK CITY.

9. јула, 1915.

Српско-Црногорском Литерарном Друштву,
1034 Голден Гет Еву,
Сан Франциско, Кал.

Част ми је послати Вам у прилогу две преводнице и то
Лит. 17985.- од Црног Крста у Билу и
" 8000.- од Црног Крста у Петлау
које су ми упућене од стране Министарства Иностраних Дела у Билу да
Вам их пошаљем и да Вам најлепше благодарим на помоћи, коју сте пружили
Црном Крсту у Србији и Црној Гори.
Са српским подрасом и поштомачем

M. N. Stojanovic

2 ПРИЛОГА



Dr. Michael S. Papin
1858-1935

The son of Constantin and Olympiada Papin, physicist, inventor, educator. Holder of degrees from: Columbia College, Columbia University, University of Berlin, John Hopkins University, Princeton University, New York University, Muhlenberg College, Case School of Applied Science, George Washington University, Union College, Marietta College, University of California, Rutgers College, Brown University, University of Rochester, Delaware University, Kanyon College, University of Belgrade, University of Prague.

•
Holder of following awards: White Eagle of Serbia, Order of white Lion of Czechoslovakia, Edison Prize, Pulitzer Prize of 1924, Gold Medal—Institute of Radio Engineers, Fritz Gold Medal.

•
Served as President: American Institute of Electrical and Engineering Society and American Association for Advancement of Science.

•
Member of: National Academy of Sciences, New York Academy of Sciences, American Philosophical Society, American Mathematical Society.

•
Served as President of the University Club.

•
During the First World War—Honorary Consul General of Serbia in New York.

Royaume Royal de Serbie
EN FRANCE
ET
EN BELGIQUE

Paris le 4/19 novembre 1916
2, RUE LÉONIE - STRASB

Br. 3126 —

Ташкозине Председника,

Гашин ми је поштом пријемиле Ваше
часнога писма од 14 октобра ове год. као и
река од гђе Кисаде и њене ситногласна газара
и искушеним Вас да сам новаг дописа
Г. Др. Николе Стојановићу, Председнику Одбора
за Српско-аустријско-српског у
Швајцарској.

У истој Вас време мени да извешта
изабраним члановима С.-Д.-Л.-Д. Друштва
мију згодно саопштити се ову расправу
и државни живот и да лично примити у њему
с мене особитом поштом.

Милош Милошевић

Ташкозину
Г. Председнику
Српско-Д.-Л.-Д. и Д. Друштва
у јан. француској

*Поштована и draga braćo,
dragi Srbi Crnogorci!*

*Glavni Odbor za pomoć пострадалим od ko-
plave, imao je radosti da primi vaše
rodoljubivo pismo i u njemu vašu braće-
sku pomoć 5 lira sterlina, 5 šelina i
1 peni.*

*Naša je osobito draga, što se i
bi tako daleko udaljeni od nas, sećate
svoje braće u nevolji, na ko pokušavaju sa-
svodoljubiti svoje rodoljube i braćke osi.*

кам.

Мило је нам што ви у Санфранциску имате Красно-Црногорско Мисларско и Добротворно Друштво, у коме се пекују народне мисли и чувају народни обичаји, те се у такм далеком свету оубавите до сада, па ките се, надало се у Милошавога Тасога Бота, оубавите и у напред по најиставалиа Светог Саве, коме сте тамо подигли и посветили и Свјетли храм.

Слагодарећи вам на послатају поноћи пострадалима у Србији, приликом Свјетли диалоглов свима који дадоше своју китау у помоћ браћи и свима вама трудотницима и старацима за оубавите

Братско милона у Америци, па мишило Бога
да све вас и ваше породице здра и здравља
ва својом Милости, што ће доноси утешу
и радост овој брати овде и особито

Машини

26 марта 1897 год.

Београд.

№ 1106

доброћелателом

Богдану

Митрополиту Србије.

Милости

Друштво Српско-Црногорско
у Сан-Франциску.

“Respected and dear brethren, glorious Serbs.

The committee for the relief of those who suffered from the flood had the joy to receive your brotherly help of five liras sterling, 5 shillings and one pence.

It is especially gratifying to us that you, so very far removed from us, remember your brethren in distress, and according to your means, witness your patriotism and brotherly feelings.

We are happy that you in San Francisco have the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society in which you foster the national precepts and customs, and in that far off land have preserved yourself, and will, we hope in the merciful Lord God, preserve yourselves in the future through the intercessions of St. Sava in whose memory you have erected God’s holy temple.

Thanking you for the help sent to the suffering in Serbia, we call upon God’s blessing on all who gave their donation for the help of their brethren, and all those who worked for the preservation of the Serbian name in America, and pray God that He keep and grant his beneficence to all of you according to his mercy, which will bring comfort to all here and especially to your well-wisher and intercessor before God.

The Metropolitan of Serbia
MIHAILO

Beograd, 26 March, 1897

Epilogue

The San Francisco Bay Area Serbian-American community holds the distinction of being the oldest permanent Serbian settlement in the United States. It is also the birthplace of the first Serbian beneficial, cultural, literary and religious institutions in America. Among the members of the present day Bay Area Serbian community are descendents and relatives of the original Gold Rush pioneers, primarily Serbs from the southern Adriatic coastal regions of present day Yugoslavia; Boka Kotorska, Hercegovina, and Montenegro.

The oldest and largest Serbian organization in the Bay Area and the first Serbian Society founded in America is the First Serbian Benevolent Society. This society, which was originally named the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society celebrated its 100th Anniversary on May 3, 1980 with a gala banquet in the grand ballroom of San Francisco's Fairmont Hotel. The banquet was attended by approximately 500 members, members' wives and guests from the Bay Area, Sacramento, Fresno, Jackson and from many other California communities as well as out of state.

After the reception and cocktail hour in the Terrace Room, the guests were greeted by the music of the Johnny Vaughn Orchestra at the entrance of the Grand Ballroom.

The banquet commenced with the playing of the American and Serbian National Anthems. The Grand Ballroom was decorated with banners of the Serbian-Montenegrin Literary and Benevolent Society and First Serbian Benevolent Society. Banners which had been carried by the members in

parades at the time of the Balkan Wars and World War I. The banners were displayed above the head table between the American and Serbian flags. The invocation was given by Archimandrite Theodor Micka, the pastor of St. George Serbian Orthodox Church in Oakland and a member of the First Serbian Benevolent Society.

A large contingent of Serbian Orthodox priests were present including V. Rev. Dusan Bunjevich of San Francisco, Rev. Milivoje Djordjevich of Cupertino, V. Rev. Alexander Ivanovich of Saratoga, and Rev. Dr. Krstivoj Kotur of Fresno.

The Master of Ceremonies for the evening was John P. Vukasin, Jr., a judge of the Superior Court of the State of California and third generation member of the First Serbian Benevolent Society. Judge Vukasin opened the proceedings with the introduction of the current officers of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, the Society's Board of Directors, and the Boards of the Dusan Silni High Degree and the Junior Order. Special commemorative plaques were presented to the Board Members.

The current President of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, Milorad V. Golubovich greeted the membership and guests emphasizing the importance of the event honoring those pioneers who gathered together far from their homeland to lay the cornerstone for the first Serbian institution in America. President Golubovich looked to beginning the second century in the life of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, recalling both the successes and the difficulties encountered by the Society during its first hundred years in order that the Society might continue its task of unifying the Serbian people in peace, harmony, and the spirit of

fraternal love. He stressed that the role of the Society was not only to build a strong Serbian-American community, but also to strengthen America's future.

Following the President's remarks a special award was presented to the Society's Vice President Lazar J. Krzich in appreciation for his many years of service to the Society and in particular for his contributions made toward the care and beautification of the Society's cemetery in Colma, California.

Vice President Krzich had the honor to present plaques to the Society's 75 year members Obren Cuckovich and Bob (Bozo) Konevich. These two venerable pioneers received standing ovations. Another 75 year member Nikola Shabovich was not able to attend the banquet. Also absent was Milton Lepetich who was honored that evening as the oldest living president of the First Serbian Benevolent Society. Awards were also presented to a member of 72 years Risto Vujovich, a 70 year member Bogdan Murisich and new 50 year members George Alexich, Bill Stepanicich, Steve Vickers, Radovan Radulovich, Dan Tarana and Ely Krzich. The later three were not able to receive their awards in person.

For the first time in the history of the Society special awards were presented to the descendents of two late past presidents of the Society, Jovo Shero- vich and Stevo Gudelj. These awards which were presented by the President of the Dusan Silni High Degree of the First Serbian Benevolent Society, Peter Lucich, honored two of the Society's most active presidents of the twentieth century.

Special awards were presented to Ched Ristich and Nikola Vucinich and to the current president Milorad V. Golubovich who has served the Society untiringly in this capacity since 1974.

The Society's first minutes of April 2 and May 3, 1880 were read by one of the younger members of the First Serbian Benevolent Society William Davidovich. His presentation brought about a moment of great admiration for the pioneers who established the first Serbian institution in America and the many personal sacrifices they made that enabled the Society to labor and grow over the past 100 years.

Among the honored guests at the banquet was a former mayor of San Francisco George Christopher a Greek-American well acquainted with the local Serbian community. Mayor Christopher commented on how proud the members must be to continue the obligations begun 100 years ago and stressed the importance of preserving Serbian American heritage and traditions, and in particular he highlighted the central importance of the Serbian Orthodox Church for the Serbian community and the necessity of a unified church.

Letters and telegrams were received and read from President Jimmy Carter, Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr., former Governor Ronald Reagan, Mayor Diane Feinstein and a number of other dignitaries and Society members including Archimandrite Dositei Obradovich of Butte, Montana.

The keynote speaker for the Anniversary was State Senator Rose Ann Vuich, a Serb-American from Dinuba, California. Senator Vuich was the first woman elected to the State Senate in the history of the California legislature. Senator Vuich discussed the pride in one's ethnic heritage and the importance of American citizenship and commitment with examples from her own background and career.

Following the benediction by Rev. Dr. Krstivoj Kotur of St. Peter the Apostle Serbian Orthodox Church of Fresno, California the evening concluded with dancing to the Johnny Vaughn Orchestra and Serbian dancing to the music of accordianist Dusan Milunovich.



GREETINGS

On behalf of the people of the City and
County of San Francisco, I am pleased to extend
our warmest greetings and best wishes to

THE FIRST SERBIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

on the occasion of its

100th Anniversary May 3, 1980

The people of San Francisco cherish our warm
ties of friendship and appreciate your
many significant contributions to the
economic, social and cultural life of
San Francisco



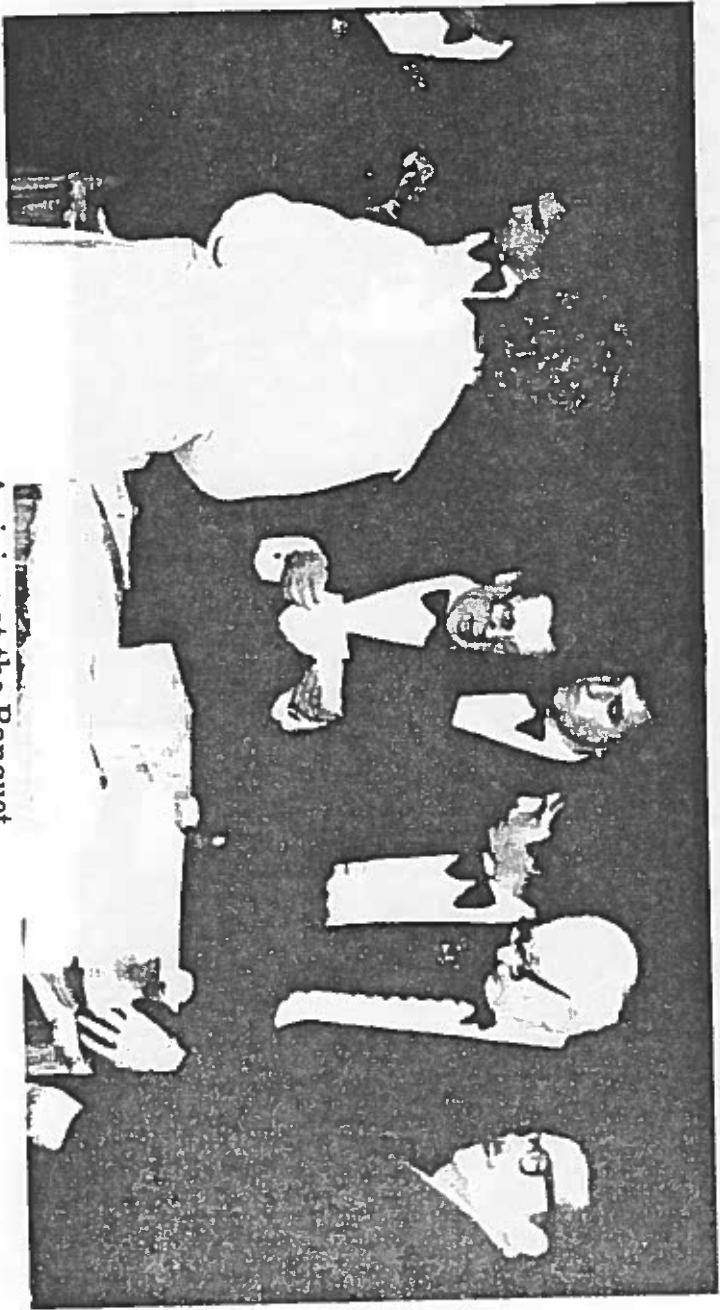
As Mayor of San Francisco
I am honored to extend our
enthusiastic greetings and
best wishes on this occasion.

James D. Harris
Mayor
May 1, 1980
Date

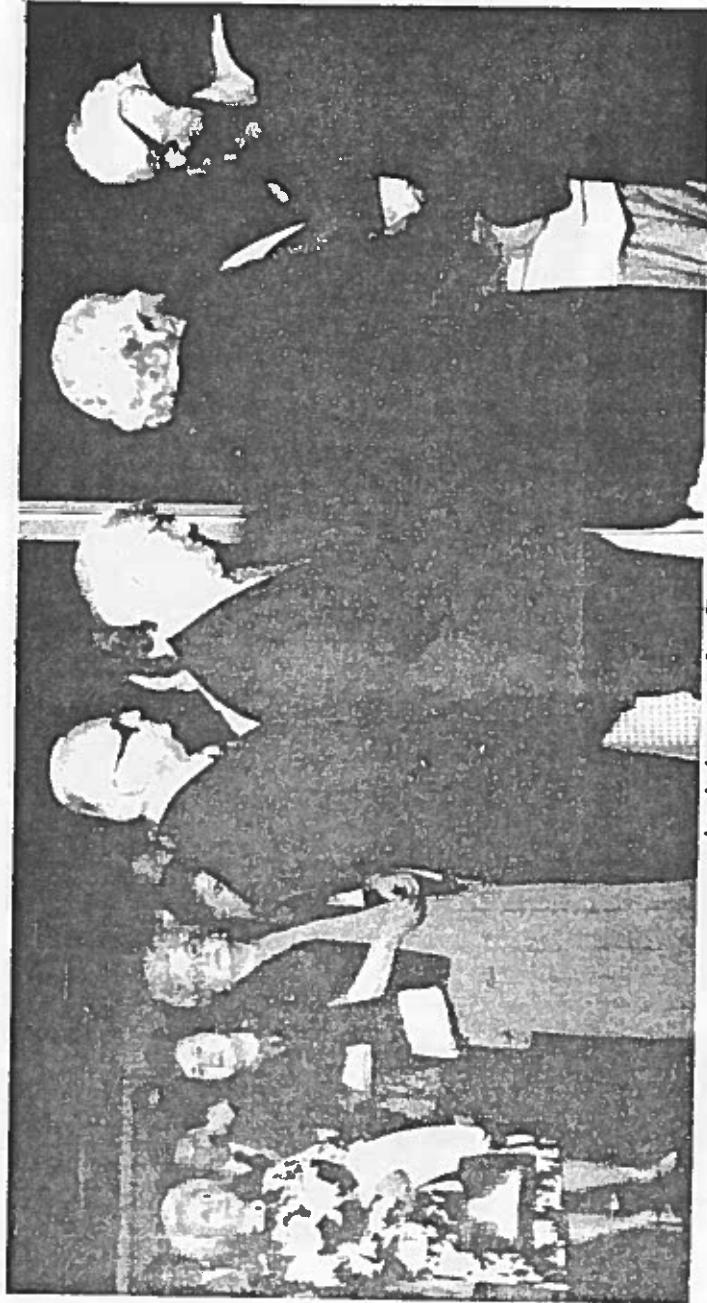
Greetings from the Mayor of San Francisco
FSBS 100th Anniversary



Arriving at the Banquet



Arriving at the Banquet



Arriving at the Banquet



204



Members and guests at the Head Table





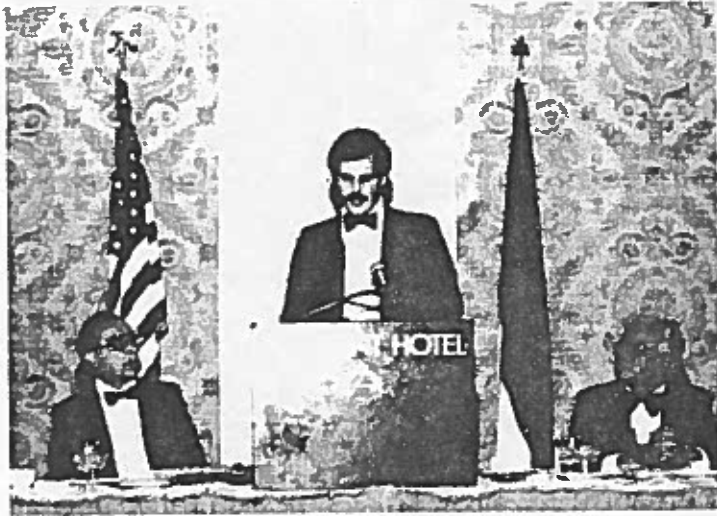




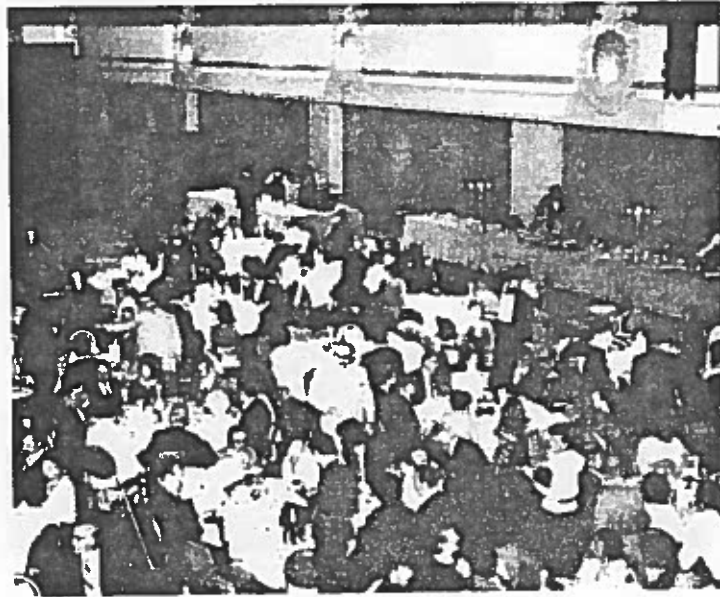
Master of Ceremonies
J. Vukasin

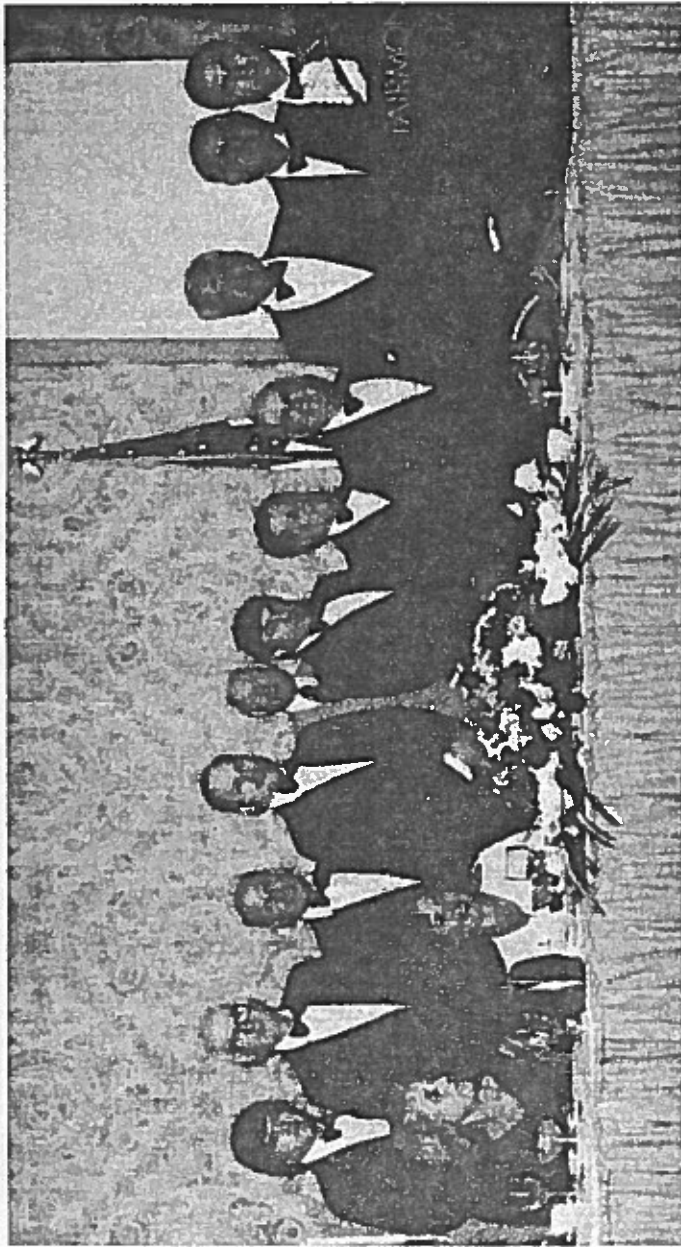


Presidential Welcome



**Reading of the Minutes
taken at the First Meeting
of the Society
May 3, 1880
W. Davidovich**





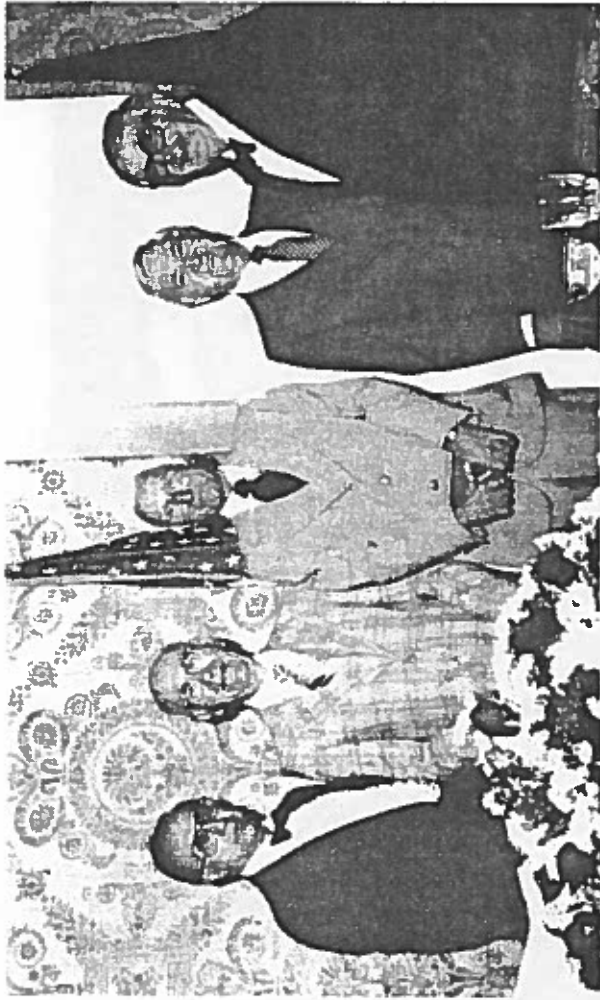
Board Members FSBS



President Dusan Silni
Petar Lucich



President of the Junior Order
Paul Golubovich



Presentation to 50 Year Members:

S. Vickers

G. Alexich

W. Slepanicich

by Vice President L. Krzich



Presentation to 70 Year Member
B. Murisich



**Presentation to 72 Year Member
Risto Vujovich**



**Presentation to 75 Year Member
Obren Cuckovich**



Bob Konevich, Obren Cuckovich, Lazar Krzich



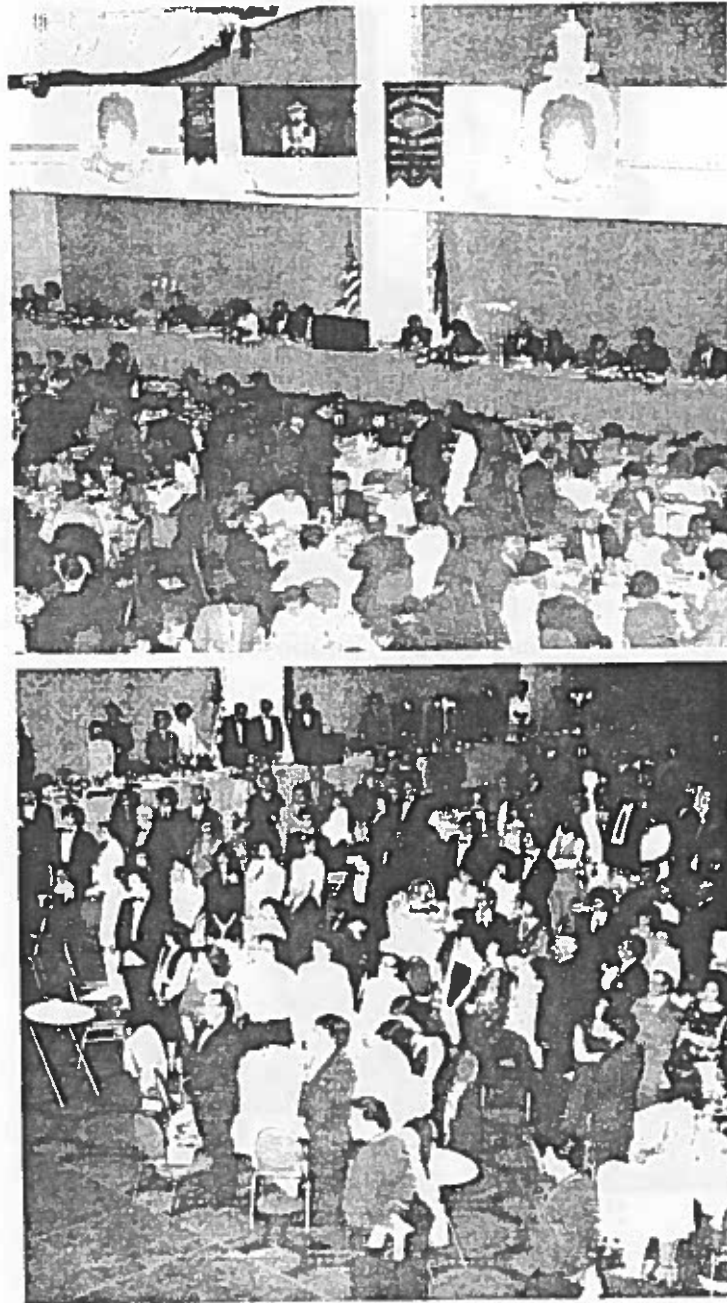
**Presentation of Awards to Obren Cuckovich,
and Bob Konevich by Vice President Krzich (right)**

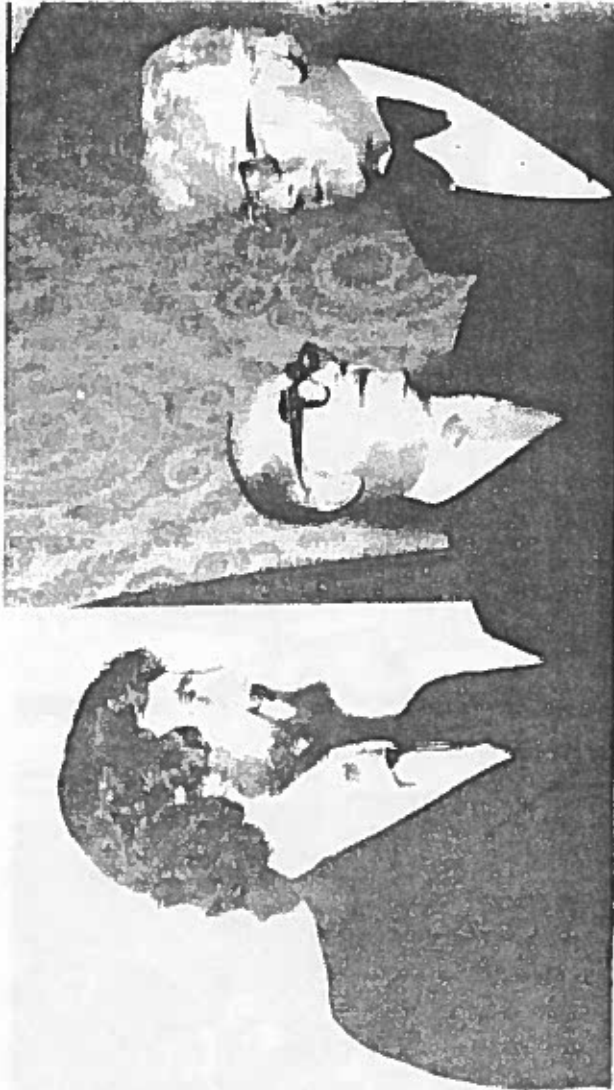


**Presentation of Gift Given in Appreciation to
President M. Golubovich**

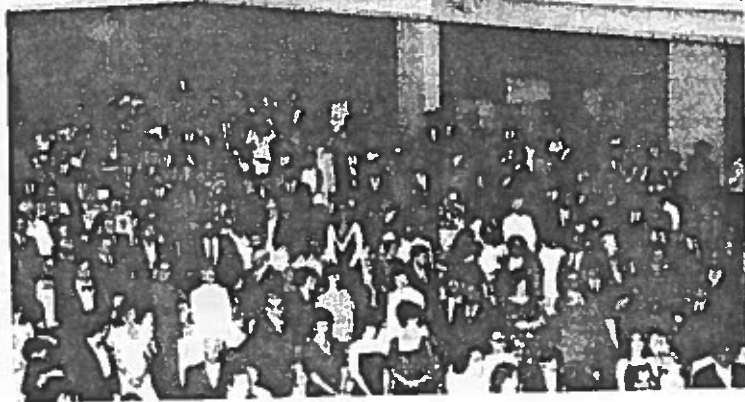
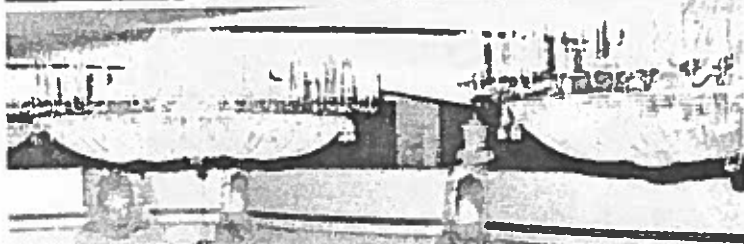
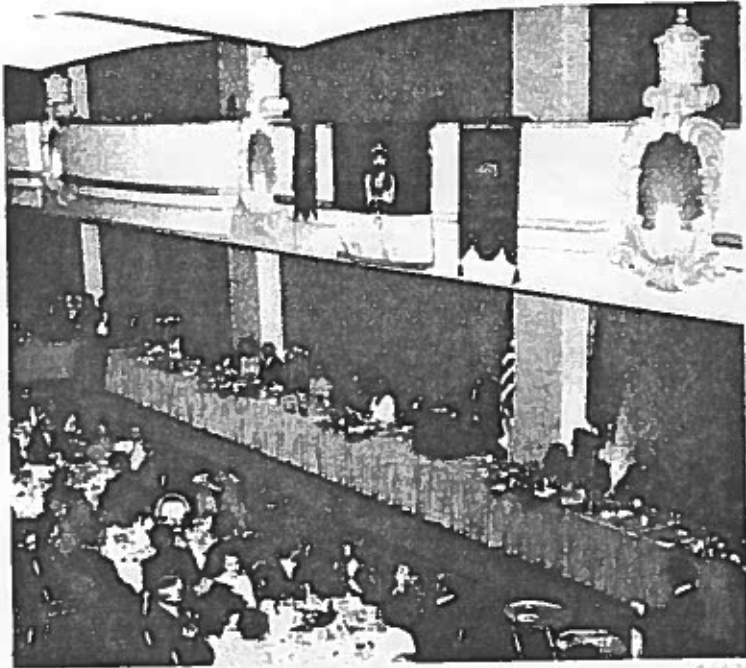


**Presentation of Special Award
given in appreciation to
Vice President Krzich**





Presentation to Author and Book Co-Chairmen
Nick Vucinich Ched Ristich

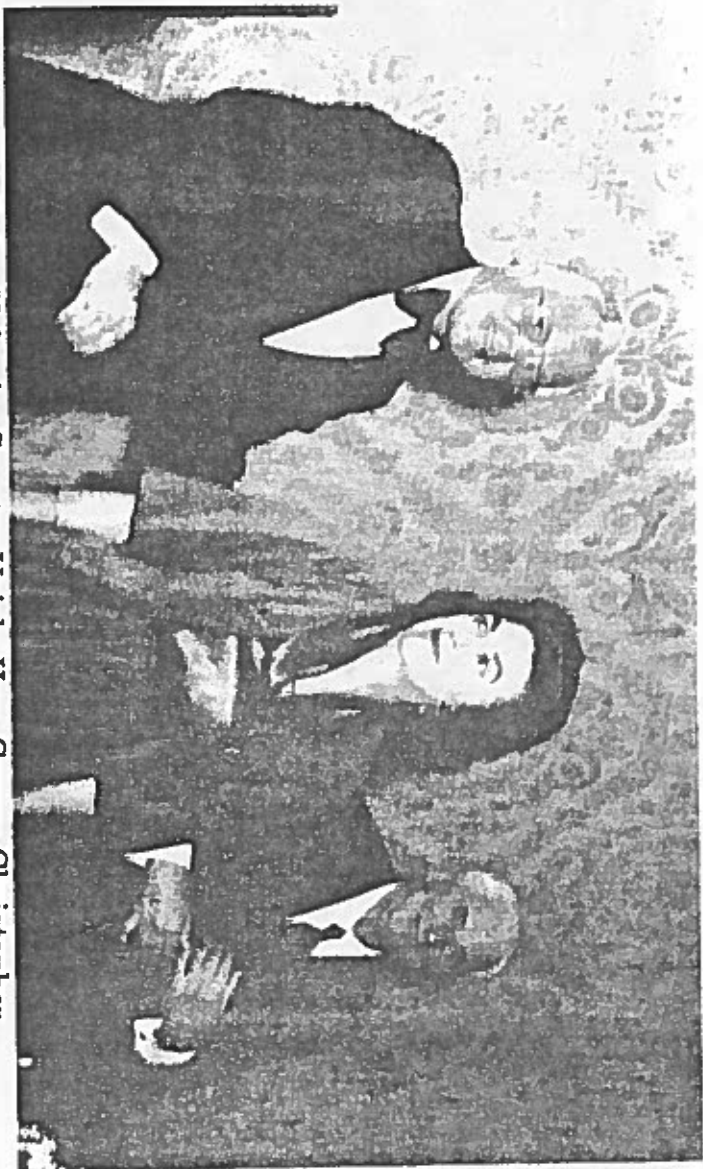




**George Christopher
Honorary Guest**



Members and Guests



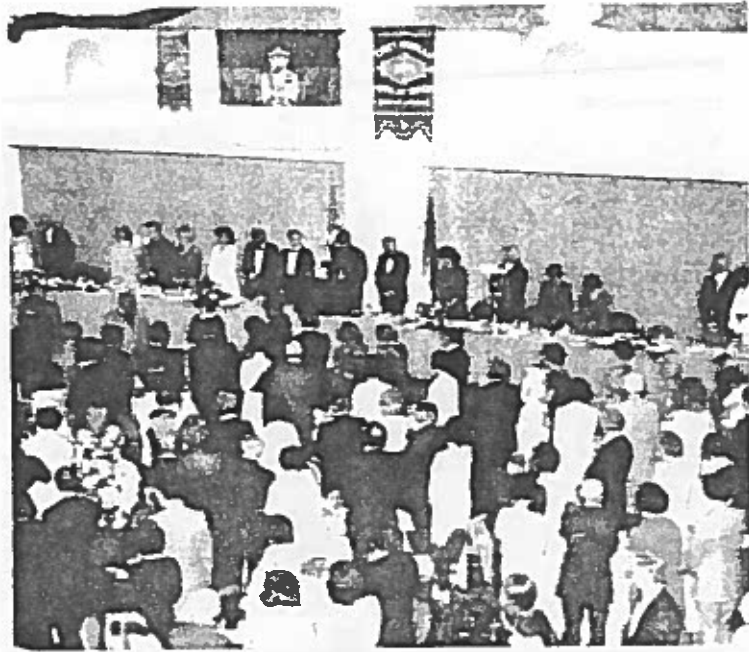
Judge Vukasin, Senator Vuich, Hon. George Christopher



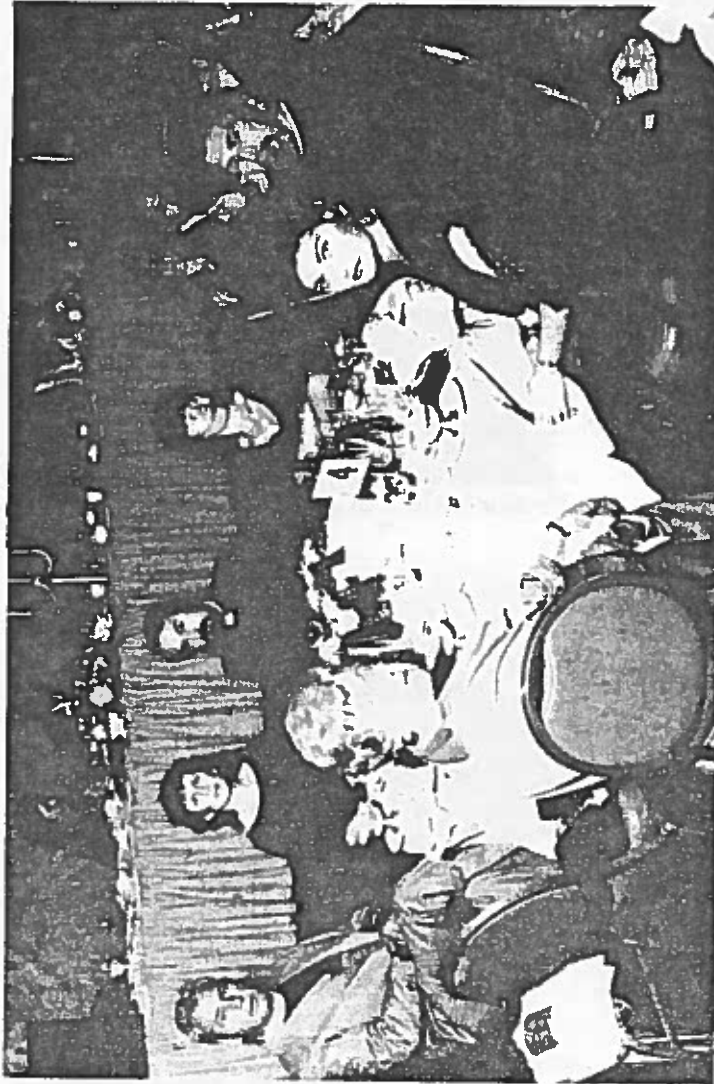
Keynote Speaker Senator Vuich



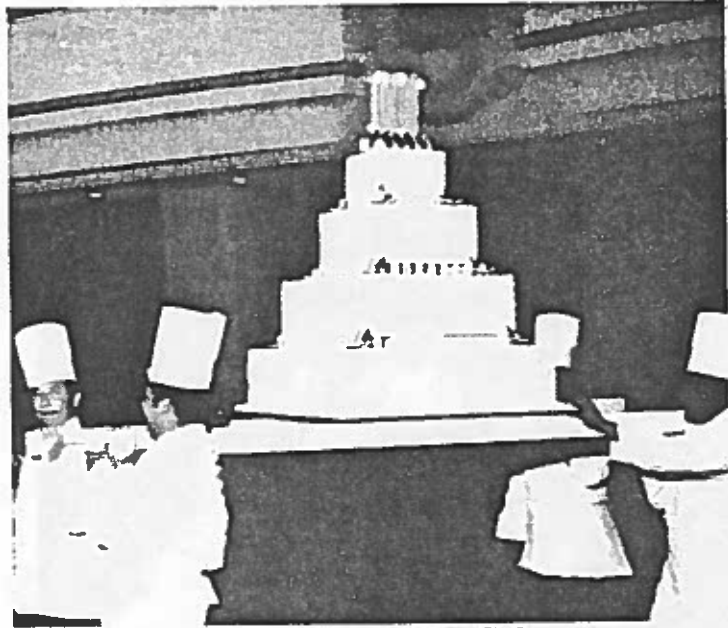
**Benediction given by
Rev. Dr. K. Kotur**



Members and Guests



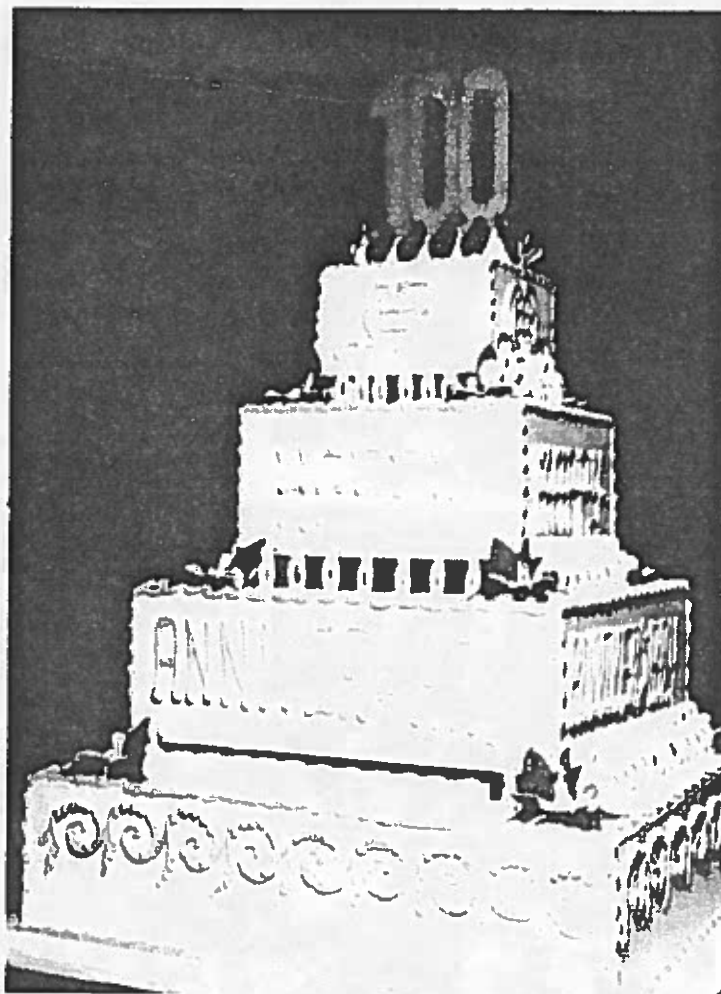
Serbian Priests and their wives



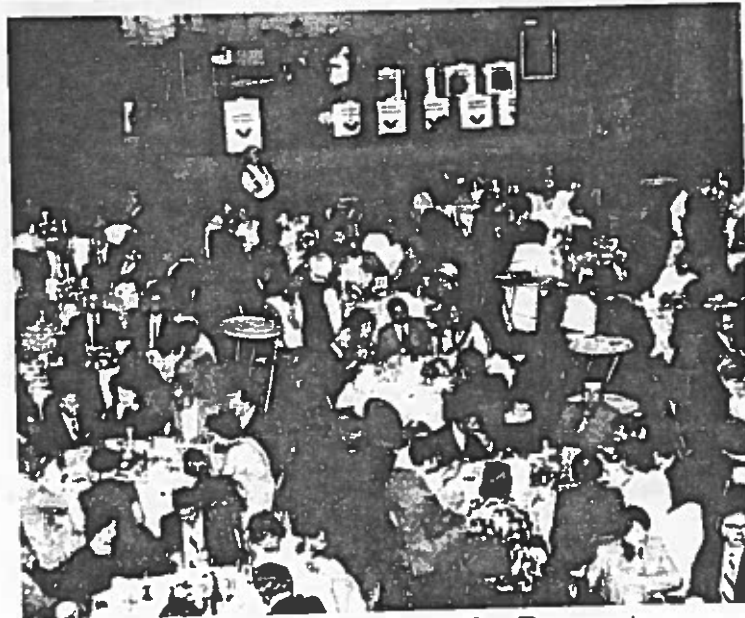
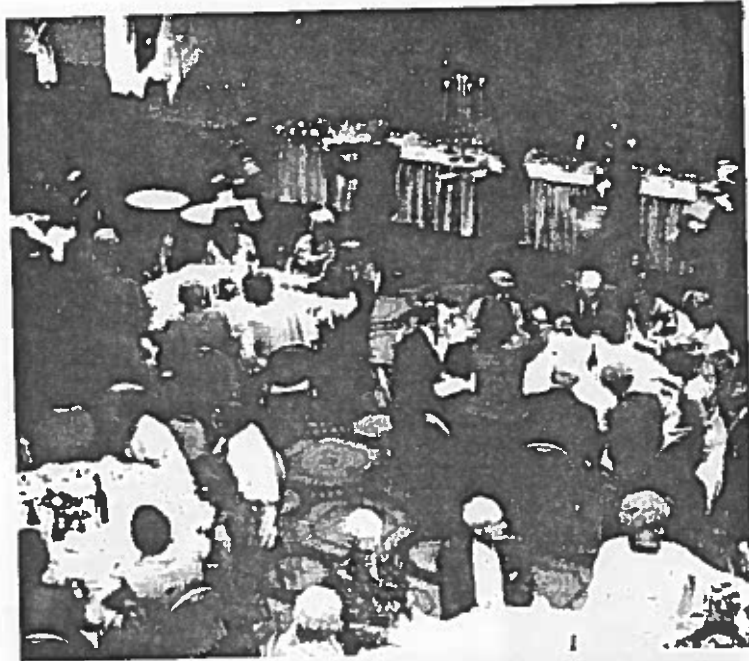
Presentation of the Cake



The Cake Cutting Ceremony



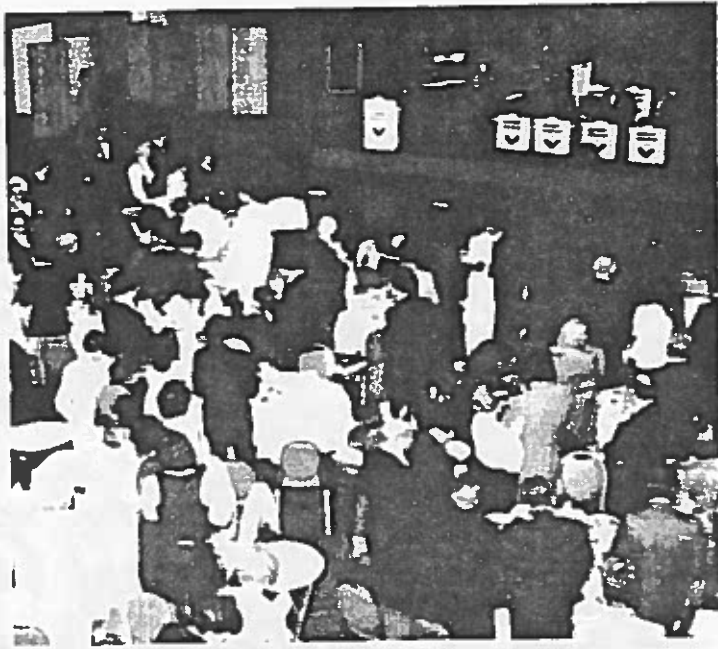
The Hundredth Anniversary Cake



Members and Guests at the Banquet



Dancing



Dancing





Appendix

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Past Presidents

1. *Anton Vukasovich, 1880-1882
2. *Jovo Abramovich, 1881
3. *Lazar Lalich, 1882
4. *George Gojkovich, 1883
5. *Vladimir Chuda, 1884
6. *Petar Vukanovich, 1885-94-95
7. *Lazar Jovovich, 1886-89-91-92-93-96
8. *Jovan P. Andjus, 1887
9. *Bozo Radovich, 1888
10. *Kazimir Antonioli, 1890
11. *Ivan Glavinovich, 1897-1898
12. *Marko Tasovac, 1899-1900
13. *Stevo T. Gerunovich, 1901
14. *Jovo I. Kukavica, 1902-03-04-15-16
15. *Elia T. Balich, 1905-06-07
16. *Jovo Sherovich, 1908-09-23-25-26-30
17. *Lazar s. Churich, 1910-11-21
18. *Milan G. Stanisich, 1912
19. *Vladimir Popovich, 1913-1914
20. *Lazar L. Dropo, 1917-18-1955-56
21. *George A. Dabovich, 1918-19-20
22. *Vidak K. Novakovich, 1922
23. Milton (Micho) K. Lepetich, 1924
24. *Stevo J. Gudelj, 1927-28
25. *Todor G. Denda, 1929
26. *Luka Mitrovich, 1931-32-33
27. *Bozo Katich, 1934-35
28. *John Zelalich, 1936
29. *Milan Asanovich, 1936
30. *Vladimir Vucinich, 1938
31. *John G. Kisich, 1939-40
32. *Anton Milanovich, 1941

33. *Krsto Milosovich, 1942-43-44-45
34. Svetozar J. Sherovich, 1946-47-66-67-71
72-73
35. Lazar J. Krzich, 1948-49
36. *John S. Girish, 1950-51
37. John K. Milosovich, 1952-53
38. Jovo Ljepava, 1954
39. Obren I. Cuckovich, 1957
40. Nikola Milichevich, 1958-59-65-70
41. Jovo Milkovich, 1960-61
42. Bozo Konevich, 1962-63-64
43. *John Buzolich, 1968-69-70
44. Milorad V. Golubovich, 1974,75,76,77,78,79, 80

***Deceased**

Past Presidents Who Died in Office:

Anton Vukasovich
John Buzolich

First American Born President:

Ivan Glavinovich

Past Presidents



*Anton Vukavcic
1880-82



*Jovo E. Abramovic
1881



*Lazar Jelic
1882



George Gajkovic
1883



*Vladimir Chuda
1884



*Petar Vukavcic
1885-84-85



*Lazar Jevovitch
1888-89-91-92-93-94



*Jovan Anđić
1887



*Boro Radovic
1888



*Kazimir Antonic
1889



*Ivan Glavinovic
1897-98



*Marko Tazovac
1899-1900



Boro Gerasimovic
1901



Jovo Kukuric
1903-03-04-15-18



*Misa T. Balich
1904-06-07



Jovo Serevich
1906-06-23-25-26-30



Lazar M. Stupich
1910-11-21



Misa Stanicich
1912



*Vladimir Popovitch
1913-14



Lazar L. Droze
1917-18-20



George A. Dabovic
1918-19-20



Vidak Novakovich
1922



Milan E. Lepetit
1923



[Name obscured]
1924



Taylor G. Dreda
1929



John Mitrovich
1931-32-33



[Name obscured]
1934-35



[Name obscured]
1936



[Name obscured]
1937



Vladimir Vuernich
1938



John G. Kloich
1939-40



[Name obscured]
1941



[Name obscured]
1942



[Name obscured]
1943



[Name obscured]
1944



[Name obscured]
1945



[Name obscured]
1946-47



[Name obscured]
1948

Past Presidents

Past Presidents



**NIKOLA
MILICHEVICH**
1958-59-65-70



**OBREN
L. CUCKOVICH**
1957



JOVO MILKOVICH
1960-61



**BOZO
(Bob) KONEVICH**
1962-63-64



**JOHN
BUZOLICH**
1968-69-70



**MILORAD
V. GOLUBOVICH**
1974-75-76-77-78-79-80

***Honorary Members of
The First Serbian
Benevolent Society***

1. King Milan Obrenovich I of Serbia
October 4, 1882
2. Prince Aleksander Obrenovich I of Serbia
October 4, 1882
3. Prince Nikola Petrovich I of Montenegro
October 4, 1882
4. Prince Danilo Petrovich of Montenegro
October 4, 1882
5. General Mihail Grigorevich Cherniaev
December 6, 1882
6. Ivan S. Aksakov
December 6, 1882
7. Sava Bjelanovich
May 20, 1885
8. His Grace Bishop Nikolai
February 1, 1893
9. Jovo Gregovich
March 20, 1895
10. Jovan Sundeichich
April 3, 1898
11. Vladimir P. Popovich
November 16, 1898

***List of the
Local Area Coordinators***

Contra Costa	George Radulovich Slavo Rigisich
Fresno	John Milovich Radivoj Tarailo
Jackson	Milan Church, Sr. Ely Krzich
Los Angeles	Svetozar J. Sherovich
Lake Havasu, Arizona	Bozo Galeb
Marin County	Michael Djordjevich William Stepanicich
Oakland	Obren Cuckovich George Alexich
Sacramento	David Jovovich Voin Samarzich
Santa Clara County	Lazar J. Krzich Nick Milicevich Ched Ristich
San Mateo County	Milorad V. Golubovich Dimitrije-Mita Postich
Seattle	Vuceta Raspopovich Steve Paovich Pete Savich
Oregon	Tom Savelich
Vancouver	Nick Kerchum

***Membership List of the
First Serbian Benevolent Society
1880-1980***

It is the author's desire that along with the members names be listed their places of birth. Unfortunately, the members' birthplaces have not always been recorded in a consistent manner. Occasionally only the province or state is listed, in some instances the names of towns or villages may have been misspelled. Since the early 1960's, the member's birthplaces have no longer been recorded in the minutes of the Society upon their election to membership. Despite these inconsistencies and omissions, the author feels that the inclusion of the member's birthplaces will serve as an important historical document in itself, and will be of use to geneologists and writers interested in the origin and composition of the people of California. This information should also prove useful to many Californians of Serbian heritage who may be interested in determining the location of the province, town, or village of Yugoslavia from which their ancestors originated.

Abramovich, Andrew
 Trebesin, Boka Kotorska Sept. 20, 1882
 Abramovich, John
 Trebesin, Boka Kotorska Sept. 1, 1880
 Achimovich, Ljubo
 Sasovich, Boka Kotorska Dec. 15, 1897
 Adzich, George
 California April 2, 1980
 Adzich, Radovan
 Montenegro Dec. 4, 1963
 Adzich, Robert
 California April 2, 1980
 Aidukovich, Lazar
 Belgrade, Serbia Dec. 15, 1909
 Aidukovich, Milorad
 Belgrade, Serbia Dec. 15, 1909
 Ajchevich, Srdje
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska Nov. 2, 1921
 Ajichevich, Vido
 Boka Kotorska Oct. 17, 1906
 Albijanich, Jefto
 Vucji Do, Montenegro Feb. 7, 1917
 Albijanich, Lazar
 Bileca, Hercegovina Sept. 16, 1914
 Aleksich, Gligo
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia May 4, 1898
 Aleksich, Ilia
 Hercegovina May 15, 1901
 Aleksich, Jovan
 Virpazar, Montenegro May 2, 1923
 Aleksich, Sergius
 Dubrovnik April 5, 1905
 Alexich, Daniel
 San Francisco, Calif. April 20, 1947

Alexich, George
 San Francisco, Calif. Dec. 18, 1929

Ambulija, Ilija
 Trebinje, Hercegovina April 17, 1911

Ambulija, Nikola
 Police, Hercegovina Sept. 16, 1914

Andjushich, Gojko
 Angels Camp, Calif. Dec. 1, 1930

Andjusich, Todor T.
 Dracevo, Hercegovina Feb. 20, 1924

Andrich, Gojko
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska Feb. 17, 1926

Andrich, John
 San Diego, Calif. May 22, 1955

Andrich, Lazar
 Buljarica, Boka Kotorska April 27, 1912

Andrich, Nicholas G.
 San Diego, Calif. May 22, 1955

Andrich, Novak
 Vrpolje, Hercegovina Jan. 15, 1913

Andrijasevich, Anton
 Montenegro Dec. 5, 1906

Andrijasevich, Boshko
 Montenegro March 2, 1904

Androvich, John
 Kaludjerac, Boka Kotorska Feb. 17, 1926

Angelich, Ilija
 Bileca, Hercegovina Dec. 15, 1909

Angelich, John E.
 Amador City, Calif. July 16, 1919

Angelich, Lazar
 Dubocani, Hercegovina Feb. 6, 1929

Angelich, Luka E.
 Amador City, Calif. Sept. 16, 1914

Angelich, Luka S.
 Hercegovina Dec. 15, 1909
 Angelich, Milovan
 Bileca, Hercegovina January 2, 1918
 Angelich, Nikola E.
 Amador City, Calif. July 16, 1919
 Angelich, Petar E.
 Amador City, Calif. Sept. 16, 1914
 Angelich, Simo
 Gornje Vrbno, Hercegovina April 17, 1912
 Angelich, Stojan
 Bileca, Hercegovina Sept. 16, 1914
 Angius, John B.
 Boka Kotorska May 7, 1884
 Angius, John P.
 Boka Kotorska Feb. 4, 1885
 Antonchuk, Alex
 Minsk, Russia April 15, 1936
 Antonioli, Cazimir
 Budva, Boka Kotorska Feb. 1, 1882
 Antonioli, Frank
 Budva, Boka Kotorska Feb. 17, 1926
 Antonioli, Frano
 Budva, Boka Kotorska Feb. 18, 1914
 Antuncich, Marco A.
 Lussing Veli August 21, 1889
 Apan, John
 Orasac, Dalmatia Dec. 21, 1893
 Asanovich, Milan
 Zubci, Hercegovina Jan. 2, 1924
 Ateljevich, George
 San Francisco, Calif. May 15, 1957
 Ateljevich, Ilija
 Ljubomir, Hercegovina May 6, 1925

Ateljevich, Vidak
 Ljubomir, Hercegovina March 5, 1930
 Avramovich, Blagoje
 Sasovici, Boka Kotorska Feb. 18, 1914
 Avramovich, Drago
 Trebesin, Boka Kotorska Aug. 11, 1880
 Babich, Rade S.
 Bileca, Hercegovina July 2, 1924
 Bacanovich, Elia
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska March 19, 1919
 Bacanovich, Janko
 Ratisevina, Boka Kotorska March 15, 1916
 Bacochevich, Steven
 Boka Kotorska Feb. 4, 1885
 Bajurin, Nikola
 Ston, Dalmatia Dec. 18, 1907
 Bakocevich, John
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska Jan. 6, 1904
 Bakotich, Vukan
 Kutezi, Hercegovina Feb. 18, 1914
 Balaban, Andrew
 Boka Kotorska Dec. 17, 1884
 Balabusich, Milan
 Boka Kotorska Dec. 17, 1884
 Balabusich, Savo
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska Aug. 18, 1892
 Balich, Ilia T.
 Joshice, Boka Kotorska April 3, 1895
 Balj, Bosko
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina Dec. 15, 1909
 Balj, Risto
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina Dec. 15, 1909
 Balj, Spasoje
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina Dec. 15, 1909

Baltich, Andrew
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska June 17, 1914
 Baltich, Nikola
 Boka Kotorska Dec. 1, 1909
 Banich, Milan
 Brlog, Lika Sept. 16, 1931
 Banovich, George
 California Oct. 6, 1976
 Banovich, Marko
 Boka Kotorska Sept. 4, 1907
 Banovich, Marko
 California Oct. 6, 1976
 Barbich, Savo
 Port Said, Egypt July 16, 1913
 Barovich, Blagota
 Montenegro Dec. 3, 1952
 Barzut, Chetko
 Hercegovina March 6, 1907
 Bashich, Mitar
 Taleza, Hercegovina May 3, 1889
 Bashich, Simo
 Hercegovina Nov. 2, 1904
 Basich, Mirko
 Trebinje, Hercegovina Dec. 15, 1909
 Basich, Mitar S.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina Feb. 19, 1913
 Basich, M. Nikola
 Hercegovina March 4, 1908
 Basich, Obren
 Lug, Hercegovina July 12, 1912
 Basich, M. Vaso
 Hercegovina Jan. 21, 1903
 Basor, Gavriilo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina July 2, 1924

Batinich, Miho
 Popovo, Hercegovina Dec. 5, 1909
 Bauk, George M.
 Grbalj, Boka Kotorska Jan. 4, 1922
 Bazovich, Stevo
 Montenegro Nov.20, 1907
 Begovich, Robert C.
 Plymouth, Calif. Oct. 9, 1955
 Benz, John
 Vrgorac, Dalmatia July 16, 1919
 Berberovich, Bozo
 Boka Kotorska Feb. 5, 1908
 Berdovich, Petar
 Ljubomir, Hercegovina May 10, 1889
 Biedov, Nikola
 Dalmatia Dec. 15, 1909
 Bielich, George
 Boka Kotorska Jan. 21, 1885
 Bielich, Lazar
 Hercegovina March 21, 1894
 Bielich, Luka
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Bielich, Michail
 Zagreb, Hrvatska March 1, 1893
 Bielich, Petar
 Hercegovina Dec. 15, 1909
 Bielovich, Marko
 Amador, Calif. January 15, 1936
 Bijelovich, Velko
 Sutter Creek, Calif. January 21, 1931
 Biocini, Anthony J.
 San Francisco, Calif. April 3, 1955
 Bjelanovich, Savo
 Knin, Dalmatia May 20, 1885

Bjeletich, John G.
 November 21, 1962
 Bobich, Rade
 Petrovo Selo, Lika October 17, 1917
 Bocanovich, Ljubomir
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska July 1, 1891
 Bogdanovich, Ely
 California April 3, 1949
 Bogdanovich, George S.
 California April 3, 1949
 Bogdanovich, Ilija
 Njegush, Montenegro March 18, 1914
 Bogdanovich, Mitar
 Njegush, Montenegro August 5, 1914
 Bogetich, Krsto
 Grbalj, Boka Kotorska June 5, 1918
 Bogich, Marko
 Austria April 6, 1904
 Boich, Miro M.
 Plana, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Boich, Todisha
 Kolasin, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Bojanich, Ilija
 Hercegovina December 21, 1904
 Bojanich, Stevo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina February, 17, 1926
 Borak, Gjuro
 Sibenik, Dalmatia March 1, 1916
 Boreta, Rade G.
 Maine, Boka Kotorska July 19, 1922
 Boris, Kosta P.
 Serbia January 20, 1909
 Boro, Nikola
 Hercegovina February 17, 1904

Boshnjak, George
 Boka Kotorska February 21, 1900
 Boskovich, Elia
 Hercegovina September 20, 1905
 Boskovich, Jovo L.
 Mrkonjici, Hercegovina January 20, 1926
 Boskovich, Pavle B.
 Orja Luka, Montenegro October 19, 1932
 Boskovich, Radovan M.
 Niksic, Montenegro August 6, 1919
 Boskovich, Spaso
 Kremen do, Hercegovina December 21, 1891
 Bosniak, John
 Podi, Boka Kotorska December 2, 1891
 Bosnjak, John
 Boka Kotorska February 17, 1909
 Boyanich, Stanley E.
 Oakland, California April 28, 1946
 Boyanich, Stanley G. Jr.
 San Francisco, Calif. April 3, 1955
 Bozich, Jovan
 Hercegovina August 8, 1888
 Bozovich, Masho
 Budva, Boka Kotorska August 7, 1918
 Bozovich, Nikola
 Hercegovina September 6, 1905
 Bozovich, Rade
 Budva, Boka Kotorska July 3, 1918
 Bozovich, Vuko
 Budva, Boka Kotorska August 7, 1918
 Bradaric, Dragoslav
 December 6, 1978
 Bradaric, Ilija
 May 3, 1972

Brajevich, George
 Jackson, California July 2, 1952
 Brajevich, Gligor
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska December 2, 1891
 Brajevich, Ilia
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska October 7, 1891
 Brajevich, Janko
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska March 1, 1899
 Brajevich, Marko
 Bisbee, Arizona April 1, 1959
 Brajevich, Micho
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska February 17, 1926
 Brajevich, Savo
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska May 3, 1893
 Brajevich S. Spiro
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska January 21, 1903
 Brajevich, Stevo M.
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska October 4, 1922
 Brandon, Joseph Jr.
 January 12, 1958
 Brandon, Stanley
 November 3, 1976
 Braticevich, Stevo
 Njegush, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Brdar, Mike
 West Virginia July 2, 1958
 Brkan, Krsto
 Hercegovina April 3, 1907
 Brkan, Lazar
 Hercegovina November 4, 1908
 Brkan, Nikola
 Hercegovina March 3, 1909
 Brkan, Risto S.
 Hercegovina February 18, 1903
 Brkan, Simo
 Hercegovina October 1, 1902
 250

Brkovich, Dusan
 Boka Kotorska October 3, 1906
 Brkovich, Todor
 Trebinje, Hercegovina October 17, 1928
 Brnjosh, Obren
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Bronzich, John
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska February 2, 1892
 Bronzich, Urosh
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska July 19, 1893
 Brooc, John N.
 Russia November 19, 1902
 Bubalo, Dusan
 Dubrovnik September 6, 1905
 Budech, Christ
 Butte, Montana December 5, 1945
 Budich, Spiro
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska December 6, 1899
 Budich, Vaso K.
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska November 20, 1895
 Budjan, George E.
 Hercegovina October 16, 1901
 Budjen, Leland G.
 San Francisco, California December 4, 1904
 Budjen, John
 Hercegovina February 17, 1904
 Bukvich, Nicholas
 Stolac, Hercegovina February 2, 1887
 Bulaich, Risto
 Grahovo, Montenegro September 7, 1892
 Bulatovich, George
 Lipovo, Montenegro March 21, 1917
 Bulatovich, Pavle
 Kolasin, Montenegro June 6, 1917

Bunjevich, Deyan
 Chicago, Illinois December 5, 1973
 Bunjevich, Pavle
 Gary, Indiana November 1, 1978
 Burich, George
 Brac, Dalmatia April 3, 1884
 Burich, Vido
 Zagreda, Montenegro January 2, 1918
 Butulija, Rade
 Bileca, Hercegovina April 17, 1918
 Buzolich, John
 San Jose, California May 7, 1941
 Buzolich, John A.
 San Jose, California May 3, 1916
 Buzolich, Mark
 San Jose, California August 4, 1971
 Camarinos, Demetrio G.
 Sparta, Greece August 4, 1886
 Catovich, Lazar
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska March 6, 1889
 Cernogorcevich, Christopher
 Baosich, Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885
 Cernogorevich, Costa
 Baosich, Boka Kotorska December 17, 1884
 Chaich, Blazo
 Negotin, Serbia December 3, 1890
 Chanak, Savo (Sam)
 Kula, Lika September 16, 1931
 Chavar, John
 Njegush, Montenegro May 16, 1917
 Cheklich, Dushan
 Igalo, Boka Kotorska September 7, 1910

Chelovich, Stanko
 Montenegro May 1, 1907
 Chenich, Thomas
 Igalo, Boka Kotorska October 5, 1898
 Chepernich, Bozo J.
 Topla, Boka Kotorska February 18, 1914
 Chepernich, Ivan
 Postire, Brac April 20, 1947
 Chepernich, Jovo
 Sutorina, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Chepernich, Luka
 Topla, Boka Kotorska December 17, 1884
 Chepernich, Maxim J.
 Zvinje, Hercegovina December 16, 1909
 Chepernich, Petar
 San Francisco, California January 5, 1949
 Cherovich, Andrew
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska March 18, 1891
 Cherovich, Marko
 Brova, Hercegovina May 3, 1916
 Chetkovich, Chris
 Boka Kotorska September 4, 1907
 Chetkovich, Elia
 Montenegro January 20, 1904
 Chetkovich, Jovo
 Risan, Boka Kotorska October 16, 1907
 Chetkovich, Milosh
 Boka Kotorska September 4, 1907
 Chetkovich, Nikola
 Baosici, Boka Kotorska September 4, 1907
 Chiakich, Milosh
 Zadar, Dalmatia February 17, 1904
 Chichkovich, John
 Scenica, Hercegovina September 21, 1892

Chickovich, George J.		
Scenica, Hercegovina		December 21, 1893
Chickovich, Gjuro Jakon		
Scenica, Hercegovina		April 16, 1913
Chickovich, Jovo S.		
Scenica, Hercegovina		September 21, 1910
Chielovich, Elia		
Risan, Boka Kotorska		December 17, 1884
Chiorich S. Voislav		
Cvaljina, Hercegovina		September 27, 1910
Chirigin, Mato		
Brac, Dalmatia		January 21, 1885
Chirovich, Luka		
March 6, 1912		
Chirovich, Petar		
Krusevica, Hercegovina		July 18, 1900
Chiuovich, Marko		
Bijela, Boka Kotorska		March 4, 1903
Chiuovich, Peter		
Baosich, Boka Kotorska		February 4, 1885
Chiuovich, Steven		
Risan, Boka Kotorska		August 11, 1880
Chiuda, Vladimir		
Budva, Boka Kotorska		February 1, 1882
Chomic, Savo		
Bileca, Hercegovina		December 1, 1930
Chorovich, Petar		
Boka Kotorska		September 4, 1907
Chorovich, Petar L.		
Ljubinje, Hercegovina		April 19, 1911
Chorovich, Risto L.		
Ljubinje, Hercegovina		March 6, 1912
Chuck, Alexander,		
San Jose, California		October 14, 1956

Chuck, Donald
 San Jose, California October 14, 1956
 Chuck, Spasoje M.
 Ograda, Hercegovina December 21, 1910
 Chuckovich, Bozo
 Hercegovina January 20, 1909
 Chuckovich, Ely M.
 San Francisco, California April 15, 1936
 Chuckovich, Kosta
 Dubocani, Hercegovina December 2, 1914
 Chuckovich, Luka
 Dubocani, Hercegovina December 3, 1913
 Chuckovich, Milan E.
 Dubocani, Hercegovina March 20, 1901
 Chuckovich, Obren E.
 Dubocani, Hercegovina August 15, 1906
 Chukovich, Jovo
 Risan, Boka Kotorska October 16, 1907
 Chuckovich, Simo E.
 Dubocani, Hercegovina February 6, 1929
 Chukovich, Spasoje M.
 Grablje, Hercegovina December 21, 1910
 Chumo, Michael
 Cavtat, Dalmatia November 18, 1925
 Churcich, Ilija
 Udbina, Lika September 17, 1919
 Churcich, Milivoj
 Udbina, Lika March 2, 1921
 Churcich, Petar
 Krupa, Bosnia April 2, 1913
 Churich, George
 Hercegovina January 16, 1901
 Churich, Janko
 Trebinje, Hercegovina May 18, 1910

Churich, John
 Trebinje, Hercegovina May 18, 1910
 Churich, Lazar S.
 Igalo, Boka Kotorska December 6, 1893
 Churich, Luka
 Bosnia March 16, 1910
 Churich, Michael
 Illinois April 26, 1946
 Churich, Milan
 Komich, Lika October 25, 1953
 Churich, Milosh
 Zubci, Hercegovina January 21, 1925
 Churich, Milton Ely
 Oakland, California December 5, 1945
 Churich, Nikola
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Churich, Todor
 Konjsko, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Cickovich, Elias
 Hercegovina May 2, 1890
 Cickovich, George J.
 Hercegovina December 21, 1893
 Cickovich, Gligo
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska April 17, 1912
 Cicovich, Nikola
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Ciganovich, Branko
 Dubrovnik September 20, 1950
 Climovich, Lazar
 Zubci, Hercegovina May 17, 1893
 Climovich, John
 Hercegovina August 15, 1900
 Colovich, Jovo
 Zubci, Hercegovina December 16, 1908

Cosovac, Lazar
 December 17, 1884
 Costa, Cristopher
 Rosario, Dalmatia February 4, 1885
 Cuckovich, Filip
 Hercegovina January 2, 1907
 Cuckovich, George E.
 Dubocani, Hercegovina January 4, 1939
 Cuckovich, Nikola
 Hercegovina January 17, 1906
 Cuckovich, Sam
 San Francisco, California December 5, 1945
 Cuckovich, Savo
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Curilich, George M.
 Jackson, California March 5, 1930
 Curilich, Lazo
 Paloma, California March 5, 1930
 Curtoni, Frank
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia February 4, 1885
 Cvetich, Steve
 Oakland, California December 4, 1946
 Cvietkovich, Tomo
 Baosich, Boka Kotorska August 2, 1905
 Cvjetichanin, Milan
 Udbina, Lika May 19, 1915 - -
 Cvjetichanin, Nikola
 Lika July 5, 1917
 Dabanovich, Alexa
 Bar, Montenegro May 3, 1889
 Dabanovich, George
 Bar, Montenegro December 3, 1919
 Dabovich, John
 Sv. Stevan, Boka Kotorska June 2, 1886

Dabizinovich, Mico
 Savina, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Dabizinovich, Savo
 Boka Kotorska February 5, 1908
 Dabovich, Andrew
 Baosich, Boka Kotorska December 1, 1883
 Dabovich, Damjan A.
 Jugoslavia May 3, 1944
 Dabovich, George
 Baosich, Boka Kotorska December 17, 1884
 Dabovich, George A.
 San Francisco, California February 21, 1894
 Dabovich, George E.
 San Francisco, California January 15, 1890
 Dabovich, George V.
 June 3, 1891
 Dabovich, Milo J.
 Mokri Dol, Boka Kotorska January 29, 1889
 Dabovich, Martin
 Koslanica September 18, 1889
 Dabovich, Spaso
 Boka Kotorska April 7, 1909
 Dabovich, Stephen E.
 San Francisco, California December 3, 1919
 Dabovich, Theodore A.
 San Francisco, California February 18, 1903
 Dabovich, Tomo
 Zubci, Hercegovina March 3, 1915
 Dabovich, William
 San Francisco, California July 21, 1937
 Dakovich, Blazo
 Grahovo, Montenegro March 5, 1924
 Damjanovich, Jovan
 Piva, Montenegro September 2, 1914

Damjanovich, Mitar
 Piva, Montenegro September 2, 1914
 Dangubich, Stevo
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska December 4, 1912
 Danilovich, Damjan
 Zubci, Hercegovina November 1, 1893
 Danilovich, Pavle
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Davidovich, Jerome
 Petrovac Na Moru, Pastrovici November 6, 1963
 Davidovich, Milos
 Petrovac Na Moru, Pastrovici October 3, 1979
 Davidovich, Stevan
 San Francisco, California December 5, 1973
 Davidovich, William
 San Francisco, California December 5, 1973
 Dedier, George
 Hercegovina March 18, 1903
 Dedier, George Jr.
 San Francisco, California June 7, 1950
 Dedier, Ljubo
 Drachevo, Hercegovina August 20, 1919
 Dedier, Nikola J.
 Drachevo, Hercegovina May 20, 1925
 Dedier, Stanton
 San Francisco, California December 5, 1945
 Delich, Marko
 Vranjska, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Denda, George
 Mirilovichi, Hercegovina June 15, 1904
 Denda, Jakov
 Mirilovichi, Hercegovina August 6, 1913
 Denda, Kosta
 Bileca, Hercegovina March 17, 1897

Denda, Todor
 Bileca, Hercegovina August 2, 1905
 Denda, Tomo
 Bileca, Hercegovina November 15, 1922
 Deretich, Spaso
 Hercegovina January 16, 1905
 Derikucka, Stevo
 Popovo, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Dezulovich, Michel
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia April 29, 1890
 Dimkich, Dimitrije M.
 Prokuplje, Serbia June 4, 1913
 Divanovich, David
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska February 4, 1925
 Djordjevich, Michael
 Belgrade, Serbia December 20, 1970
 Doclestich, Achilles
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska Sept. 10, 1885
 Dodig, Grgo
 Capljina, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Doklestich, John
 Boka Kotorska June 20, 1900
 Dolinich, Dane
 Bunich, Lika March 2, 1921
 Dostinich, Andria K.
 Sasovich, Boka Kotorska May 4, 1910
 Dostinich, Milan
 Boka Kotorska September 4, 1907
 Dragolovich, Milosh
 Ubli, Dalmatia March 23, 1888
 Dragicevich, Spiro
 Risan, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Dragishich, Sava
 Skradin, Jugoslavia October 22, 1950

Dragojevich, George
 Montenegro December 7, 1904
 Dragomanovich, Spiro
 Topla, Boka Kotorska January 26, 1881
 Dragomanovich, Spiro J.
 Topla, Boka Kotorska January 21, 1885
 Drakulich, Milan
 Fresno, California April 28, 1946
 Drashkovich, Petar
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Drcha, Blagoje
 Kistanje, Dalmatia May 5, 1920
 Dropo, Jovan T.
 Mrkonjic, Hercegovina October 4, 1911
 Dropo, Lazar L.
 Mrkonjichi, Hercegovina April 4, 1906
 Dropo, Melvin
 San Francisco, California December 2, 1942
 Dropo, Risto T.
 Mrkonichi, Hercegovina May 6, 1925
 Duchich, Simo
 Hercegovina February 20, 1907
 Duchich, Steve R.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina November 19, 1924
 Dupich, Radovan V.
 Piperi, Montenegro February 2, 1921
 Dutina, Grujo
 Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Dutina, Scepo
 Pozruje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Dutina, Stevan
 Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Duzdevich, Elton
 San Francisco, California December 5, 1945

Duzdevic, Martin
 Ston, Dalmatia December 15, 1909
 Dzelatovich, Achim
 Chepelica, Hercegovina March 19, 1924
 Dzono, Mato
 Hercegovina April 3, 1907
 Dzozo, Risto
 Djedici, Hercegovina June 4, 1913
 Dzozo, Tomo
 Djedici, Hercegovina September 2, 1914
 Dzuovich, Janko
 Amador City, California April 16, 1930
 Eliskovich, Ely
 Sutter Creek, California February 5, 1936
 Eliskovich, Mitchell
 Butte, Montana February 5, 1936
 Erakovich, Vaso
 Skoplje, Serbia December 2, 1953
 Erbez, Filip
 Grahovo, Montenegro November 2, 1910
 Erbez, John P.
 Fresno, California April 17, 1946
 Erbez, Steve
 Fresno, California March 3, 1948
 Ercegovich, Bozo
 Grbalj, Boka Kotorska August 7, 1918
 Filipchich, Andrew
 Trieste April 3, 1907
 Filipchich, Anton
 Trieste November 21, 1906
 Filipcich, Frano
 Trieste April 3, 1907
 Filipcich, Jakov
 Trieste April 3, 1907

Filipcich, Josif
 Trieste April 3, 1907
 Folkert, Vladimir Dr.
 Pancevo, Jugoslavia January 11, 1959
 Franicevich, Spiro
 Boka Kotorska September 17, 1884
 Franovich, Jovo
 Petrovac, Boka Kotorska March 7, 1923
 Franovich, Tripo
 Boka Kotorska March 20, 1907
 Gachanich, Jovo (John)
 Juneau, Alaska August 20, 1930
 Gachina, Petar
 Mountain View, California April 28, 1946
 Galeb, Bozo T.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina June 19, 1935
 Galeb, Robert
 November 10, 1971
 Galeb, Slobodan
 Lubuje, Hercegovina October 26, 1958
 Galeb, Theodore
 Wrights, California April 20, 1947
 Gargurovich, Luco
 Lastovo, Dalmatia June 2, 1886
 Garich, Krsto
 Vrlika, Dalmatia December 15, 1920
 Gashich, Ilija
 Chvaljina, Hercegovina May 16, 1917
 Gashich, Lazar
 Cvaljina, Hercegovina February 7, 1912
 Gavrilovich, Jovo
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Gelalich, Gligo
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska November 20, 1912

Gelalich, Joko
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska February 3, 1904
 Gelalich, Mato
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska February 20, 1907
 Gelalich, Milo
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska February 20, 1907
 Gelalich, Slavomir
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska March 3, 1886
 Gerun, Thomas S.
 San Francisco, California September 1, 1920
 Gerunovich, Jovo J.
 Talezi, Hercegovina February 18, 1903
 Gerunovich, Mihail T.
 Hercegovina December 4, 1901
 Gerunovich, Risto
 Hercegovina September 7, 1904
 Gerunovich, Stevo T.
 Hercegovina February 6, 1889
 Gerunovich, Tomo S.
 San Francisco, California September 1, 1920
 Gerunovich, Vojin S.
 San Francisco, California October 1, 1919
 Girish, John Jr.
 January 31, 1969
 Girish, John Stanich
 Ugljan, Dalmatia October 5, 1938
 Gjukich, Jovo
 Risvac, Bosnia October 3, 1917
 Gjukich, Marko
 December 17, 1884
 Gjukich, Milan
 Srem July 1, 1896
 Gjukich, Simo
 Udbina, Lika April 18, 1923

Gjaich, Ilija		
Bileca, Hercegovina	December 1, 1930	
Gjaich, Blagoje		
Bileca, Hercegovina	December 1, 1930	
Gjurash, Petar		
Grab, Hercegovina	October 7, 1925	
Gjuraskovich, Gjuro L.		
Niksich, Montenegro	November 21, 1917	
Gjurasovich, Milan		
Drachevo, Hercegovina	January 15, 1902	
Gjuratovich, Danilo		
Mokrine, Boka Kotorska	September 3, 1913	
Gjuratovich, John		
Mokrine, Boka Kotorska	July 3, 1918	
Gjurgeovich, Blagoje		
Mokrine, Boka Kotorska	April 16, 1913	
Gurgevich, Milan		
Mokrine, Boka Kotorska	February 3, 1915	
Gjurich, Theodore		
Perast, Boka Kotorska	September 7, 1892	
Gjurickovich, Novica		
Zagarac, Montenegro	April 7, 1915	
Gjurickovich, Simo M.		
Zagarac, Montenegro	December 15, 1909	
Gjurickovich, Simo M.		
Zagarac, Montenegro	June 4, 1924	
Gjurickovich, Vaso		
Bar, Montenegro	June 4, 1924	
Gjurovich, Blagoje		
Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska	March 2, 1921	
Gjurovich, Blazo A.		
Njegush, Montenegro	May 16, 1917	
Gjurovich, Elia		
Boka Kotorska	June 15, 1904	

Gjurovich, Elia T.
 Boka Kotorska March 15, 1905
 Gjurovich, Nikola
 Boka Kotorska November 16, 1904
 Gjurovich, Punisha
 Bjelopavlici, Montenegro May 1, 1929
 Gjurovich, Spiro
 Zliebi, Boka Kotorska October 4, 1888
 Glavinovich, John
 Sutter Creek, California October 6, 1886
 Gledj, Ljubo
 Boka Kotorska February 7, 1912
 Glubetich, John
 Brac, Dalmatia January 16, 1884
 Glubetich, John A.
 Brac, Dalmatia August 20, 1884
 Glogovac, Chris M.
 Tonopah, Nevada January 15, 1936
 Glogovac, George
 Mosko, Hercegovina April 7, 1915
 Glogovac, Krsto
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Glogovac, Jovo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Glogovac, Milan
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Glogovac, Milo R.
 Bileca, Hercegovina May 17, 1922
 Glogovac, Pavle
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Glogovac, Tomo S.
 Volujac, Hercegovina December 5, 1923
 Glogovac, William
 Tonopah, Nevada January 21, 1948

Glogovich, John
 Hercegovina October 4, 1905
 Glogovich, Simo
 Hercegovina December 7, 1904
 Gluhaich, John
 Hercegovina December 7, 1904
 Gluhaich, Jovo P.
 Drijenjani, Hercegovina February 20, 1924
 Gluhaich, Luka
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina March 7, 1923
 Gluhaich, Obren P.
 Drijenjani, Hercegovina February 5, 1936
 Gluhaich, Peter
 Santa Clara, California April 19, 1953
 Gluhaich, Mitchell
 Hercegovina December 10, 1905
 Goich, Petar
 Praznice, Dalmatia December 20, 1911
 Goikovich, Drago S.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1897
 Goicovich, George J.
 Savina, Boka Kotorska December 8, 1880
 Goikovich, Mitchell S.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska May 6, 1891
 Goicovich, Nikola
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska January 3, 1894
 Goikovich, Nikola J.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska December 2, 1914
 Goicovich, Sam
 Oakland, California December 5, 1945
 Goicovich, Mike
 April 2, 1980
 Goikovich, Wally
 Fairpoint, Ohio January 17, 1951

Gojcovich, John G.
 San Francisco, California March 19, 1902
 Gojkovich, Simo
 Boka Kotorska March 3, 1909
 Gojun, Alexander
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska February 18, 1903
 Golubovich, Milorad
 Podgorica, Montenegro November 6, 1963
 Golubovich, Paul
 San Francisco, California November 1, 1978
 Gopchevich, Bozo
 Boka Kotorska December 8, 1880
 Graovac, George
 Nevesinje, Hercegovina November 19, 1924
 Grbich, Vaso
 Uvice, Hercegovina October 4, 1922
 Grche, Lazar J.
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina February 16, 1921
 Gregovich, Petar
 Budva, Boka Kotorska April 19, 1916
 Grgich, Nick
 Steubenville, Ohio January 12, 1958
 Grgich, Steve
 Steubenville, Ohio January 12, 1958
 Grgurovich, Punisha
 Bjelopavlovici, Montenegro February 18, 1925
 Grkavac, Gojko
 Grkavci, Hercegovina December 21, 1927
 Grkavac, Spaso
 Grkavci, Hercegovina December 21, 1927
 Grubacich, Todor
 Bileca, Hercegovina Decemeber 15, 1909
 Grubacich, Theodore
 Bileca, Hercegovina February 5, 1919

Grubich, Simo I.
 Vrelo Kamenica, Hrvatska October 3, 1917
 Gruich, Nikola
 Uzice, Serbia December 15, 1909
 Gudelj, Bozo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina February 5, 1908
 Gudelj, Dusan S.
 Hercegovina November 19, 1902
 Gudelj, Elia
 Hercegovina April 18, 1900
 Gudelj, Gajo
 Boka Kotorska January 15, 1902
 Gudelj, George
 Hercegovina November 6, 1895
 Gudelj, Howard J.
 San Francisco, California May 4, 1927
 Gudelj, Ignjat
 Hercegovina October 16, 1901
 Gudelj, John S.
 San Francisco, California December 30, 1935
 Gudelj, Jovo
 Boka Kotorska January 2, 1907
 Gudelj, Milosh G.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Gudelj, Nikola
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Gudelj, Novak
 Boka Kotorska July 15, 1903
 Gudelj, Pero
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Gudelj, Savo R.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina November 15, 1911
 Gudelj, Savo S.
 Boka Kotorska December 7, 1904

Gudelj, Spiro T.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina March 6, 1912
 Gudelj, Steve
 Boka Kotorska April 1, 1908
 Gugalj, Jovo
 Sutorina, Hercegovina March 19, 1913
 Gurasevich, Milan
 Hercegovina January 15, 1902
 Guratovich, Danilo
 Mokrinje, Boka Kotorska September 3, 1913
 Gurgovich, Blagoje
 Mokrinje, Boka Kotorska April 16, 1913
 Gurgovich, Milan
 Mokrinje, Boka Kotorska February 3, 1915
 Hamovich, Mitar
 Hercegovina November 2, 1904
 Hamovich, Savo
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina September 6, 1911
 Hasanovich, Mile
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Hercegovac, Christ
 Mokri Dol, Boka Kotorska April 3, 1889
 Ilich, Danilo
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska November 18, 1908
 Ilich, Mickey
 November 20, 1978
 Ilich, Milan
 Mokrinj, Boka Kotorska July 5, 1899
 Ilich, Radovan
 April 4, 1979
 Ilich, Risto
 Bola Bileca May 18, 1932
 Ilich, Rev. Stoilo
 November 7, 1973

Ilich, John
 Mokrinj, Boka Kotorska March 1, 1893
 Ivancovich, Luis
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia December 17, 1884
 Ivanishevich, Lazar
 Hercegovina June 5, 1901
 Ivankovich, George L.
 San Francisco, California December 18, 1929
 Ivankovich, Luka
 Boka Kotorska July 2, 1902
 Ivankovich, Milo
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska April 17, 1918
 Ivankovich, Nick
 San Francisco, California May 18, 1932
 Ivankovich, Pavle
 Hercegovina February 20, 1907
 Ivankovich, Petar
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska January 20, 1904
 Ivankovich, Peter L.
 San Francisco, California May 18, 1932
 Ivankovich, Steve
 Boka Kotorska December 21, 1904
 Ivankovich, Tripo
 Brani Do, Hercegovina March 5, 1924
 Ivancovich, Dushan
 Montenegro January 4, 1905
 Ivanovich, Nicholas
 Brac, Dalmatia January 16, 1884
 Ivanovich, Nikola
 Slano, Dalmatia January 6, 1904
 Ivellich, George
 Risan, Boka Kotorska July 1, 1891
 Ivosevich, John
 Krtole, Boka Kotorska November 1, 1905

Ivovich, Anton
 Zubci, Montenegro June 4, 1924
 Jahura, Danilo
 Ovzir, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Jahura, Ilija
 Ovzir, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Jahura, Milovan
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina April 6, 1952
 Jahura, Trifko
 Hercegovina March 15, 1922
 Jahura, Vukan
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina February 5, 1936
 Jaich, Jovan
 Udbina, Lika July 3, 1935
 Jancich, Janko
 Sutorina, Hercegovina April 17, 1912
 Jancich, Michel
 Sutorina, Hercegovina August 6, 1902
 Jancich, Nikola
 Sutorina, Hercegovina March 18, 1903
 Janetkovich, Spiro
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska August 16, 1894
 Jankovich, Anton
 Boka Kotorska October 19, 1904
 Jankovich, George
 Boka Kotorska September 21, 1904
 Jankovich, Luka
 Bunovich, Boka Kotorska January 21, 1885
 Jankovich, Milan
 Pridvorica, Montenegro April 2, 1924
 Jankovich, Spiro
 Bunovich, Boka Kotorska January 2, 1884
 Jankovich, Stojan G.
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909

Jelich, Blagoje
 Orasje, Hercegnovi May 4, 1932
 Jeremich, George
 Spuz, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Joka, Milan
 Kosno, Hrvatska February 18, 1920
 Joka, Petar
 Kosno, Hrvatska February 18, 1920
 Jokanovich, Gajo
 Piva, Montenegro March 4, 1914
 Jordan, Vladimir
 Dubrovnik June 1, 1892
 Jovanovich, Bozo
 Bjelopavlovici, Crna Gora February 17, 1926
 Jovanovich, Ilia
 Virginia City, Nevada January 21, 1885
 Jovanovich, Krsto
 Virginia City, Nevada July 6, 1904
 Jovanovich, Milovan
 Danilov Grad, Crna Gora April 18, 1923
 Jovanovich, Todor
 Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Jovicich, Petar J.
 Grahovo, Montenegro December 18, 1940
 Jovovich, Andrew
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska December 17, 1884
 Jovovich, Andrew G.
 Risan, Boka Kotorska April 6, 1904
 Jovovich, David J.
 Miami, Arizona May 22, 1955
 Jovovich, George A.
 Risan, Boka Kotorska July 1, 1891
 Jovovich, John
 Risan, Boka Kotorska April 27, 1880

Jovovich, Lazar
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska April 19, 1882
 Jovovich, Marko
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska November 16, 1904
 Jovovich, Michael
 Sacramento, California April 2, 1980
 Jovovich, Spaso
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska February 1, 1893
 Jovovich, Steve
 Sacramento, California April 2, 1980
 Jovovich, Vladimir
 Risan, Boka Kotorska May 2, 1880
 Jugovich, Bosko
 Podolice, Dalmatia May 7, 1924
 Junchevich, Todor
 Zliebe, Boka Kotorska October 6, 1886
 Juranovich, Svetozar, Rev.
 Jugoslavia December 3, 1958
 Juraskovich, Gavriilo
 Ceklin, Montenegro June 17, 1914
 Jurichkovich, George
 Oakland, California April 28, 1946
 Kakarigi, Michael
 Oakland, California December 4, 1974
 Kakarigi, Nicholas
 Oakland, California December 4, 1974
 Kakarigi, Stevan
 Dubrovnik June 18, 1952
 Kalinich, Bozo N.
 Drnish, Dalmatia April 7, 1915
 Kaludjerovich, Niko
 Boka Kotorska December 4, 1912
 Kaludjerovich, Spasoje
 Boka Kotorska December 4, 1912

Kalugerovich, Leso
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska October 2, 1918
 Kalugerovich, Nikola
 Boka Kotorska March 15, 1922
 Kapor, Bacho
 Bileca, Hercegovina March 19, 1919
 Kapor, George
 Hillmar, California June 16, 1948
 Kashevaroff, Vasilie
 Sitka, Alaska January 15, 1890
 Katich, Bozo
 Sutorina, Hercegovina November 18, 1903
 Katich, Danilo S.
 San Mateo, California October 10, 1948
 Katich, Petar
 Nov November 6, 1969
 Katurich, Bob
 Risan, Boka Kotorska June 18, 1947
 Katurich, Novak
 Risan, Boka Kotorska July 16, 1930
 Kebelich, Spaso
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Kentera, Gligo
 Pastrovichi, Boka Kotorska August 3, 1893
 Kentera, Ilija
 December 5, 1973
 Kentera, Steve
 Pastrovichi, Boka Kotorska July 6, 1932
 Kentera, Vaso F.
 Pastrovichi, Boka Kotorska December 8, 1933
 Kerchum, Tomo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina May 7, 1924
 Kesovich, Vaso
 Boka Kotorska November 4, 1908
 Kiperash, George
 San Jose, California February 5, 1936

Kiperash, George S.
 Hercegovina December 21, 1893
 Kiperash, Vaso
 Hercegovina January 2, 1907
 Kisich, George
 Bileca, Hercegovina January 5, 1927
 Kisich, Jovo
 Kuti, Boka Kotorska August 20, 1913
 Kisich, Rade
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Kisin, Risto N.
 Zubci, Hercegovina January 21, 1925
 Kisin, Savo
 Zubci, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Kiso, Nikola
 Livno, Bosna April 7, 1915
 Klimovich, Lako
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Klimovich, Mihail M.
 Kunja Glavica, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Klimovich, Milosh J.
 Kunja Glavica, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Knezevich, Bozo
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Knezevich, George
 Hercegovina February 20, 1907
 Knezevich, John
 Glavska, Hercegovina January 21, 1925
 Knezevich, Lazar
 Hercegovina June 17, 1903
 Knezevich, Marko L.
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Kocelj, Andro
 Cavtat, Dalmatia November 2, 1910

Kocelj, Ivan
 Yugoslavia June 5, 1940
 Kochanovich, Melvyn
 March 2, 1966
 Kodjich, George V. Rev.
 Beograd, Srbija March 7, 1923
 Kofinovich, Simeon
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Kojevich, Stevo
 Hercegovina September 16, 1896
 Kojovich, George
 Oakland, California October 10, 1948
 Kojovich, Jovo
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Kojovich, Milan
 Grab, Hercegovina March 19, 1919
 Kojovich, Tripo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina April 18, 1917
 Kolak, Ched, K.
 Jackson, California April 18, 1948
 Kolakovich, Luka
 Hercegovina February 3, 1904
 Kolakovich, Mitar
 Hercegovina August 17, 1904
 Komad, Mitar
 Hercegovina May 7, 1919
 Komnenovich, Borislav
 San Jose, California April 3, 1949
 Komnenovich, Robert J.
 San Jose, California March 5, 1980
 Komnenovich, John
 San Jose, California March 5, 1980
 Komnenovich, Dushan T.
 Pilatovici, Montenegro February 7, 1917

Komnenovich, Jovan
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina January 5, 1927
 Komnenovich, Jovo
 Velicani, Hercegovina September 21, 1910
 Komnenovich, Milan P.
 Trieste, Italy January 6, 1904
 Konjevich, Bozo
 Hercegovina March 21, 1906
 Konjevich, Jovo
 Sutorina, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Konjevich, Nikola
 Sutorina, Hercegovina January 3, 1917
 Konjevich, Simo
 Sutorina, Hercegovina November 18, 1903
 Koprivica, Lazar M.
 Banjani, Montenegro May 7, 1924
 Kordich, Petar
 Risan, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Kosach, Marko
 Boka Kotorska November 1, 1905
 Kosach, Robert Jack
 Oakland, California December 5, 1945
 Kosach, Spiro Stephen
 Oakland, California December 5, 1945
 Kosach, Stevo
 Boka Kotorska October 7, 1903
 Kosanovich, Nikola J.
 Visuce, Lika October 7, 1925
 Kosich, A. Donald
 Oakland, California November 10, 1952
 Kosich, Dushan Dewey
 Saratoga, California April 4, 1954
 Kosich, Kris
 Wrights, California April 20, 1947

Kosich, Ljubo
 Niksic, Montenegro December 4, 1946
 Kosich, Obren
 Cupertino, California April 8, 1945
 Kosich, Peter G.
 Amador City, California May 15, 1935
 Kosich, Radovan Ray
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska April 3, 1955
 Kosich, Savo P.
 Mokrinje, Boka Kotorska May 17, 1922
 Kosich, Wesley
 Campbell, California April 19, 1953
 Kosich, Wesley II
 March 5, 1980
 Kosich, Marko
 Svrucge, Hercegovina January 19, 1927
 Kosich, William A.
 Goldfield, Nevada October 10, 1952
 Kosovich, Lazo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Kosovich, Mitar
 Hercegovina August 5, 1896
 Kostich, Bozo
 Krtola, Boka Kotorska March 20, 1912
 Kostich, Nicholas
 Krtola, Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885
 Kostich, Savo
 Krtola, Boka Kotorska March 20, 1912
 Kostovich, Vaso N.
 Grbalj June 4, 1902
 Kovac, Filip S.
 Krivosije, Boka Kotorska June 4, 1924
 Kovachevich, George
 Risan, Boka Kotorska July 1, 1891

Kovachevich, George S.
 Hercegovina September 6, 1905
 Kovachevich, Ilia
 Hercegovina March 20, 1907
 Kovachevich, Irinej, H.G. Bishop
 Serbia October 1, 1962
 Kovachevich, Peter
 Hercegovina December 21, 1896
 Kovachevich, Risto
 Hercegovina January 18, 1899
 Kovachevich, Steve
 Trebinje, Hercegovina February 20, 1907
 Kovacich, John
 Pucische, Dalmatia July 16, 1884
 Kovacina, Jovo
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Kovacina, Savo
 Sedlari, Hercegovina September 21, 1910
 Kralj, Mato
 Golubinac, Hercegovina March 3, 1926
 Kraljevich, Boris
 San Francisco, California April 20, 1947
 Kraljanac, Alexander
 San Francisco, California November 17, 1937
 Kraljevich, Lazar
 Boka Kotorska October 16, 1907
 Kraljevich, Milan
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska June 4, 1902
 Kraljevich, Obren
 Boka Kotorska June 16, 1909
 Krchum, Borisha
 Zubci, Hercegovina January 21, 1925
 Krchum, John
 Hercegovina August 20, 1890

Krchum, Marko
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Krchum, Marko
 Zubci, Hercegovina January 21, 1925
 Krchum Nikola
 Zubci, Hercegovina November 1, 1933
 Krchum, Spasoje
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Krchumovich, Simo
 Hercegovina August 1, 1894
 Krile, Nick
 Hodilje, Dalmatia September 4, 1912
 Krivokapich, Dushan
 Boka Kotorska March 16, 1904
 Krivokapich, Radovan
 Montenegro December 21, 1904
 Krivich, Mitchell
 May, 1961
 Kruljac, Emil
 Montana May 15, 1957
 Kruljac, Jason
 San Francisco, California March 5, 1980
 Kruljac, Jeffrey
 San Francisco, California March 5, 1980
 Kruljac, John
 San Francisco, California January, 1977
 Kruljac, Joseph
 San Francisco, California March 5, 1980
 Krunich, Gasho
 Jasen, Hercegovina February 21, 1912
 Krunich, Lazar B.
 Jasen, Hercegovina January 3, 1917
 Krunich, Zivko
 Trebinje, Hercegovina April 6, 1910

Krushevich, Steve
 Hercegovina March 21, 1900
 Krzanich, Jozo
 Podgora, Dalmatia November 20, 1912
 Krzanich, Mato
 Podgora, Dalmatia April 7, 1926
 Krzich, Ely
 Sutter Creek, California March 6, 1930
 Krzich, John
 Cupertino, California August 4, 1971
 Krzich, John Jr.
 Cupertino, California March 5, 1980
 Krzich, Lazar Jr.
 Angels Camp, California January 4, 1928
 Krzich, Spiro S.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina January 4, 1928
 Kuduz, Vukan
 Popovo, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Kujacich, Dushan
 Boka Kotorska March 6, 1907
 Kujacich, George
 San Francisco, California April 20, 1947
 Kujacich, John
 Boka Kotorska July 6, 1904
 Kujacich, Krsto
 Boka Kotorska December 1, 1909
 Kujacich, Milosh
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Kujacich, Nicola
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska March 18, 1891
 Kujacich, Peter
 Oakland, California September 20, 1939
 Kujacich, Zivko
 Podi, Boka Kotorska March 15, 1911

Kukavica, Milan
 Mokrinje, Boka Kotorska July 5, 1899
 Kukavica, Peter
 Boka Kotorska December 17, 1884
 Kukaviza, John E.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska March 1, 1893
 Kukavisa, Kosta
 Boka Kotorska April 15, 1908
 Kukurich, George
 Hercegovina May 1, 1907
 Kukurich, John
 Hercegovina August 19, 1903
 Klukurich, Lazar
 Hercegovina December 4, 1907
 Kuliaca, Thom
 Pastrovich, Boka Kotorska January 20, 1894
 Kulich, George M.
 Nevesinje, Hercegovina December 5, 1923
 Kuljaca, Petar S.
 Pastrovichi, Boka Kotorska December 21, 1921
 Kuljich, Simo
 Simiovi, Hercegovina December 21, 1891
 Kunjacich, Marko
 Zadar, Dalmatia December 15, 1909
 Kuraica, Savo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Kurtovich, Dushan
 Hercegovina April 16, 1902
 Kurtovich, Dushan N.
 Zacula, Hercegovina March 5, 1913
 Kurtovich, Jovo
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Kurtovich, Mato
 Hercegovina June 3, 1903

Kurtovich, Mato G.
 Hercegovina September 16, 1903
 Kurtovich, Nikola
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Kurtovich, Petar
 Hercegovina, February 3, 1904
 Kutovich, Risto
 Zacula, Hercegovina November 6, 1912
 Kurtovich, Simo
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Kusalovich, Jovo
 Hercegovina July 17, 1901
 Labudovich, Ivo
 Niksic, Montenegro May 1, 1929
 Lakicevich, Petar
 Moraca, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Lalich, Dushan
 Zubci, Hercegovina March 1, 1899
 Lalich, Lazar
 Zubci, Hercegovina January 5, 1881
 Lazarevich, Bozidar
 Cetinje, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Lazarevich, George
 February 4, 1885
 Lazarevich, Miloje
 Valjevo, Serbia June 15, 1932
 Lazarevich, Vaso
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska July 3, 1912
 Lazetich, Trifko
 Nevensinje, Hercegovina December 21, 1927
 Lekich, George
 Montana April 3, 1946
 Lekich, Ilija
 Bukovik, Montenegro April 5, 1922

Lekich, Mitar
 Bukovik, Montenegro April 5, 1922
 Lepetich, Bozo S.
 Boka Kotorska December 4, 1907
 Lepetich, John
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska March 4, 1891
 Lepetich, John N.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska March 15, 1905
 Lepetich, Jovan
 Ratisevina, Boka Kotorska November 5, 1913
 Lepetich, Lazar
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska Sept. 6 1888
 Lepetich, Micho K.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska August 20, 1913
 Lepetich, Milan S.
 Nevada December 15, 1897
 Lepetich, Nikola
 Boka Kotorska May 21, 1902
 Lepetich, Risto
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska June 17, 1914
 Lepetich, Vuko
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska May 15, 1901
 Lepetich, Vuko G.
 Boka Kotorska September 18, 1907
 Lester, Mark
 November 21, 1962
 Ljepava, Archie
 Saratoga, California June 16, 1926
 Ljepava, John
 Hercegovina December 19, 1883
 Ljepava, John Michael
 March 5, 1980
 Ljepava, Jovo
 Popovo, Hercegovina March 5, 1924

Ljepava, Melvin
 San Francisco, California April 18, 1948
 Ljepava, Peter
 Saratoga, California June 16, 1926;
 Ljubetich, Ivan
 Aug. 20, 1884
 Ljubetich, Jovo
 Jan. 16, 1884
 Ljubibratich, Elia
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ljubibratich, Jovo
 Ljubovo, Hercegovina June 6, 1888
 Ljubibratich, Jovo
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ljubibratich, Luka
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ljubibratich, Mico
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ljubibratich, Mirko
 Ljubovo, Hercegovina December 13, 1888
 Ljubibratich, Pero
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ljubibratich, Savo
 Ljubovo, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ljubibratich, Trifko
 Ljubovo, Hercegovina June 1, 1921
 Ljubibratich, Vaso
 Hercegovina December 17, 1884
 Ljubibratich, Vlasitmir
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ljubisha, George
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska September 1, 1920
 Loverne, Richard
 February 4, 1976

Lucich, Ilija
 Hercegovina October 7, 1903
 Lucich, Ilija V.
 Susarina, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Lucich, Jefto
 Mostar, Hercegovina May 2, 1923
 Lucich, John
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska April 15, 1891
 Lucich, Jovan A.
 Mrkonjich, Hercegovina June 7, 1911
 Lucich, Lazar G.
 Sutorina, Hercegovina July 1, 1908
 Lucich, Marko M.
 Sutorina, Hercegovina December 7, 1921
 Lucich, Milan
 San Francisco, California March 3, 1943
 Lucich, Mitar
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska June 18, 1889
 Lucich, Novak G.
 Hercegovina October 7, 1903
 Lucich, Novak V.
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska April 17, 1907
 Lucich, Petar J.
 San Francisco, California April 5, 1936
 Lucich, Risto
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Macich, Tripo, I.
 Grbalj, Boka Kotorska July 19, 1922
 Mainich, Rade
 Boka Kotorska February 17, 1915
 Mairoff, Alex
 Kurgan, Russia June 5, 1940
 Malkovich, Michael
 April 2, 1980

Malisic, Miladin
 Montenegro February 4, 1974
 Malkovich, Jeffrey
 April 2, 1980
 Mandich, Christ
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska March 1, 1893
 Mandich, Marko
 Boka Kotorska January 2, 1907
 Mandich, Milosh
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska March 18, 1891
 Mandich, Milosh G.
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska March 15, 1893
 Mandich, Milosh P.
 Boka Kotorska April 1, 1891
 Mandich, Mitchell
 February 2, 1972
 Mandich, Nikola
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska August 19, 1914
 Mandich, Obren
 Trebinje, Hercegovina February 5, 1908
 Mandich, Petar
 Boka Kotorska August 17, 1904
 Mandich, Petar B.
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska May 4, 1921
 Mandich, Sava
 Gracac, Lika October 17, 1917
 Mandich, Spiro
 Boka Kotorska April 17, 1907
 Mandich, Spiro M.
 San Francisco, California July 18, 1917
 Mandich, Stefan
 San Francisco, California July 18, 1917
 Mandich, Vaso D.
 Krushevica, Boka Kotorska August 5, 1888

Manjlovich, George
 Objesnik, Hercegovina June 20, 1923
 Marich, Jovan
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska March 5, 1913
 Marich, Lazar
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Marich, Tomo
 Sutorina, Hercegovina November 5, 1924
 Marich, Vukasin
 Strujchi, Hercegovina September 21, 1892
 Markovina, Milan P.
 Rankin, Pennsylvania October 9, 1955
 Markovich, George J.
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina December 6, 1916
 Markovich, John
 Trebinje, Hercegovina March 16, 1921
 Markovich, Mato
 Zagarac, Montenegro February 21, 1934
 Markovich, Marko
 Drijenjani, Hercegovina November 2, 1910
 Markovich, Rade S.
 Boka Kotorska August 6, 1930
 Markovich, Savo
 Rijeka Piperska, Montenegro January 4, 1922
 Markovich, Tomo
 Popovo, Hercegovina March 1, 1899
 Marovich, John
 Lushtica, Boka Kotorska March 19, 1884
 Martich, Andrew
 Zelinikovac, Hercegovina October 7, 1897
 Martinovich, Elia
 Boka Kotorska May 15, 1918
 Martinovich, Gjuro
 Niksich, Montenegro January 3, 1917

Martinovich, Marko
 Cetinje, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Martinovich, Milo P.
 Cetinje, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Martinovich, Savo
 Bar, Montenegro June 4, 1924
 Martinovich, Steve
 Montenegro January 20, 1904
 Mashanovich, Dushan S.
 Rijecka Nahija, Montenegro November 2, 1921
 Maskovich, Perisha
 Kolasin, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Maslesa, Sava
 Hercegovina, Yugoslavia September 15, 1973
 Masovich, George M.
 Los Angeles, California March 5, 1930
 Matich, Iso
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Matich, John
 Sovare, Dalmatia December 18, 1912
 Matich, Jovo
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Matich, Luka
 Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885
 Matich, Milosh
 Udbina, Lika November 15, 1950
 Matkovich, Bozo
 Boka Kotorska July 6, 1898
 Matkovich, Bozo
 Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Matkovich, Bozo
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1926
 Matkovich, George
 Boka Kotorska February 21, 1900

Matkovich, Ilia;
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska August 5, 1885
 Matkovich, Krsto
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Matkovich, Krsto
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska April 2, 1924
 Matkovich, Ljubo
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Matkovich, Luka P.
 Boka Kotorska April 5, 1899
 Matkovich, Marko
 Boka Kotorska July 7, 1897
 Matkovich, Milan L.
 Emeryville, California April 2, 1950
 Matkovich, Savo
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska November 4, 1891
 Matkovich, Vincent
 Cavtat, Dalmatia September 21, 1910
 Matulich, Anthony
 San Francisco, California December 3, 1941
 Medan, Dushan
 San Francisco, California November 1, 1978
 Medan, John
 San Francisco, California November 1, 1978
 Medan, Jovo
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Medan, Miroslav
 Ubsko, Hercegovina April 6, 1952
 Medan, Robert
 San Francisco, California November 1, 1978
 Medar, Luka
 Hercegovina September 6, 1905
 Medar, Milan
 Hercegovina September 6, 1905

Medigovich, Michael
 Petrovac, Boka Kotorska December 18, 1946
 Medin, Milan
 Petrovac, Boka Kotorska July 1, 1891
 Medin, Vaso
 San Francisco, California March 3, 1943
 Medin, Velimir
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska September 15, 1915
 Medenica, Stevan G.
 Kolasin, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Mekisich, Tony
 Luka, Dalmatia March 20, 1912
 Mekisich, Tony
 Ston, Dalmatia September 3, 1919
 Mesarosh, Mihalj
 California December 3, 1975
 Mestrovich, Ivo
 Krtole, Boka Kotorska July 16, 1913
 Mestrovich, Nikola R.
 Krtole, Boka Kotorska July 16, 1919
 Mestrovich, Walter N.
 San Francisco, California April 20, 1947
 Mialovich, Bozo
 San Francisco, California April 5, 1931
 Mialovich, John
 San Francisco, California March 16, 1927
 Mialovich, Krsto
 San Francisco, California March 16, 1927
 Mialovich, Larry
 San Francisco, California December 30, 1935
 Mialovich, Velimir
 San Francisco, California December 30, 1935
 Mialovich, Milo
 Boka Kotorska February 15, 1899
 Mialovich, Robert F.
 January 9, 1974

Michanovich, Radovan
 Ljubomir, Hercegovina April 17, 1918
 Micianovich, Vuko
 Hercegovina January 6, 1904
 Micka, Rev. Todor (Theodore)
 June 2, 1976
 Mijalovich, Vaso
 Boka Kotorska December 4, 1901
 Mijajlovich, Petar L.
 Boka Kotorska January 6, 1904
 Mijovich, Ignat
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Mijovich, John T.
 Hercegovina November 20, 1901
 Mijovich, Nick
 U.S.A. April 17, 1957
 Mikovich, Marko
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska May 15, 1918
 Mikovich, Milivoj
 San Francisco, California June 5, 1940
 Miladinovich, Blagoje
 Turmenti, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Miladinovich, Donald
 Oakland, California October 25, 1953
 Miladinovich, Vidak
 December 15, 1909
 Milanovich, Anton
 Trstenik, Dalmatia December 5, 1923
 Milanovich, Roy S.
 San Francisco, California April 28, 1946
 Milasevich, Mijat
 Cruica, Montenegro April 18, 1923
 Milasevich, Milo P.
 Podgorica, Montenegro February 2, 1921

Milasevich, Milovan
 Cruica, Montenegro May 2, 1923
 Milatovcic, Radosav
 Ostrog, Montenegro April 21, 1915
 Milianovich, Spaso
 Ljubomir, Hercegovina March 15, 1893
 Milicevich, Andria
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 2, 1914
 Milicevich, Anto
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Milicevich, Luka
 December 15, 1909
 Milicevich, Nick M.
 San Jose, California April 20, 1947
 Milicevich, Novak
 Bileca, Hercegovina August 17, 1910
 Milicevich, Rade
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Milicevich, Rade
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Milicevich, Risto
 Medanici, Hercegovina March 20, 1929
 Milichevich, Mark N.
 January 9, 1974
 Milich, Alex P.
 Kuce, Montenegro March 1, 1916
 Milich, Mitchell
 Los Angeles, California August 4, 1943
 Milich, Stevan
 Serbia June 14, 1880
 Milievich, Cris J.
 Poljice, Hercegovina December 19, 1883
 Milinich, Mitar
 Bileca, Hercegovina January 18, 1911

Milinich, Obren
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Milinich, Rade
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Milinovich, Andrew
 Boka Kotorska July 2, 1902
 Milinovich, Bogdan
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska May 18, 1910
 Milinovich, Gasho R.
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska January 6, 1904
 Milinovich, George
 January 5, 1974
 Milinovich, Ilija
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska Nov. 1, 1922
 Milinovich, John S.
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska Feb. 4, 1885
 Milinovich, Krsto
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska Dec. 15, 1909
 Milinovich, Lazar
 Boka Kotorska April 21, 1909
 Milinovich, Maksim
 New York, New York August 5, 1914
 Milinovich, Marko
 Boka Kotorska February 3, 1904
 Milinovich, Milan
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska Feb. 18, 1903
 Milinovich, Milan G.
 Boka Kotorska October 3, 1906
 Milinovich, Tripo
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska March 20, 1929
 Milishich, Vaso
 Glavska, Hercegovina May 17, 1893
 Milisa, Luka M.
 Trebinja, Hercegovina August 3, 1910

Milisich, Christ
 Glavska, Hercegovina April 19, 1888
 Milisich, John
 Hercegovina February 3, 1897
 Milisich, Krsto
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Milisich, Nikolas
 Sutter Creek, California Feb. 1, 1905
 Milisich, Slavo
 Podi, Boka Kotorska Feb. 19, 1896
 Milisich, Stevo
 Podi, Boka Kotorska Feb. 19, 1896
 Milisich, Spiro E.
 Podi, Boka Kotorska February 20, 1901
 Miljanovich, Jovan
 Hercegovina February 17, 1904
 Miljanovich, Pavel
 Hercegovina January 18, 1894
 Miljanovich, Spaso
 Hercegovina April 14, 1893
 Miljanovich, Spiro
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Miljevich, Milan (Mijo)
 Hercegovina September 6, 1905
 Miljevich, Nick
 San Jose, California June 21, 1944
 Miljevich, Risto M.
 Saratoga, California January 2, 1929
 Miljevich, Theodore
 March 5, 1980
 Miljkovich, John
 Trebinje, Hercegovina October 4, 1922

Milkovich, Dushan
 Hercegovina January 15, 1902
 Milkovich, Mijajlo
 Hercegovina December 7, 1904
 Milkovich, Radoslav
 Fresno, California April 28, 1946
 Milojevich, Joko
 Zubci, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Milojevich, Krsto
 Bileca, Hercegovina April 20, 1927
 Milojevich, Lazar
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Milojevich, Voislav
 Oakland, California May 2, 1934
 Milojkovich, Dragan
 September 26, 1974
 Milosevich, Dushan
 Kolasin, Crna Gora March 1, 1922
 Milosevich, Nikola
 Visuch, Lika January 15, 1930
 Miloshevich, George
 Hercegovina January 4, 1893
 Milosovich, Chris S.
 October 19, 1974
 Milosovich, John K.
 Oakland, California December 5, 1945
 Milosovich, Krsto
 Boka Kotorska December 4, 1907
 Milosovich, Milivoj K.
 Oakland, California April 20, 1947
 Milovanovich, Dane
 Gracac, Lika November 15, 1916
 Milavovich, Tomo
 Gracac, Lika November 15, 1916

Milovich, John
 Grahovo, Montenegro December 29, 1880
 Milovich, John
 Sutter Creek, California February 5, 1936
 Milovich, Robert J.
 June 2, 1975
 Milovich, Vaso
 Grahovo, Montenegro May 7, 1884
 Milutinovich, Christ
 August 19, 1891
 Mioshevich, Ivan
 Cavtat, Dalmatia December 21, 1896
 Mirich, Elia
 Cela, Bosnia April 1, 1925
 Miscovich, Marko
 Budva, Boka Kotorska March 18, 1925
 Miscovich, Todor
 Budva, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1926
 Miseta, John
 Hercegovina June 16, 1897
 Misevich, Janko
 Mokrinj, Boka Kotorska July 5, 1911
 Misevich, Milan
 Boka Kotorska August 18, 1897
 Misevich, Nikola
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska April 1, 1908
 Misevich, Petar
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska December 21, 1894
 Misevich, Rade
 Boka Kotorska December 7, 1904
 Mishevich, Samuel
 Boka Kotorska July 2, 1902

Misita, Vlado
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 5, 1956
 Miskin, Jovo
 Hercegovina October 4, 1905
 Miskin, Petar
 Hercegovina January 17, 1906
 Mitrovich, Alexander
 Pastrovich, Boka Kotorska February 15, 1928
 Mitrovich, Charles
 Liverpool, England February 3, 1888
 Mitrovich, John
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885
 Mitrovich, Jovo
 Boka Kotorska August 18, 1889
 Mitrovich, Luka
 Pastrovich, Boka Kotorska November 17, 1926
 Mitrovich, Marko
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885
 Mitrovich, Philip S.
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska January, 2, 1885
 Mitrovich, Sava
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska May 15, 1918
 Mitrovich, Savo
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska November 4, 1891
 Mitrovich, Simo
 Yugoslavia April 2, 1950
 Mojsich, Dan
 Butte, Montana December 18, 1946
 Mostarica, Peter
 Hercegovina September 2, 1896
 Mostarica, Risto
 Hercegovina September 4, 1901
 Mrdich, Achim
 Orahovac, Hercegovina December 5, 1923

Mrkaich, Petar		
Mojdez, Boka Kotorska		March 1, 1893
Mrsich, Gojko		
Risan, Boka Kotorska		November 20, 1912
Mrsich, John M.		
Risan, Boka Kotorska		March 15, 1916
Mrsich, Jovo		
Risan, Boka Kotorska		December 15, 1909
Mrsulja, Bozo		
Grbalkj, Boka Kotorska		June 19, 1918
Mrsulja, Bozo N.		
Grbalj, Boka Kotorska		July 19, 1922
Mucovich, Ronald		
December 4, 1974		
Munisich, Mitar		
Hercegovina		October 6, 1909
Murisich, Bogdan		
Bileca, Hercegovina		May 4, 1910
Murisich, Manojlo		
Bileca, Hercegovina		December 15, 1909
Murisich, Petar		
Krusevice, Hercegovina		December 2, 1902
Mustur, George		
Djenovici, Boka Kotorska		August 21, 1918
Mustur, Marko		
Morinj, Boka Kotorska		February 21, 1917
Muzinich, Dan		
San Francisco, California		August 16, 1939
Muzur, Risto		
Hercegovina		November 4, 1908
Nabich, Vlaho		
Lepetane, Boka Kotorska		December 3, 1919
Najarica, Milan		
Hercegovina		December 4, 1901

Nastievich, Atanasije
 Belgrade, Serbia May 7, 1924
 Nastovich, Pantalia
 Negotin, Vardar June 18, 1952
 Nedeljkovich, Matija
 Gornji Milanovac, Serbia July 15, 1925
 Nikolich, Milovan
 Montenegro September 2, 1914
 Ninkovich, Anto
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ninkovich, Ilija
 Bileca, Hercegovina April 20, 1932
 Ninkovich, Radovan
 Bileca, Hercegovina May 4, 1932
 Ninkovich, Tripo
 Donje Vrbno, Hercegovina February 21, 1912
 Ninkovich, Vido
 Bileca, Hercegovina April 6, 1910
 Nizetich, Nicholas
 Mirca, Dalmatia June 17, 1885
 Nobile, John
 Budva, Boka Kotorska February 1, 1882
 Novakovich, George
 Sonoma, California April 20, 1947
 Novakovich, Vaso
 June 1, 1977
 Novakovich, Vidak K.
 Krusevice, Hercegovina April 16, 1919
 Novcich, Jakov
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Nozica, Trifko
 Glaicich, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Obradovich, Rev. Dositei
 Steelton, Pennsylvania October 6, 1946

Obradovich, Dushan
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska December 5, 1928
 Obradovich, George
 Sedlari, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Obradovich, Jovo
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Obradovich, Krsto
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska April 2, 1913
 Obradovich, Milan
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Obradovich, Mitar
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska September 5, 1906
 Obradovich, Nikola
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Obradovich, Obren
 Sedlari, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Obradovich, Savo
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska February 3, 1888
 Odalovich, Ceto
 Zecevo, Boka Kotorska April 17, 1927
 Odalovich, Jevto
 Sasovich, Dalmatia January 20, 1888
 Odalovich, Tomo
 Sasovich, Boka Kotorska May 3, 1893
 Odavich, Jovan
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Odavich, Lazar
 Hercegovina February 6, 1900
 Odavich, Savo
 Hercegovina April 6, 1898
 Ognjenovich, Tomo
 Risan, Boka Kotorska November 18, 1914
 Orlich, Michael
 Chisholm, Minnesota December 5, 1945

Palavestra, Jefto
 Mostar, Hercegovina January 18, 1911
 Palikucha, Ilija
 Boka Kotorska January 6, 1904
 Panamarof, Sergei
 Jenetarif, Russia November 18, 1891
 Paovich, Stevo J.
 Piperi, Montenegro November 18, 1925
 Paranos, Stevo
 Hercegovina July 17, 1907
 Parazanin, Gjoko L.
 Bileca, Hercegovina February 1, 1911
 Pariez, John
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska December 19, 1883
 Parijez, Obren
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Parijez, Tomo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Parezanin, Blagoje J.
 Panik, Hercegovina July 20, 1921
 Paul, Thomas R.
 October 19, 1974
 Pavasovich, Nikola
 Velika Glava April 4, 1954
 Pavich, Dan
 San Francisco, California April 20, 1947
 Pavich, Dushan
 Montenegro July 1, 1903
 Pavich, Dushan L.
 Niksich, Montenegro November 4, 1908
 Pavlicevich, Frank
 Bar, Montenegro June 4, 1924
 Pavlicevich, Frano
 Bar, Montenegro October 7, 1914

Pavlicevich, Nikola
 Bar, Montenegro June 17, 1914
 Pavlievich, Nikola
 Anaconda, Montana June 5, 1940
 Pavlovich, Andria
 Pashtrovich, Boka Kotorska July 6, 1904
 Pavlovich, Ilija
 Krusevice, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Pavlovich, Isidor
 Povrchuk, Russia February 4, 1891
 Pavlovich, Mark
 October 21, 1962
 Pavlovich, Marko
 Butte, Montana May 21, 1947
 Pavlovich, Marko N.
 Pastrovich, Boka Kotorska March 19, 1924
 Pavlovich, Micho
 Krusevica, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Pavlovich, Petar
 Pastrovich, Boka Kotorska December 5, 1923
 Pavlovich, Peter S.
 Podgorica, Montenegro December 5, 1917
 Pazin, Lazar
 Zubci, Hercegovina March 15, 1916
 Pajovich, Nikola S.
 Kakati, Montenegro July 20, 1921
 Pejovich, Nikola
 Cetinje, Montenegro April 21, 1926
 Perchevitch, Tomo
 Gavato, Serbia December 7, 1955
 Perchevitch, Alexander
 San Francisco, California April 3, 1974
 Perish, Velisha
 Kuce, Montenegro March 17, 1920

Perisich, George G.
 Dracevo, Hercegovina May 6, 1925
 Perisich, Ilija
 Boka Kotorska February 3, 1904
 Perisich, Jovo
 Dracevo, Hercegovina April 2, 1924
 Perisich, Lazar
 Oakland, California April 20, 1947
 Perisich, Luka
 Dobromani, Hercegovina March 15, 1911
 Perisich, Luka L.
 Dobromani, Hercegovina December 4, 1929
 Perisich, Simo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina October 2, 1912
 Perisich, Vaso L.
 Dobromani, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Perovich, Maksim
 Jabuka, Montenegro February 6, 1924
 Perovich, Milan
 Hercegovina October 7, 1908
 Perovich, Milan T.
 Hercegovina February 18, 1903
 Perovich, Risto
 Hercegovina November 7, 1906
 Perovich, Vido
 Butkovina, Hercegovina December 4, 1929
 Perovich, Zivko
 Katunska N, Montenegro September 2, 1914
 Perozich, George
 Petrovac, Boka Kotorska February 17, 1926
 Perunovich, Jovo
 Njegus, Montenegro July 15, 1914
 Peshut, Mitar
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909

Pestich, Marko
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska February 18, 1925
 Pesut, George
 Mostar, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Petcelj, Thomas
 Zabica, Hercegovina January 6, 1904
 Petcelj, Maksim
 Zabica, Hercegovina February 3, 1909
 Petcovich, George
 Risan, Boka Kotorska January 3, 1906
 Petievich, George N.
 November 26, 1958
 Petievich, Corvin
 San Francisco, California February 6, 1946
 Petinak, Dan
 Butte, Montana October 17, 1945
 Pilicharsky, Joe
 Churin, Backa April 4, 1954
 Petkovich, Gasho
 Bileca, Hercegovina April 6, 1910
 Petkovich, Jovo
 Risan, Boka Kotorska August 21, 1889
 Petkovich, Milan
 Trebinje, Hercegovina January 6, 1904
 Petkovich, Nikolas
 Risan, Boka Kotorska August 6, 1884
 Petkovich, Novak
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Petkovich, Vaso
 Hercegovina January 15, 1890
 Petricevich, Joko
 Podgorica, Montenegro April 18, 1923
 Petrich, Petar
 Dalmatia December 7, 1904

Petrich, Nika
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia July 20, 1892
 Petrovich, Bogdan
 Boka Kotorska October 21, 1903
 Petrovich, Nicola
 Risan, Boka Kotorska August 6, 1888
 Petrovich, Panto
 Boka Kotorska March 2, 1904
 Petrovich, Savo S.
 Budva, Boka Kotorska January 21, 1885
 Petrovich, Todor
 Kuci, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Pikich, Tripo
 Lucece, Hercegovina February 15, 1899
 Pilicharsky, Joe
 Churin, Backa April 4, 1954
 Pjevac, Tomo
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Pokrajac, Savo P.
 Razvodje, Dalmatia August 1, 1923
 Popadich, Risto
 Vranjska, Hercegovina December, 15, 1909
 Popovac, Ilija
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Popovich, Alexander V.
 San Francisco, California February 17, 1926
 Popovich, Andrija
 Crnica, Crna Gora April 18, 1923
 Popovich, Djuradj D.
 Gracac, Lika April 18, 1917
 Popovich, Elia G.
 Boka Kotorska April 18, 1906
 Popovich, George J.
 Boka Kotorska April 6, 1910

Popovich, George J.
 Niksich December 5, 1945
 Popovich, Ilija M.
 Spic, Boka Kotorska October 3, 1923
 Popovich, Lazar
 Risan, Boka Kotorska January 26, 1881
 Popovich, Ljubo
 Risan, Boka Kotorska March 6, 1907
 Popovich, Marko
 Banjani, Montenegro February 19, 1936
 Popovich, Nikola
 Gracac, Lika September 5, 1917
 Popovich, Petar
 Risan, Boka Kotorska August 8, 1888
 Popovich, Petar J.
 Ratisevina, Boka Kotorska March 15, 1916
 Popovich, Radovan
 Hercegovina, Boka Kotorska January 17, 1951
 Popovich, Savo M.
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina March 17, 1920
 Popovich, Scepo
 Njegush, Montenegro January 3, 1917
 Popovich, Spiro
 Port Said, Egypt February 18, 1889
 Popovich, Stevan
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska May 15, 1901
 Popovich, Tomo
 Boka Kotorska March, 18, 1908
 Popovich, Vido
 Njegush, Montenegro January 3, 1917
 Popovich, Vladimir
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska August 3, 1892
 Porobich, Achim
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska December 1. 1930

Porobich, Dano
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska November 5, 1924
 Porobich, Gligo
 Boka Kotorska July 1, 1903
 Porobich, Gligo
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska December 1, 1930
 Porobich, Krsto A.
 Angel's Camp, California December 1, 1930
 Porobich, Marko
 Amador City, California May 15, 1935
 Porobich, Mirko A.
 Jackson, California February 17, 1926
 Porobich, Vladimir
 Gorogashi, Hercegovina April 17 1912
 Porter, Val A.
 Jackson, California December 5, 1945
 Postich, Dimitrije
 September 15, 1973
 Poznanovich, Andrija
 Ratisevina, Boka Kotorska November 15, 1911
 Poznanovoich, George
 Boka Kotorska February 7, 1906
 Poznanovich, Jagosh
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska October 16, 1901
 Poznanovich, Janko
 Ratisevina, Boka Kotorska December 2, 1914
 Poznanovich, Janko
 Ratisevina, Boka Kotorska December 17, 1919
 Poznanovich, Marko
 Ratisevina, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Poznanovich, Milan
 Boka Kotorska June 16, 1909
 Pravica, Obren
 Hercegovina January 2, 1895

Pravica, Veljko
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska January 5, 1921
 Prdavica, Ilija
 Konjsko, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Prebisich, Mitchell
 Drachevo, Hercegovina December 21, 1891
 Prelevich, Dimitrie
 Kuca, Montenegro September 17, 1913
 Prelevich, Dushan
 Kuce, Montenegro September 17, 1913
 Prelevich, George
 Kuce, Montenegro April 5, 1916
 Preljevich, Blazo
 Duvno, Bosnia March 18, 1925
 Pribich, Nikola M.
 Krvavica, Lika October 3, 1917
 Pribisich, John
 Dracevo, Hercegovina October 6, 1915
 Pribisich, Krsto
 Dracevo, Hercegovina December 7, 1904
 Pribisich, Lazar M.
 Hercegovina June 20, 1917
 Pribisich, Vaso
 Hercegovina September 6, 1905
 Prlain, Marko
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska September 3, 1913
 Prlain, Marko
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska November 5, 1919
 Prlain, Petar
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska January 19, 1927
 Prlain, Spiro
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska March 6, 1912
 Prlainovich, Trifko
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska December 2, 1914

Prljevich, Blaz
 Gornji Brisnik, Bosnia August 16, 1911
 Prodanovich, Bogdan
 Podkraj, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Prodanovich, Danilo
 Oakland, California October 10, 1948
 Prodanovich, Vido
 Zubci, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Prorokovich, Krsto
 Njegush, Montenegro January 3, 1917
 Pupich, Savo
 Vukovici, Hercegovina April 1, 1925
 Putica, John N.
 Hercegovina December 4, 1901
 Putica, Jovo P.
 Orah, Hercegovina June 1, 1921
 Putica, Steve N.
 Hercegovina December 20, 1905
 Puzina, Milo
 Split, Dalmatia October 3, 1928
 Pustinjski-Dimitrijevič, Alex
 Volagda, Russia January 17, 1894
 Radanovich, Dushan
 Boka Kotorska October 20, 1909
 Radanovich, John
 Prievor, Hercegovina October 4, 1893
 Radanovich, John D.
 December 4, 1974
 Radanovich, Krsto
 Boka Kotorska March 6, 1907
 Radanovich, Lazar
 Boka Kotorska November 18, 1908
 Radanovich, Lazar
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska November 16 1927

Radanovich, Luka		
Mokrinj, Boka Kotorska		February 6, 1900
Radanovich, Mike		
Mokrinj, Boka Kotorska		April 2, 1930
Radanovich, Milan		
Mokrinj, Boka Kotorska		December 21, 1894
Radich, Jovo		
Ljubinje, Hercegovina		December 15, 1909
Radinovich, Ilija S.		
Morinj, Boka Kotorska		December 17, 1919
Radinovich, Ljubo		
Boka Kotorska		January 20, 1904
Radinovich, Vaso		
Morinj, Boka Kotorska		February 18, 1903
Radinovich, Todor		
Morinj, Boka Kotorska		December 16, 1908
Radmanovich, Daniel		
Sacramento, California		May 22, 1955
Radmanovich, George		
Gospic, Lika		December 15, 1909
Radmanovich, Isak		
Gospic, Lika		December 15, 1909
Radmanovich, Petar		
Krupa, Bosnia		February 19, 1913
Radmilovich, Stanko		
Boka Kotoska		March 6, 1907
Radoicich, John		
Hercegovina		September 20, 1905
Radoicich, Luka		
Hercegovina		January 15, 1902
Radoicich, Milan		
Volujac, Hercegovina		August 4, 1909
Radoicich, Savo		
Trebinje, Hercegovina		December 1, 1930

Radoicich, Spiro
 Hercegovina June 4, 1902
 Radojevich, David
 January 10, 1965
 Radojevich, Elia
 Boka Kotorska December 18, 1907
 Radojevich, Mark
 Fresno, California December 29, 1936
 Radojevich, Milan
 January 10, 1965
 Radojevich, Veljko
 Podi, Boka Kotorska April 17, 1901
 Radonich, Alexander J.
 San Francisco, California December 29, 1936
 Radonich, Spiro
 Oakland, California November 15, 1950
 Radonich, John
 Kumbor, Boka Kotorska December 17, 1884
 Radonich, John V.
 Podi, Boka Kotorska May 17, 1893
 Radonich, Luka
 Boka Kotorska July 19, 1905
 Radonich, Luka S.
 Baosici, Boka Kotorska January 15, 1919
 Radonich, Spiro
 Podi, Boka Kotorska March 4, 1891
 Radonich, Spiro
 Podi, Boka, Kotorska March 18, 1903
 Radonich, Stefan
 San Francisco, California June 4, 1930
 Radonich, Theodore
 Boka Kotorska July 19, 1905
 Radonich, Willian
 San Francisco, California March 1 1922

Radonjich, Blazo		
Njegush, Montenegro	June 1, 1910	
Radonjich, Djuro		
Njegush, Montenegro	March 18, 1914	
Radonjich, Djuro J.		
Maine, Boka Kotorska	July 19, 1922	
Rados, Jovan V.		
Ljubinje, Hercegovina	April 16, 1919	
Radovanovich, Ranko		
Beograd, Serbia	January 3, 1900	
Radovcich, Nikola K.		
Kameno, Boka Kotorska	September 21, 1921	
Radovicich, Dushan		
Boka Kotorska	September 18, 1907	
Radovich, Bosko D.		
Niksich, Montenegro	May 4, 1920	
Radovich, Bozo		
Risan, Boka Kotorska	January 21, 1885	
Radovich, Danilo L.		
Jackson, California	March 21, 1934	
Radovich, Gajo		
Krusevice, Hercegovina	November 21 1917	
Radovich, John		
Risan, Boka Kotorska	August 21, 1889	
Radovich, John A.		
Sinaloa, Mexico	June 5, 1940	
Radovich, John L.		
Jackson, California	April 16, 1930	
Radovich, Jovo		
Krusevice, Hercegovina	December 1, 1930	
Radovich, Lazar		
Krusevice, Hercegovina	July 1, 1914	
Radovich, Manojlo N.		
Glibovac, Montenegro	November 21, 1917	

Radovich, Mato
 Risan, Boka Kotorska October 15, 1884
 Radovich, Mileta
 Gornje Polje, Montenegro March 5, 1930
 Radovich, Mirko
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Radovich, Nikolas
 Dalmatia June 3, 1891
 Radovich, Nikola
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Radovich, Nikola S.
 Risan, Boka Kotorska February 15, 1950
 Radovich, Nikola P.
 Krusevice, Hercegovina September 15, 1920
 Radovich, Petar
 Boka Kotorska May 18, 1881
 Radovich, Petar
 Douglas, Alaska February 6, 1946
 Radovich, Risto
 Krusevice, Hercegovina October 1, 1924
 Radovich, Savo
 Boka Kotorska July 17, 1907
 Radovich, Spiro
 Krusevice, Hercegovina April 15, 1914
 Radovich, Vladimir
 Pastrovich, Boka Kotorska February 17, 1926
 Radovicich, Milan
 Boka Kotorska May 3, 1905
 Radulovich, Branko V.
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska August 2, 1911
 Radulovich, George
 San Francisco, California June 17, 1959
 Radulovich, Gjuro
 Scenica, Hercegovina April 16, 1923

Radulovich, Jakov
 Krivosije, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Radulovich, Luka
 September 6, 1882
 Radulovich, Marko
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska December 6, 1893
 Radulovich, Milo
 Redwood City, California June 17, 1959
 Radulovich, Petar
 Scenica, Hercegovina July 17, 1912
 Radulovich, Radovan
 Krivosije, Boka Kotorska August 21, 1929
 Radulovich, Risto
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Radulovich, Spiro
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska June 1, 1892
 Radunovich, Drago
 Farnanci, Montenegro May 2, 1923
 Radusinovich, Elija
 Buronje, Montenegro August 5, 1925
 Radusinovich, Vidak
 Buronje, Montenegro October 19, 1952
 Rafailovich, Nikola
 Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885
 Rafailovich, Nikola
 Budva, Boka Botorska February 18, 1888
 Raicevich, Lazar
 Trebinje, Hercegovina November 3, 1913
 Raicevich, Nick
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia July 21, 1909
 Raicevich, Stevo
 Bar, Montenegro March 21, 1917
 Rajevich, Bozo
 Hercegovina October 7, 1903

Rajkovich, Elia
 Montenegro September 2, 1908
 Rajkovich, Ivo
 Montenegro August 15, 1906
 Rajkovich, Marko
 Bukovik, Montenegro
 Rajkovich, Vaso
 Montenegro June 1, 1904
 Ramadanovich, George
 Cheklich, Montenegro August 15, 1923
 Rapovac Stevo S.
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska December 16, 1888
 Raso, Lazar
 Zvinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Raspopovich, Vuceta
 Martinici, Montenegro February 6, 1924
 Ratkovich, Blagoje M.
 Konjsko, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Ratkovich, Blagoje V.
 Konjsko. Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Ratkovich, Christopher
 Zubci, Hercegovina February 4, 1885
 Ratkovich, Dobroslav D.
 Oakland, California April 16, 1930
 Ratkovich, Dusan
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska June 7, 1916
 Ratkovich, George
 Aromas, California April 28, 1946
 Ratkovich, Ljubo
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska March 6, 1912
 Ratkovich, Mato
 Konjsko, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Ratkovich, Milan
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909

Ratkovich, Nikola
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska July 6, 1921
 Ratkovich, Nikola V.
 Konjsko, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Ratkovich, Panto
 Konjsko, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ratkovich, Pero
 Hercegovina January 19, 1910
 Ratkovich, Petar
 Mokrinj, Boka Kotorska July 5, 1899
 Ratkovich, Radoslav
 Trebinje, Hercegovina April 18, 1928
 Ratkovich, Radoslav
 Trebinje, Hercegovina April 1, 1936
 Ratkovich, Savo
 Zubci, Hercegovina February 15, 1928
 Rigisich, Slavo
 July 7, 1954
 Rigjusich, Gjuro
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Ristich, Ched
 Vranjak, Bosnia February 2, 1955
 Rodich, Arthur
 June 4, 1975
 Rogan, Luka
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Roko, Petar
 Ston, Dalmatia December 18, 1907
 Romanovich, Spaso
 Nevesinje, Hercegovina April 1 1914
 Rostovich, Mitchell
 Boka Kotorska August 25, 1880
 Rostovich, Petar
 Lika November 15, 1916

Rujak, Lazo
 Vukovich, Dalmatia September 19, 1917
 Rupich, Simo
 Zagora, Hercegovina September 7, 1910
 Rupich, Simo
 Zagora, Hercegovina May 7, 1919
 Rutkovich, Jovan
 Orahovac, Boka Kotorska July 5, 1916
 Ruzich, Stevo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Saban, Peter N.
 Ulcinj, Montenegro December 15, 1915
 Sabovich, Dushan
 Igalo, Boka Kotorska September 16, 1908
 Sabovich, Niko
 Boka Kotorska October 3, 1906
 Sabovich, Nikola
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska June 16, 1897
 Sach, Lazo
 Todorichi, Hercegovina February 21, 1912
 Saganovich, Dushan
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Sagunovich, Radovan
 Bileca, Hercegovina September 16, 1925
 Samardzich, Krsto M.
 Bileca Hercegovina July 3, 1912
 Samardzich, Nikola
 Krivosije, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Samardzich, Nikola
 Nevesinje, Hercegovina March 15, 1922
 Samardzich, Novica
 Krivosije, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Samardzich, Obren
 Krivosije, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909

Samardzich, Radovan
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Samardzich, Voin
 San Francisco, California April 6, 1932
 Sankovich, Spiro
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska February 7, 1934
 Saraba, Cedo
 April 5, 1974
 Saraba, Elia O.
 Turmenti, Hercegovina April 15, 1914
 Saraba, George
 December 7, 1977
 Saraba, Mirko
 Trebinje, Hercegovina February 5, 1908
 Sarenac, George
 February 7, 1934
 Sargentich, Spiro
 Budva, Boka Kotorska October 21, 1896
 Savelich, Pavle
 Niksich, Montenegro November 18, 1925
 Savelijich, Toma M.
 Bjelopavlovici, Montenegro February 18, 1925
 Savich, Savo
 Ubla, Boka Kotorska April 16, 1890
 Savovich, Vladimir
 Zagora, Hercegovina December 7, 1921
 Schepanovich, Milutin
 Piperi, Montenegro October 20, 1926
 Sculich, Duca
 Hercegovina December 4, 1901
 Seferocich, Bozo
 Boka Kotorska November 17, 1909
 Seferovich, Gojko P.
 Lipci, Boka Kotorska November 20, 1912
 Seferovich, John
 Boka Kotorska January 20, 1904

Seferovich, Tripo
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska January 21, 1885
 Sekulovich, Petar
 Boka Kotorska November 21, 1906
 Sekulovich, Veljko
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska October 2, 1889
 Setencich, Ilija J.
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska May 1, 1912
 Setencich, John E.
 Dalmatia July 15, 1931
 Setencich, Lazar
 Dracevo, Hercegovina January 6, 1904
 Setencich, Petar S.
 Drachevo, Hercegovina January 15, 1890
 Setencich, Spaso
 Hercegovina April 6, 1894
 Setencich, Vaso
 Hercegovina December 2, 1908
 Setencich, Vladimir L.
 Dracevo, Hercegovina April 2, 1902
 Shabovich, John
 Boka Kotorska December 2, 1903
 Shapona, Dragomir
 Pennsylvania April 6, 1952
 Shapona, Joseph
 Pennsylvania April 6, 1952
 Shapona, Vitomir
 Farrell, Pennsylvania April 6, 1952
 Sharaba, George
 Hercegovina November 2, 1977
 Sharaba, George
 Hercegovina November 18, 1908
 Sharaba, Milosh
 Zubci, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Sharaba, Mitar
 Hercegovina November 16, 1904

Sharaba, Nikola
 Hercegovina October 25, 1953
 Shelkut, Nikola
 Hercegovina October 7, 1903
 Shelkut, Stevo
 Hercegovina January 17, 1906
 Sherovich, Chris
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska January 3, 1906
 Sherovich, John
 Hercegovina June 5, 1901
 Sherovich, Louis
 San Francisco, California October 7, 1942
 Sherovich, Milo T.
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Sherovich, Risto
 Hercegovina September 6, 1905
 Sherovich, Svetozar
 San Francisco, California December 15, 1926
 Sherovich, Theodore
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska August 11, 1880
 Sheshlija, Theodore
 Hercegovina December 20, 1905
 Shishich, Ilia
 Hercegovina December 7, 1904
 Shkero, Andrew
 Zliebe, Boka Kotorska June 17, 1891
 Shkero, Mitar S.
 Boka Kotorska March 7, 1906
 Sikimich, Spiro
 Boka Kotorska May 1, 1907
 Sikimich, Stevo
 Ratisevina, Boka Kotorska November 21, 1928
 Simich, Danilo
 March 5, 1980
 Sisevich, George
 Zeta, Montenegro May 18, 1910

Siska, Joseph
 Bohemia June 18, 1919
 Skero, Stanko
 Boka Kotorska February 5, 1908
 Sklender, Mato
 Boka Kotorska March 2, 1921
 Skorich, Dan M.
 Dorenica, Lika March 2, 1921
 Skulich, Marko
 Panik, Hercegovina November 5, 1913
 Skulich, Milan
 Sutter Creek, California October 25, 1953
 Skulich, Mitar
 Hercegovina July 19, 1922
 Skulich, Rade
 Hercegovina June 19, 1907
 Skulich, Todor
 Panik, Hercegovina May 3, 1911
 Sladovich, Chris
 Sushchepan, Boka Kotorska September 18, 1895
 Sladovich, Milan
 Boka Kotorska July 1, 1903
 Sliscovich, John
 Brac, Dalmatia February 4, 1885
 Sofran, John
 Grbalj, Boka Kotorska December 18, 1912
 Sokitch, Dave Garo
 August 1, 1971
 Soljaga, Stevo
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska November 19, 1930
 Sorich-Eterovich, Antony
 Brac, Dalmatia October 15, 1884
 Sorich-Eterovich, Antun J.
 Brac, Dalmatia October 15, 1902

Sorich-Eterovich, Joseph J.
 Brac, Dalmatia September 20, 1922
 Sorich-Eterovich, Marko
 Brac, Dalmatia June 4, 1902
 Sorich-Eterovich, Peter
 Dalmatia January 4, 1905
 Soshich, Risto
 Baljavac, Hercegovina January 20, 1904
 Soshich, Risto
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina May 4, 1921
 Sosich, Lazar
 Baljavac, Hercegovina December 21, 1891
 Sosich, Mijajlo
 Hercegovina January 5, 1910
 Sosich, Milan
 Trebinje, Hercegovina September 18, 1889
 Sosich, Nikola
 Baljevac, Hercegovina December 20, 1911
 Sosich, Savo
 Hercegovina May 15, 1907
 Sosich, Stevan
 Hercegovina July 5, 1905
 Soso, Bob
 Cupertino, California April 3, 1949
 Soso, Danilo
 Dracevo, Hercegovina February 1, 1928
 Soso, John
 Angels Camp, California March 4, 1936
 Soso, Milan D.
 Cupertino, California April 28, 1946
 Soso, Ned
 Cupertino, California April 19, 1953
 Soso, Tom
 Cupertino, California April 3, 1949

Spadier, Petar
 Budva, Boka Kotorska February 1, 1882
 Spaich, Jakov V.
 Hercegovina December 21, 1893
 Spaich, John
 Hercegovina July 16, 1892
 Spaich, Milo G.
 Goldfield, Nevada February 5, 1936
 Spaich, Mitar
 Zubci, Hercegovina June 5, 1912
 Spaich, Nedjo
 Goldfield, Nevada January 15, 1936
 Sparavalo, Bozo
 Hercegovina August 1, 1900
 Sparavalo, Luka
 Hercegovina August 12, 1904
 Sparavalo, Petar S.
 Djedici, Hercegovina February 20, 1929
 Sparavalo, Theodore
 Hercegovina February 18, 1903
 Spasovich, John
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska December 5, 1894
 Spasovich, Tomo
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Spiletak, Anton
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia February 3, 1888
 Spiletak, Antun V.
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia July 1, 1903
 Spremich, Gaspar
 Konavlje, Dalmatia March 19, 1890
 Spremo, Blagoje
 Nevesinje, Hercegovina October 21, 1914
 Spremo, Radovan
 November 6, 1968

Spremo, Risto J.
 Nevesinje, Hercegovina December 5, 1923
 Spremo, Tane
 Mostar, Hercegovina November 18, 1925
 Spremovich, Tane
 Nevesinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Sredanovich, Matija
 October 6, 1976
 Sredanovich, Uros
 Hercegovina October 9, 1955
 Sredanovich, Vojo
 Hercegovina October 26, 1958
 Stamatovich, Todor
 Zagarac, Montenegro January 3, 1917
 Stanich, Micho
 Zacula, Hercegovina December 17, 1913
 Stanisavljevich, Dimitrije
 Beograd, Serbia October 21, 1903
 Stanisich, Milan
 Boka Kotorska June 20, 1900
 Stanisich, Nikola
 Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Stanisich, Pero
 Njegush, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Stankovich, Elia
 Pobrgje, Hercegovina March 6, 1918
 Stankovich, Zivan
 Uzvece, Serbia December 15, 1909
 Stepanovich, Milan
 San Francisco, California May 1, 1940
 Stepovich, Alexznder
 Fairbanks, Alaska April 2, 1950
 Stepovich, Michael
 Fairbanks, Alaska April 2, 1950

Stevich, Danilo
 Mostar, Hercegovina March 1, 1911
 Stiapcich, Andrew
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska July 1, 1891
 Stich, Ferdinand M.
 Belgrade, Serbia July 20, 1910
 Stiepcich, Simo
 Boka Kotorska September 7, 1904
 Stiepovich, Stevan
 Rian, Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885
 Stijepcich, Arsen
 Boka Kotorska August 7, 1907
 Stijepcich, Bozo
 Boka Kotorska April 6, 1910
 Stijepcich, Bozo
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska May 7, 1913
 Stijepcich, Ilija
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska October 6, 1921
 Stijepcich, Janko
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska October 7, 1914
 Stijepcich, Milan
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska January 4, 1911
 Stijepcich, Savo
 Boka Kotorska December 4, 1901
 Stijepovich, Andrija
 Risan, Boka Kotorska April 1, 1914
 Stijepovich, St.
 Boka Kotorska Feb 4, 1885
 Stipanich, Alexander
 San Francisco, California April 28, 1946
 Stjepanicich, Drago V.
 Krtole, Boka Kotorska June 18, 1913
 Stjepanicich, Gregory
 September 7, 1977

Stjepanicich, Jovan V.
 Boka Kotorska December 16, 1908
 Stjepanicich, Vuko I.
 San Francisco, California March 5, 1930
 Stjepanovich, Peter
 Hercegovina February 20, 1907
 Stojanovich, John
 Cupertino March 16, 1938
 Stojanovich, Luka
 Drijenjani, Hercegovina November 16, 1927
 Stojkovich, Dewey
 San Francisco, California April 20, 1947
 Stojkovich, Savo
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska April 16, 1913
 Stojkovich, Stojan
 California April 21, 1926
 Stojovich, Petko K.
 Martinici, Crna Gora February 6, 1914
 Stolica, Janko
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Stolica, Spiro
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Strahinja, Vaso
 Crmnica, Montenegro November 18, 1914
 Stratiko, Jovo
 Boka Kotorska November 20, 1907
 Stratico, Michel
 Hercegovina, Boka Kotorska June 1, 1904
 Subotich, Alex
 Risan, Boka Kotorska March 5, 1913
 Subotich, Andria
 Budva, Boka Kotorska January 18, 1888
 Subotich, Powell
 Risan, Boka Kotorska April 6, 1892

Subotich, Risto
 Boka Kotorska May 1, 1907
 Sulaver, John
 January 9, 1974
 Sulaver, Jovo
 Zabica, Hercegovina November 2, 1910
 Sulaver, Petar
 April 8, 1945
 Sulaver, Stevan
 Hercegovina July 16, 1913
 Suljak, Alexander
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska March 15, 1911
 Suljak, Micho
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska April 16, 1890
 Sutich, John P.
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia April 15, 1891
 Svanut, Mato
 Trieste, Dalmatia December 15, 1909
 Svilanovich, Mato
 Krusevice, Boka Kotorska February 19, 1913
 Svilokos, Ivan
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia March 20, 1901
 Svrclin, Luka
 Dalmatia July 2, 1924
 Tabakovich, Milan
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Tabakovich, Milan
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Tamnindjich, Milan
 Hercegovina January 5, 1910
 Tarailo, Radivoy
 Fresno, California April 3, 1946
 Tadich, Lazar
 Lika March 18, 1891

Tarailo, Ilija
 Hercegovina May 15, 1901
 Tarana, Danilo
 Galeba, Hercegovina March 5, 1940
 Tarbat, Michael
 December 29, 1978
 Tasovac, Marko
 Kute, Boka Kotorska May 1, 1895
 Tasovac, Milan
 Kute, Boka Kotorska April 3, 1895
 Terzich, Jovo E.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska November 19, 1924
 Terzich, John S.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska December 7, 1917
 Terzovich, Janko
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska December 7, 1910
 Terzovich, Janko M.
 Mokrine, Boka Kotorska November 5, 1919
 Terzovich, Nikola
 Boka Kotorska October 20, 1909
 Terzovich, Spiro
 Boka Kotorska June 20, 1900
 Tishma, Petar
 Jugoslavia December 7, 1955
 Todorovich, Ilija
 Sparozich, Hercegovina July 6, 1887
 Todorovich, Mitar
 Morinj, Boka Kotorska September 1, 1909
 Tomanovich, George
 San Francisco, California January 19, 1910
 Tomanovich, John
 Boka Kotorska July 19, 1905
 Tomanovich, Krsto
 Boka Kotorska April 1, 1903

Tomanovich, Spiro
 Boka Kotorska February 5, 1908
 Tomanovich, Tomo V.
 Costanjica, Boka Kotorska November 17, 1886
 Tomasevich, Achim
 Krusevice, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Tomasevich, Bogdan
 Krusevice, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Tomasevich, Bogdan S.
 Curilac, Montenegro June 4, 1924
 Tomasevich, Mitar
 Krusevice, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Tomasevich, Nikola
 Bercolo, Montenegro June 16, 1937
 Tomasevich, Petar
 California June 15, 1938
 Tomasevich, Tomo
 Krusevice, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Tomashevich, Ignatius
 Boka Kotorska February 6, 1900
 Tomashevich, Petar
 Savina, Boka Kotorska February 18, 1903
 Tomashevich, Risto
 Krusevice, Hercegovina June 18, 1902
 Tomich, Marko
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Tomich, Marko
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Tomich, Marko
 Zgonjevo, Hercegovina January 21, 1925
 Tomich, Trifun
 Zgonevo, Hercegovina November 19, 1890
 Tomovich, Lazar
 Hercegovina February 2, 1892

Tosich, Andrew
 Podi, Boka Kotorska May 3, 1911
 Tosich, Stevo
 Podi, Boka Kotorska January 15, 1919
 Trbovich, Gjukan L.
 Trbovici, Hercegovina March 2, 1921
 Tripkovich, Blagoje
 Boka Kotorska March 6, 1907
 Tripkovich, Dushan
 Boka Kotorska November 4, 1908
 Tripkovich, Micho
 Podi, Boka Kotorska October 2, 1889
 Tripkovich, Spasoje
 Boka Kotorska July 1, 1903
 Tripkovich, Vuko
 Trebesinj, Boka Kotorska April 5, 1893
 Trklja, Bozo
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 20, 1911
 Trklja, Mitar
 Bileca, Hercegovina November 20, 1912
 Tulich, Martin
 Korcula April 5, 1939
 Tupanjanin, Milan
 Hercegovina October 17, 1906
 Tupanjanin, Savo
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Tupanjanin, Vlado
 Trebinje, Hercegovina February 5, 1908
 Turanjanin, Theodor
 Ljubinje, Hercegovina January 6, 1904
 Tuirnich, Petar
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Tushup, Jovan
 Svrcuge, Hercegovina November 21, 1928

Tushup, Mark		
Hermosa, New Mexico		May 6, 1931
Tushup, Mitar		
Svrcege, Hercegovina		November 11, 1911
Tushup, Vidak		
Sutorina, Hercegovina		November 15, 1916
Uskokovich, Marko		
Dubrovnik, Dalmatia		July 15, 1914
Vasiljevich, Bozidar		
Jackson, California		April 7, 1920
Vasiljevich, Bozo J.		
Morinj, Boka Kotorska		November 15, 1905
Vasiljevich, Gligo		
Boka Kotorska		February 21, 1900
Vasiljevich, Ljubomir		
Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska		January 18, 1893
Vasiljevich, Milan		
Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska		December 2, 1896
Vasiljevich, Simo		
Ubli, Boka Kotorska		January 17, 1917
Vasiljevich, Stanko J.		
Morinj, Boka Kotorska		July 15, 1914
Vavich, Lazar		
Krusevica, Hercegovina		August 7, 1912
Vercevich, Adam L.		
Budva, Boka Kotorska		March 15, 1882
Veskovich, Scepan		
Bratonožici, Montenegro		September 17, 1913
Vickers, Emil S.		
Black Eagle, Montana		May 22, 1955
Vickers, Michael A.		
Black Eagle, Montana		May 22, 1955
Vickers, Steve		
Hercegovina		March 5, 1930

Vickovich, Peter
 Budva, Boka Kotorska May 3, 1911

Vico, Mitar
 Zubci, Hercegovina September 1, 1897

Vidakovich, Jovo
 Boka Kotorska October 4, 1905

Vidakovich, Marko
 Boka Kotorska October 5, 1904

Vidakovich, Savo
 Boka Kotorska November 4, 1908

Vidovich, George
 Fresno, California August 4, 1954

Vidovich, Martin
 Vis, Dalmatia February 1, 1922

Vilov, Robert
 Oakland, California October 19, 1952

Vilov, Tom
 Oakland, California October 19, 1952

Vilov, Vuko
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska June 15, 1927

Viscovich, Tomo
 Trpanj, Dalmatia March 19, 1913

Visnick, John Robert
 October 3, 1964

Vlajovich, James
 San Francisco, California April 20, 1947

Vlaovich, George T.
 Goldfield, Nevada November 7, 1934

Vlaovich, Gojko A.
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska September 7, 1910

Vlaovich, John A.
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska September 21, 1921

Vlaovich, Nick
 Goldfield, Nevada February 5, 1936

Vlatkovich, Petar
 Hercegovina July 21, 1897
 Vlatkovich, Todor
 Hercegovina December 18, 1889
 Voinovich, Andrew
 Djenovichi, Boka Kotorska December 17, 1884
 Vojvoda, Mato
 Istria May 1, 1907
 Vojvodich, Andeija
 August 25, 1880
 Vrankovich, Nikola
 Boka Kotorska September 6, 1905
 Vrbica, Ivo
 Njegusi, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Vucanovich, Petar L.
 Bukanje, Hercegovina October 1, 1883
 Vuchkovich, John
 Perast, Boka Kotorska May 18, 1894
 Vucich, Milan
 Omasnica, Serbia January 19, 1955
 Vucinich, Chris
 Bileca, Hercegovina March 4, 1914
 Vucinich, George
 Bar, Montenegro June 17, 1914
 Vucinich, Jakov
 Panik, Hercegovina March 6, 1918
 Vucinich, Lewis
 Oakland, California November 1, 1950
 Vucinich, Milton C.
 San Francisco, California April 20, 1947
 Vucinich, Nicholas V.
 San Francisco, California December 4, 1974
 Vucinich, Obren
 Bileca, Hercegovina July 16, 1919

Vucinich, Peko
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Vucinich, Stevan N.
 Bar, Montenegro June 4, 1924
 Vucinich, Todor
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Vucinich, Tomo
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Vucinich, Vladimir
 Bileca, Hercegovina July 2, 1924
 Vuckovich, Andrew
 Kotor, Boka Kotorska April 6, 1952
 Vuckovich, Branko
 April 2, 1980
 Vuckovich, George
 February 1, 1974
 Vuckovich, Stanko
 April 2, 1980
 Vuckovich, John S.
 Njegusi, Montenegro December 3, 1919
 Vuckovich, Jovo
 Njegusi, Montenegro August 5, 1914
 Vuckovich, Marko
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Vuckovich, Simo V.
 Boka Kotorska May 6, 1908
 Vucovich, Demetrio
 Bijela, Boka Kotorska January 16, 1884
 Vucurevich, Simo
 Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Vuich, George
 Hercegovina June 7, 1905

Vuich, Ilija
 Konjani, Dalmatia April 6, 1952
 Vuich, Mico
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Vuich, Petar
 Hercegovina July 1, 1903
 Vuich, William O.
 California April 28, 1946
 Vuicich, Vladimir
 Boka Kotorska December 2, 1908
 Vujanovich, Ilija
 Ceklin, Montenegro April 5, 1911
 Vujanovich, Mitar
 Ulcinj, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Vujich, Petar J.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 3, 1919
 Vujicich, Luka
 Baoshich, Boka Kotorska October 4, 1893
 Vujkovich, Bozo
 Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Vujozevich, Zarija
 Kuce, Montenegro April 5, 1916
 Vujovich, Achim
 Trebinje, Hercegovina February 5, 1908
 Vujovich, Blagoje
 Grahovo, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Vujovich, Ilija
 July 19, 1882
 Vujovich, Jovan
 Bileca, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Vujovich, Luka
 Shuma, Hercegovina August 5, 1903
 Vujovich, Luka S.
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909

Vujovich, Marko
 Oputna Rudina, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Vujovich, Michael J.
 January 4, 1971
 Vujovich, Milan
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska June 17, 1903
 Vujovich, Milosh S.
 Krstaca, Hercegovina March 16, 1932
 Vujovich, Richard S.
 San Francisco, California December 5, 1945
 Vujovich, Risto
 Bileca, Hercegovina October 7, 1908
 Vujovich, Savo
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska July 5, 1893
 Vujovich, Stanisa
 Oputna Rudina, Montenegro June 18, 1913
 Vujovich, Stevan
 Boka Kotorska April 2, 1902
 Vujovich, Steve
 Sonora, California September 6, 1939
 Vujovich, A. Todor
 Mojdez, Boka Kotorska August 1, 1900
 Vujovich, Todor
 Hercegovina January 5, 1910
 Vujovich, Trifko
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 1, 1915
 Vujovich, Vlado
 Boka Kotorska September 5, 1906
 Vukajlovich, Tomo
 Todorici, Hercegovina December 3, 1924
 Vukanovich, Lazar M.
 Hercegovina December 2, 1903
 Vukanovich, Perovan M.
 Bjelopavlici, Montenegro November 18, 1925

Vukanovich, Vaso
 Hercegovina February 6, 1900
 Vukasin, John P. Jr.
 Oakland, California May 6, 1959
 Vukasinovich, John P.
 Zubci, Hercegovina February 17, 1926
 Vukasinovich, Jaso
 Podkraj, Hercegovina December 1, 1930
 Vukasinovich, Milan
 Angels Camp, California December 1, 1930
 Vukasinovich, Nikola
 Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Vukasinovich, Petar, T.
 Piperi, Montenegro February 18, 1925
 Vukasovich, Milan J.
 Hercegovina October 1, 1902
 Vukasovich, Lazar
 Lipac, Boka Kotorska October 16, 1918
 Vukasovich, Nikola L.
 Luci, Boka Kotorska May 4, 1927
 Vukasovich, Vuko
 Uble, Boka Kotorska December 2, 1914
 Vukevich, George
 April 2, 1980
 Vukcevich, Jovan
 Podgorica, Montenegro March 1, 1978
 Vukcevich, Savo
 San Jose, California April 2, 1980
 Vukich, Stevo
 Dobrosko Selo, Montenegro December 15, 1909
 Vukcevich, Nikola
 San Jose, California April 2, 1980
 Vukicevich, Milan
 Budva, Boka Kotorska July 17, 1907

Vukmanovich, Filip
 Ulcinj, Montenegro April 5, 1911
 Vukoje, Joko
 Trusina, Hercegovina October 15, 1913
 Vukojevich, Jovo
 Hercegovina November 4, 1908
 Vukojevich, Milan
 Hercegovina July 17, 1901
 Vukojevich, Milan
 Sedlari, Hercegovina December 15, 1909
 Vukosavljevich, Spiro
 Hercegnovi, Boka Kotorska July 20, 1887
 Vukosavljevich, Vojin (Voyne, Mechial)
 San Francisco, California December 3, 1919
 Vukoslavich, Nikola
 Podgorica, Montenegro July 17, 1929
 Vukasovich, Stevo
 Trebinje, Hercegovina March 5, 1930
 Vukotich, Luka
 Novo Selo November 19, 1889
 Vukovich, Blagoje
 Ubli, Boka Kotorska March 2, 1921
 Vukovich, Dushan
 Boka Kotorska July 1, 1903
 Vukovich, Gajo
 Krushevica, Boka Kotorska December 4, 1901
 Vukovich, Gjuro
 Niksich, Montenegro April 6, 1910
 Vukovich, Golub
 Boka Kotorska September 20, 1905
 Vukovich, Ilia L.
 Boka Kotorska July 20, 1904
 Vukovich, Ilia P.
 Boka Kotorska July 20, 1904
 Vukovich, Jakov G.
 Pastrovichi, Boka Kotorska August 4, 1909

Vukovich, Jefto	Nevesinje, Hercegovina	August 17, 1932
Vukovich, John A.	Brunett, Washington	April 3, 1940
Vukovich, Jovan	Dubrovnik, Dalmatia	December 18, 1889
Vukovich, Kosta	Bijela, Boka Kotorska	March 16, 1904
Vukovich, Krsto	Kameno, Boka Kotorska	April 5, 1911
Vukovich, Milan	Muo, Boka Kotorska	December 4, 1912
Vukovich, Mirko	Kameno, Boka Kotorska	December 5, 1923
Vukovich, Mitar	Dubrovnik	December 19, 1888
Vukovich, Mitar	Bijela, Boka Kotorska	March 6, 1889
Vukovich, Nick	Dubrovnik, Dalmatia	February 17, 1892
Vukovich, Nikola	Bijela, Boka Kotorska	August 20, 1902
Vukovich, Nikola G.	Dubrovnik	December 15, 1909
Vukovich, Petar	Boka Kotorska	October 20, 1909
Vukovich, Petar G.	Kameno, Boka Kotorska	December 15, 1920
Vukovich, Rade B.	Bijela, Boka Kotorska	March 16, 1904
Vukovich, Radivoje V.	Martinici, Montenegro	September 17, 1924
Vukovich, Sam	Nevesinje, Hercegovina	June 4, 1930

Vukovich, Savo
 Nevesinje, Hercegovina June 4, 1930
 Vukovich, Simo J.
 Ubli, Boka Kotorska
 Vukovich, Spiro
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska January 17, 1900
 Vukovich, Spiro
 Kameno, Boka Kotorska March 6, 1918
 Vukovich, Uros S.
 Mostar, Hercegovina January 5, 1916
 Vuskan, John
 Kuti, Boka Kotorska February 1, 1922
 Vuksanovich, Vaso
 Kuti, Boka Kotorska December 15, 1909
 Vuletich, Bozo J.
 Trebinje, Hercegovina December 17, 1913
 Vuletich, Damo J.
 Dubrovnik December 5, 1923
 Vuletich, Petar M.
 Cuce, Montenegro August 1, 1917
 Vuletich, Risto
 Hercegovina July 6, 1904
 Vuetich, Simo J.
 Hercegovina March 16, 1910
 Vuschovich, John
 Perast, Boka Kotorska June 1, 1892
 Vuscovich, Spiro
 Budva, Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885
 Vuscovich, Vincent
 Brac, Dalamatia January 2, 1884
 Zambelich, Luka
 Boka Kotorska July 1, 1903
 Zambelich, Marko
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska October 7, 1903

Zambelich, Rade
 Lustica, Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885

Zarra, George
 Ovalina, Hercegovina February 4, 1885

Zdrale, Gojko
 Bileca, Hercegovina April 6, 1910

Zec, Joko
 Pobori, Boka Kotorska May 15, 1918

Zekvich, Philip
 Kotor, Boka Kotorska April 16, 1930

Zenovich, Andrija
 Pashtrovich, Boka Kotorska June 15, 1904

Zenovich, George
 Boka Kotorska February 4, 1885

Zenovich, John G.
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska December 5, 1923

Zenovich, Marko
 Pastrovici, Boka Kotorska September, 5, 1894

Zenovich, Petar
 Boka Kotorska May 3, 1886

Zenovich, Savo
 Boka Kotorska June 2, 1886

Zerdo, Dan
 Jackson, California March 4, 1936

Zerdo, Vaso
 Police, Hercegovina April 7, 1920

Ziffel, Joseph
 Dubrovnik, Dalmatia December 7, 1892

Zivanich, Lazar
 Hercegovina September 7, 1904

Zivanovich, Djuro
 Hercegnovi, Montenegro June 9, 1888

Zivkovich, Nikola
 Krusevice, Hercegovina June 16, 1915

Zlokovich, Dan Roy
San Francisco, California June 20, 1945
Zlokovich, George C.
Boka Kotorska October 7, 1903
Zlokovich, Louis
San Francisco, California April 20, 1947
Zlokovich, Radoslav L.
Bijela, Boka Kotorska July 6, 1904
Zorich, Janko
Mojdez, Boka Kotorska January 3, 1900
Zubac, Dushan
Nevesinje, Hercegovina September 7, 1932
Zubac, Todor A.
Mostar, Hercegovina December 17, 1902